

MHI

SERVICE MANUAL

VRF INVERTER MULTI-SYSTEM AIR-CONDITIONERS

(OUTDOOR UNIT)

KXZ series (Heat pump type)

Standard series

- Single use (Used also for combination)

FDC280KXZE1, 335KXZE1, 400KXZE1, 450KXZE1, 475KXZE1, 500KXZE1, 560KXZE1

- Combination use

FDC615KXZE1, 670KXZE1, 735KXZE1, 800KXZE1, 850KXZE1, 900KXZE1, 950KXZE1, 1000KXZE1,
1060KXZE1, 1120KXZE1, 1200KXZE1, 1250KXZE1, 1300KXZE1, 1350KXZE1, 1425KXZE1,
1450KXZE1, 1500KXZE1, 1560KXZE1, 1620KXZE1, 1680KXZE1

Corrosion protection treatment series (Non-CE Marking models)

- Single use (Used also for combination)

FDCS280KXZE1, 335KXZE1, 400KXZE1, 450KXZE1, 475KXZE1, 500KXZE1, 560KXZE1

- Combination use

FDCS615KXZE1, 670KXZE1, 735KXZE1, 800KXZE1, 850KXZE1, 900KXZE1, 950KXZE1, 1000KXZE1,
1060KXZE1, 1120KXZE1, 1200KXZE1, 1250KXZE1, 1300KXZE1, 1350KXZE1, 1425KXZE1,
1450KXZE1, 1500KXZE1, 1560KXZE1, 1620KXZE1, 1680KXZE1

• Note:

(1) Regarding the Indoor unit series, refer to the No.'14 • KX-DB-206

(2) Regarding the Duct Connected-High static Pressure-type Outdoor Air Processing Unit Series
(FDU500~1800FKXE6), refer to the DATA BOOK No.'08 • KX-DB-122

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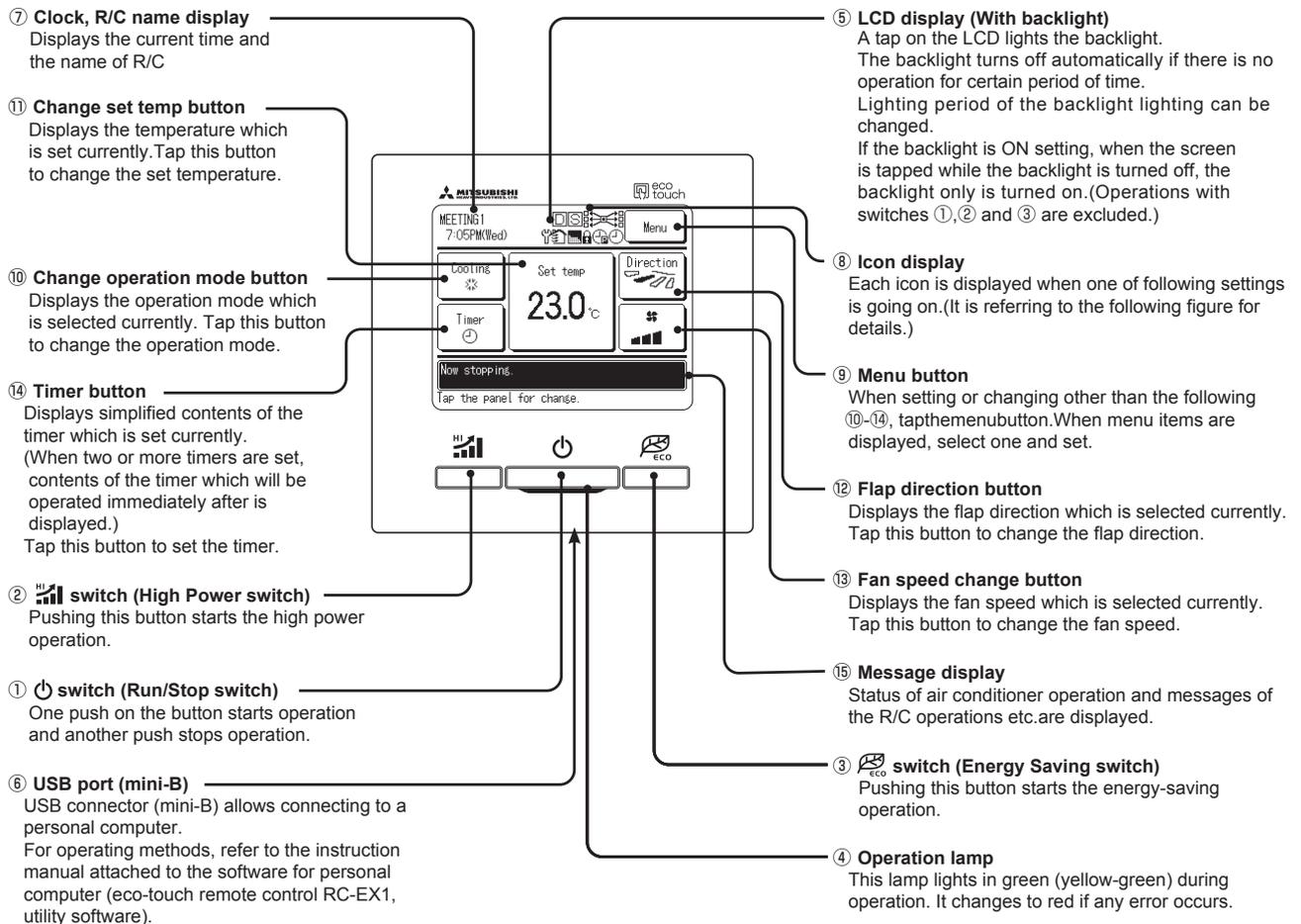
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1. OUTLINE OF OPERATION CONTROL BY MICROCOMPUTER

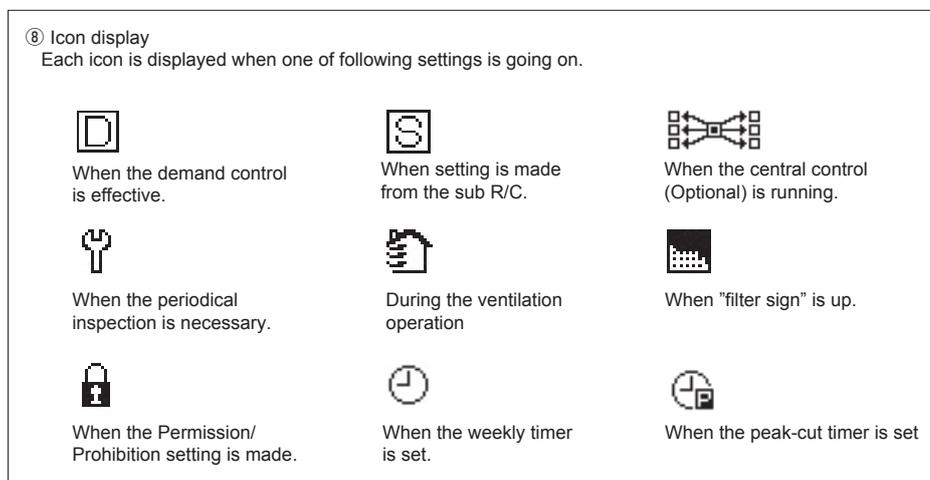
1.1 Remote control (option parts)

(1) Wired remote control Model RC-EX1A

All icons are shown for the sake of explanation.



Touch panel system, which is operated by tapping the LCD screen with a finger, is employed for any operations other than the ① Run/Stop, ② High power and ③ Energy-saving switches.

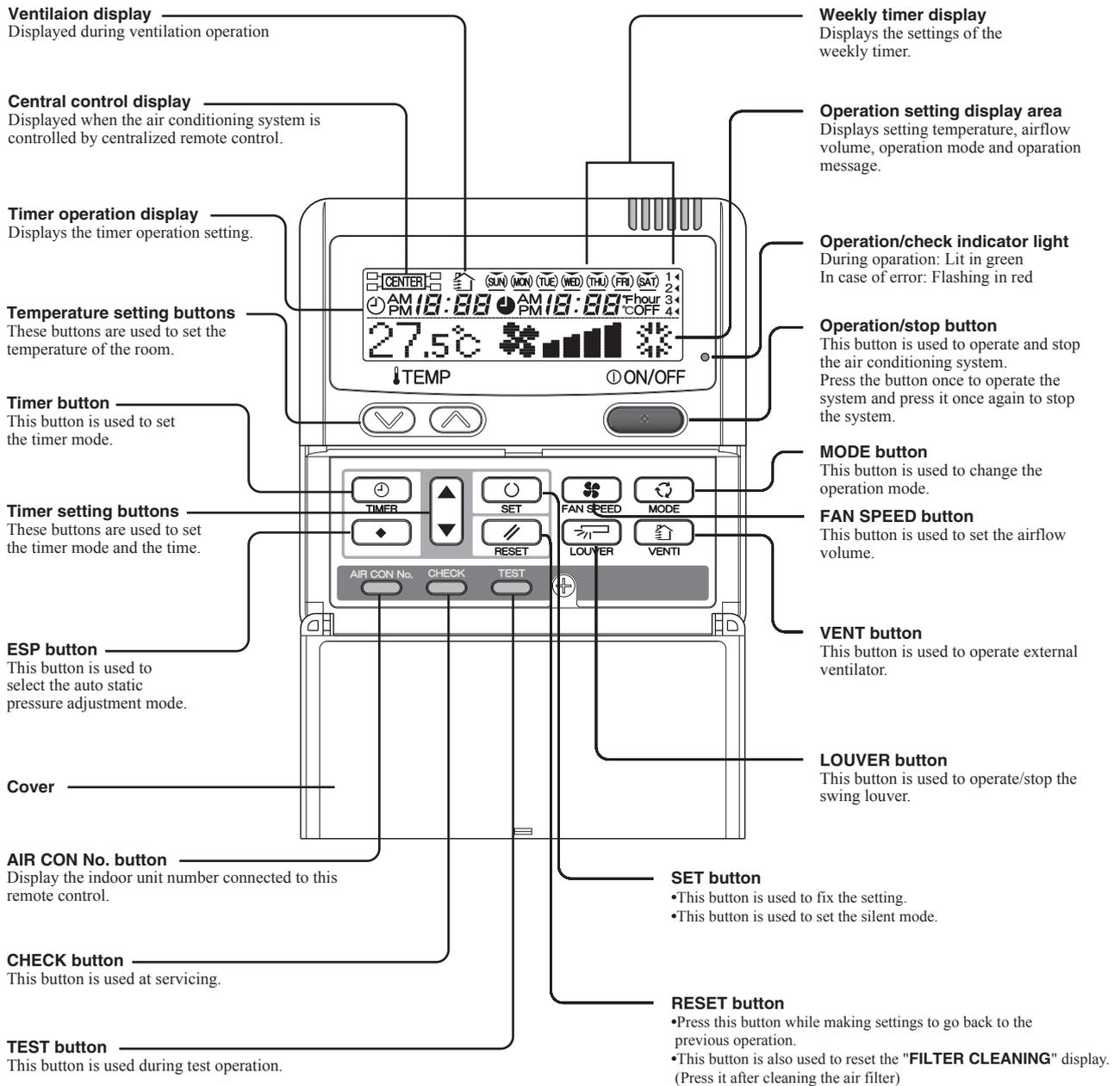


Model RC-E5

The figure below shows the remote control with the cover opened. Note that all the items that may be displayed in the liquid crystal display area are shown in the figure for the sake of explanation.

Characters displayed with dots in the liquid crystal display area are abbreviated.

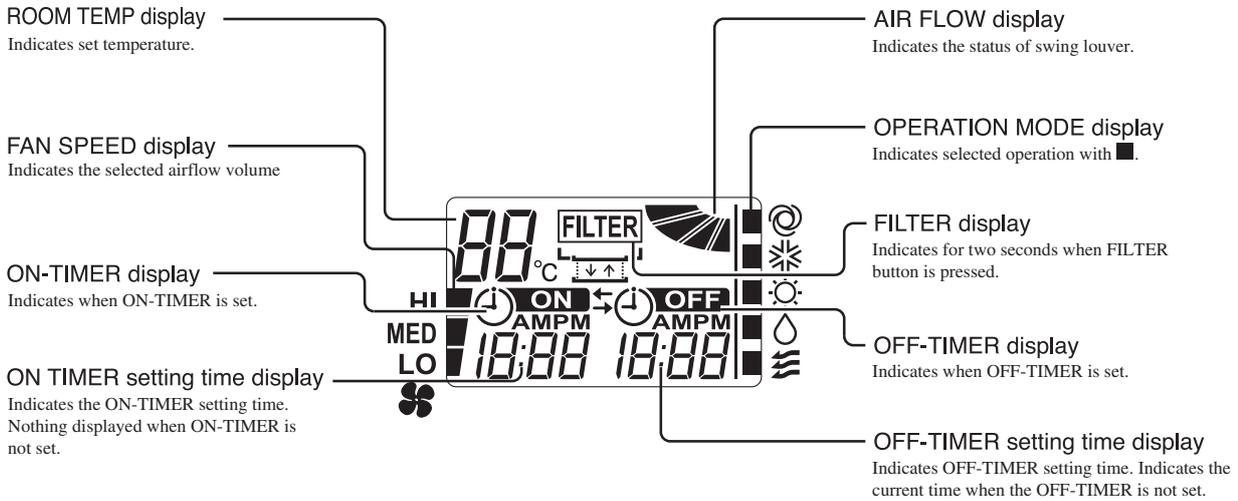
The figure below shows the remote control with the cover opened.



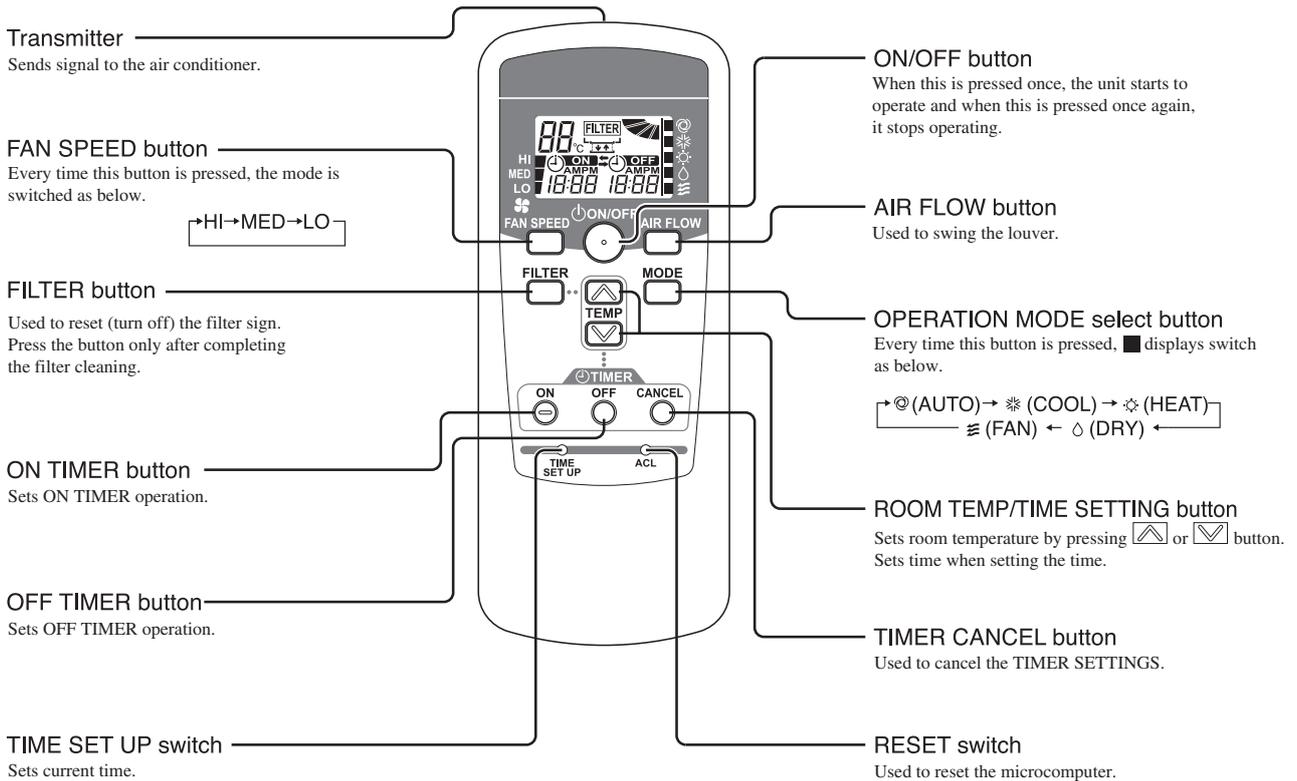
* All displays are described in the liquid crystal display for explanation.

(2) Wireless remote control

Indication section



Operation section



* All displays are described in the liquid crystal display for explanation

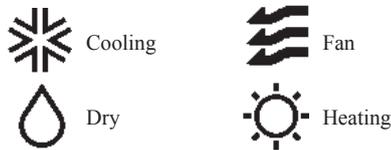
1.2 Operation control function by the wired remote control

Model RC-EX1A

(1) Switching sequence of the operation mode switches of remote control

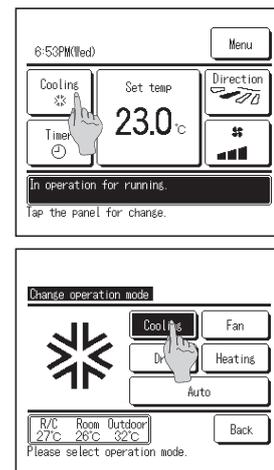
- Tap the change operation mode button on the TOP screen.
- When the change operation mode screen is displayed, tap the button of desired mode.
- When the operation mode is selected, the display returns to the TOP screen.

Icons displayed have the following meanings.



Notes(1) Operation modes which cannot be selected depending on combinations of IU and OU are not displayed.

(2) When the Auto is selected, the cooling and heating switching operation is performed automatically according to indoor and outdoor temperatures.



(2) CPU reset

Reset CPU from the remote control as follows.

- Tap the **Menu** button on the TOP screen.
- 3 Tap the "Service & Maintenance" on the menu screen.
- 4 Display the service password input screen. Enter the service password (4-digit number).
- 5,6 Service & maintenance menus are displayed.
- 7 Special settings
CPU reset : Microcomputers of IU and OU connected are reset (State of restoration after power failure).
- 8 CPU reset
All microcomputers on the R/C operated, other R/Cs, IUs and OUs are reset (State of restoration after power failure). Tap [Yes] to reset CPU

(3) Power failure compensation function (Electric power supply failure)

Enable the Auto-restart function from the remote control as follows.

- Tap the **Menu** button on the TOP screen.
- 3 Tap the "Service & Maintenance" on the menu screen.
- 4 Display the service password input screen. Enter the service password (4-digit number).
- 5,6,7 Display the R/C setting menu screens.
- 8 Auto-restart
Enable : It returns to the state before the power power failure as soon as the power is restored (After the end of the primary control at the power on).
Disable : It stops after the restoration of power supply, regardless the state of operation before the power failure.

- Since it memorizes always the condition of remote control, it starts operation according to the contents of memory no sooner than normal state is recovered after the power failure. Although the auto swing stop position and the timer mode are cancelled, the weekly timer setting is restored with the holiday setting for all weekdays. After recovering from the power failure, it readjusts the clock and resets the holiday setting for each weekday so that the setting of weekly timer becomes effective.

- Content memorized with the power failure compensation are as follows.

Note (1) Items (f), (g) and (h) are memorized regardless whether the power failure compensation is effective or not while the setting of silent mode is cancelled regardless whether the power failure compensation is effective or not.

- (a) At power failure – Operating/stopped

If it had been operating under the off timer mode, sleep timer mode, the state of stop is memorized. (Although the timer mode is cancelled at the recovery from power failure, the setting of weekly timer is changed to the holiday setting for all weekdays.)

- (b) Operation mode
- (c) Airflow volume mode
- (d) Room temperature setting
- (e) Louver auto swing/stop

However, the stop position (4-position) is cancelled so that it returns to Position (1).

- (f) “Remote control function items” which have been set with the remote control function setting (“Indoor function items” are saved in the memory of indoor unit.)
- (g) Upper limit value and lower limit value which have been set with the temperature setting control
- (h) Sleep timer and weekly timer settings (Other timer settings are not memorized.)

(4) Operation and setting from remote control

- A: Refer to the instruction manual for RC-EX series.
 B: Refer to the installation manual for RC-EX series.
 C: Loading a utility software via Internet
 ○: Nearly same function setting and operations are possible.
 △: Similar function setting and operations are possible.

| Setting & display item | Description | RC-EX series | RC-E4 RC-E5 |
|---|--|--|------------------|
| 1. Remote Control network | | | |
| 1 | Control plural indoor units by a single remote control | A remote controller can control plural indoor units up to 16 (in one group of remote control network). An address is set to each indoor unit. | ○ ○ |
| 2 | Master/slave setting of remote controllers | A maximum of two remote controllers (include option wireless) can be connected to one indoor unit. Set one to "Master" and the other to "Slave". | B ○ |
| 2. TOP screen, Switch manipulation | | | |
| 1 | Menu | "Control", "Settings", or "Details" can be selected. (3.-19.) | A |
| 2 | Operation mode | "Cooling", "Heating", "Fan" or "Dry" can be set. | A ○ |
| 3 | Set temp. | "Set temperature" can be set by 0.5°C interval. | A ○ |
| 4 | Air flow direction | "Air flow direction", [Individual flap control setting] can be set. | A ○ |
| 5 | Fan speed | "Fan speed" can be set. | A ○ |
| 6 | Timer setting | "Timer operation" can be set. | A ○ |
| 7 | ON/OFF | "On/Off operation of the system" can be done. | A ○ |
| 8 | High power SW | "High power operation" or "Normal operation" can be selected. | A |
| 9 | Energy-saving SW | "Energy-saving operation" or "Normal operation" can be selected. | A |
| 3. Energy-saving setting | | | |
| 1 | Auto OFF timer [Administrator password] | For preventing the timer from keeping ON, set hours to stop operation automatically with this timer. •The selectable range of setting time is from 30 to 240 minutes (10minutes interval) •When setting is "Valid", this timer will activate whenever the ON timer is set. | A △ |
| 2 | Peak-cut timer [Administrator password] | Power consumption can be reduced by restricting the maximum capacity. Set the [Start time], the [End time] and the capacity limit % (Peak-cut %). •4-operation patterns per day can be set at maximum. •The setting time can be changed by 5-minutes interval. •The selectable range of capacity limit % (Peak-cut %) is from 0% to 40-80% (20% interval). •Holiday setting is available. | A |
| 3 | Automatic temp. set back [Administrator password] | After the elapse of the set time period, the current set temp. will be set back to the [Set back temp.] •The setting can be done in cooling and heating mode respectively. •The selectable range of the set time is from 20 min. to 120 min. (10 min. interval). •Set the [Set back temp.] by 1°C interval. | A △ |
| 4. Individual flap control setting | | | |
| | Individual flap control setting | The moving range (the positions of upper limit and lower limit) of the flap for individual air outlet port can be set. | A ○ |
| 5. Ventilation | | | |
| 1 | External ventilation (In combination with ventilator) | On/Off operation of the external ventilator can be done. •The settings of [Interlock] with AC (air-conditioner), [Single operation] of ventilator or operation [invalid] of ventilation can be done through [Ventilation settings] in the [Remote controller] menu. | A ○ |
| 6. Filter sign reset | | | |
| 1 | Filter sign reset | The filter sign can be reset. | B |
| 2 | Setting next cleaning date | The next cleaning date can be set. | A |
| 7. Initial settings | | | |
| 1 | Clock setting | The current date and time can be set or revised. | A △ |
| 2 | Date and time display | [Display] or [Hide] the date and/or time can be set, and the [12H] or [24H] display can be set. | A |
| 3 | Summer time | When select [Valid], the +1hour adjustment of current time can be set. When select [Invalid], the [Summer time] adjustment can be reset. | A |
| 4 | Contrast | The contrast of LCD can be adjusted higher or lower. | A |
| 5 | Backlight | Switching on/off a light can be set and the period of the lighting time can be set within the range of 5sec-90sec (5sec interval). | A |
| 6 | Controller sound | It can set with or without [Controller sound (beep sound)] at touching panel. | A |
| 8. Timer settings | | | |
| 1 | Set On timer by hour | The period of time to start operation after stopping can be set. •The period of set time can be set within the range of 1hour-12hours (1hr interval). •The operation mode, set temp and fan speed at starting operation can be set. | A △ |
| 2 | Set Off timer by hour | The period of time to stop operation after starting can be set. •The period of set time can be set within the range of 1hour-12hours (1hr interval). | A △ |
| 3 | Set On timer by clock | The clock time to start operation can be set. •The set clock time can be set by 5 minutes interval. •[Once (one time only)] or [Everyday] operation can be switched. •The operation mode, set temp and fan speed at starting operation can be set. | A △ |
| 4 | Set Off timer by clock | The clock time to stop operation can be set. •The set clock time can be set by 5 minutes interval. •[Once (one time only)] or [Everyday] operation can be switched. | A △ |
| 5 | Confirmation of timer settings | Status of timer settings can be seen. | A |
| 9. Weekly timer | | | |
| 1 | Weekly timer [Administrator password] | On timer and Off timer on weekly basis can be set. •8-operation patterns per day can be set at a maximum. •The setting clock time can be set by 5 minutes interval. •Holiday setting is available. •The operation mode, set temp and fan speed at starting operation can be set. | A △ △ △ |
| 10. Home leave mode | | | |
| 1 | Home leave mode [Administrator password] | When leaving home for a long period like a vacation leave, the unit can be operated to maintain the room temperature not to be hotter in summer or not to be colder in winter. •The judgment to switch the operation mode (Cooling⇔Heating) is done by the both factors of the set temp. and outdoor air temp. •The set temp. and fan speed can be set. | A |

| Setting & display item | Description | RC-EX series | RC-E4 RC-E5 |
|---|--|--------------|-------------|
| 11. Administrator settings | [Administrator password] | A | |
| 1 Enable/Disable setting | •Enable/Disable setting of operation can be set. [On/Off] [Change set temp.] [Change operation mode] [Change air flow direction] [Individual flap control setting][Fan speed] [High power operation] [Energy-saving operation] [Timer settings] [Weekly timer setting] •Request for administrator password can be set. [Individual flap control setting][Energy-saving setting][Home leave mode][Administrator settings] | A | △ |
| 2 Silent mode timer | The period of time to operate the outdoor unit by prioritizing the quietness can be set. •The [Start time] and the [End time] for operating outdoor unit in silent mode can be set. •The period of the operation time can be set once a day by 5 minutes interval. | A | △ |
| 3 Setting temp. range | The upper/lower limit of indoor temp. setting range can be set. •The limitation of indoor temp. setting range can be set for each operation mode in cooling and heating. | A | △ |
| 4 Temp. increment setting | The temp increment setting can be changed by 0.5°C or 1.0°C. | A | |
| 5 RC display setting | Register [Room name] [Name of I/U] Display [indoor temp.] or not. Display [inspection code] or not. Display [Heating stand-by] [Defrost operation] [Auto cooling/heating] or not | A | ○ △ ○ |
| 6 Change administrator password | The administrator password can be changed. (Default setting is "0000") The administrator password can be reset. | A B | |
| 12. Installer settings | [Service password] | B | |
| 1 Installation date | The [Installation date] can be registered. •When registering the [Installation date], the [Next service date] is displayed automatically. (For changing the [Next service date], please refer the item of [Service & Maintenance].) | B | |
| 2 Service contact | The [Service contact] can be registered and can be displayed on the RC. •The [Contact company] can be registered within 10 characters. •The [Contact phone] can be registered within 13 digits. | B | |
| 3 Test run | On/Off operation of the test run can be done. | | |
| Cooling test run | The [Cooling test run] can be done at 5°C of set temp. for 30 minutes. | B | ○ |
| Drain pump test run | Only the drain pump can be operated. | | ○ |
| Compressor Hz fixed operation | The [Test run] operation can be done with fixed compressor Hz set by installer. | | ○ |
| 4 Static pressure adjustment | In case of combination with only the ducted indoor unit which has a function of static pressure adjustment, the static pressure is adjustable. | B | |
| 5 Change auto-address | The set address of each indoor unit decided by auto-address setting method can be changed to any other address. (For multiple KX units only) | B | △ |
| 6 Address setting of Main IU | Main indoor unit address can be set. •Only the Main indoor unit can change operation mode and the Sub indoor units dominated by the Main indoor unit shall follow. •The Main indoor unit can domain 10 indoor units at a maximum. | B | △ |
| 13. RC function settings | [Service password] | B | |
| 1 [Main/Sub RC setting | The setting of [Main/Sub RC] can be changed. | B | ○ |
| 2 RC sensor | The [Valid/Invalid] setting of [RC sensor] can be done. Respective setting in cooling and heating is available. | B | ○ |
| 3 RC sensor adjustment | The offset value of [RC sensor] sensing temp. can be set respectively in heating and cooling. •The setting range of offset value is ±3°C both in cooling and heating. | B | △ |
| 4 Operation mode | The [Valid/Invalid] setting of [Auto][Cooling][Heating] and [Dry] can be done respectively. | B | ○ |
| 5 Fan speed | The setting of [Fan speed] can be done from following patterns. •1-speed, 2-speeds (Hi-Me), 2-speeds (Hi-Lo), 3-speeds, 4-speeds. | B | ○ |
| 6 External input | The applicable range ([Individual] or [All units]) of CnT input to the multiple indoor units connected in one control system. •[Individual] : Only the unit received CnT input signal. •[All units] : All the units connected to one control system received CnT input signal. | B | ○ |
| 7 Ventilation setting | The setting of [Invalid] operation of ventilator, [Interlock] with AC or [Independent] of ventilator can be selected. •When setting [Interlock], the operation of external ventilator is interlocked with the operation of AC •When setting [Independent], only the operation of external ventilator is available. | B | ○ |
| 8 Flap control | The [Flap control] method can be switched to [Stop at fixed position] or [Stop at any position] •[Stop at fixed position] : Stop the flap at a certain position among the designated 4 positions. •[Stop at any position] : Stop the flap at any arbitrary position just after the stopping command from RC was sent. | B | ○ |
| 9 Auto-restart | The operation control method after recovery of power blackout happened during operation can be set. | B | ○ |
| 10 Auto temp. setting | [Valid] or [Invalid] of [Auto temp. setting] can be selected. | B | |
| 11 Auto fan speed setting | [Valid] or [Invalid] of [Auto fan speed setting] can be selected. | B | |
| 14. I/U settings | [Service password] | B | |
| 1 High ceiling | The fan tap of indoor fan can be changed. •[Standard] [High ceiling 1] [High ceiling 2] can be selected. | B | ○ |
| 2 Filter sign | The setting of filter sign display timer can be done from following patterns. | B | ○ |
| 3 External input 1 | The content of control by external input can be changed. •The selectable contents of control are [On/Off] [Permission/Prohibition] [Cooling/heating] [Emergency stop] | B | ○ |
| 4 External input 1 signal | The type of external input signal ((Level input)/[Pulse input]) can be changed. | B | ○ |
| 5 External input 2 | •The selectable contents of control are [On/Off] [Permission/Prohibition] [Cooling/heating] [Emergency stop] | B | |
| 6 External input 2 signal | The type of external input signal ((Level input)/[Pulse input]) can be changed. | B | |
| 7 Heating thermo-off temp. adjust. | The judgment temp. of heating thermo-off can be adjusted within the range from 0 to +3°C (1°C interval) | B | △ |
| 8 Return air sensor adjust. | The sensing temp. of return air temp. sensor built in the indoor unit can be adjusted within the range of ±2°C. | B | △ |
| 9 Fan control in heating thermo OFF | The fan control method at heating thermo-off can be changed. •The selectable fan control methods are [Low] [Set fan speed] [Intermittent] [Stop]. | B | ○ |
| 10 Anti-frost temp. | The judgment temp. of anti-frost control for the indoor unit in cooling can be changed to [Temp. High] or [Temp. Low]. | B | ○ |
| 11 Anti-frost control | When the anti-frost control of indoor unit in cooling is activated, the fan speed can be changed. | B | ○ |
| 12 Drain pump operation | In any operation mode in addition to cooling and dry mode, the setting of drain pump operation can be done. | B | ○ |
| 13 Residual fan operation in cooling | The time period of residual fan operation after stopping in cooling mode can be set. | B | ○ |
| 14 Residual fan operation in heating | The time period of residual fan operation after stopping or thermo-off in heating mode can be set. | B | ○ |
| 15 Intermittent fan operation in heating | The fan operation rule following the residual fan operation after stopping or thermo-off in heating mode can be set. | B | ○ |
| 16 Fan circulator operation | In case that the fan is operated as the circulator, the fan control rule can be set. | B | |
| 17 Control pressure adjust. (For OA processing unit only) | When only the OA processing units are operated, control pressure value can be changed. | B | ○ |
| 18 Auto operation mode | The [Auto rule selection] for switching the operation mode automatically can be selected from 3 patterns. | B | |
| 19 Thermo. rule setting | When selecting [Outdoor air temp. control], the judgment temp can be offset by outdoor temp.. | B | |
| 20 Auto fan speed control | Under the [Auto fan speed control] mode, the switching range of fan speed can be selected from following 2 patterns [Auto 1] [Auto 2]. •[Auto 1] : Hi ⇄ Me ⇄ Lo •[Auto 2] : P-hi ⇄ Hi ⇄ Me ⇄ Lo | B | |
| 15. Service & Maintenance | [Service password] | B | |
| 1 I/U address No. | Max. 16 indoor units can be connected to one remote control, and all address No. of the connected indoor units can be displayed. •The indoor unit conforming to the address No. can be identified by selecting the address No. and tapping [Check] to operate the indoor fan. | B | ○ |
| 2 Next service date | The [Next service date] can be registered. •The [Next service date] and [Service contact] is displayed on the [Periodical check] message screen. | AB | |
| 3 Operation data | Total 39 items of [Operation data] for indoor unit and outdoor unit can be displayed. | B | ○ |
| 4 Error history | [Date and time of error occurred] [I/U address] [Error code] for Max. 16 latest cases of error history can be displayed. | B | △ |
| Display anomaly data | The operation data just before the latest error stop can be displayed. | B | |
| Reset periodical check | The timer for the periodical check can be reset. | B | ○ |
| 5 Saving I/U settings | The I/U settings memorized in the indoor PCB connected to the remote control can be saved in the memory of the remote control. | B | |
| 6 Special settings | [Erase I/U address] [CPU reset] [Initializing] [Touch panel calibration] | B | △ |
| 16. Inspection | | A | △ |
| Confirmation of Inspection | The address No, of anomalous indoor/outdoor unit and error code are displayed. | | |
| 17. PC connection | | C | |
| USB connection | Weekly timer setting and etc., can be set from PC. | | |

Model RC-E5

(1) Switching sequence of the operation mode switches of remote control



(2) CPU reset

This functions when “CHECK” and “ESP” buttons on the remote control are pressed simultaneously. Operation is same as that of the power supply reset.

(3) Power failure compensation function (Electric power supply failure)

- This becomes effective if “Power failure compensation effective” is selected with the setting of remote control function.
- Since it memorizes always the condition of remote control, it starts operation according to the contents of memory no sooner than normal state is recovered after the power failure. Although the auto swing stop position and the timer mode are cancelled, the weekly timer setting is restored with the holiday setting for all weekdays.

After recovering from the power failure, it readjusts the clock and resets the holiday setting for each weekday so that the setting of weekly timer becomes effective.

- Content memorized with the power failure compensation are as follows.

Note (1) Items (f), (g) and (h) are memorized regardless whether the power failure compensation is effective or not while the setting of silent mode is cancelled regardless whether the power failure compensation is effective or not.

- (a) At power failure – Operating/stopped

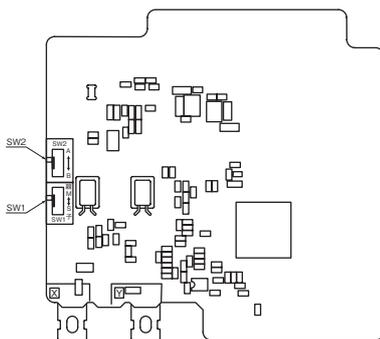
If it had been operating under the off timer mode, sleep timer mode, the state of stop is memorized. (Although the timer mode is cancelled at the recovery from power failure, the setting of weekly timer is changed to the holiday setting for all weekdays.)

- (b) Operation mode
- (c) Airflow volume mode
- (d) Room temperature setting
- (e) Louver auto swing/stop

However, the stop position (4-position) is cancelled so that it returns to Position (1).

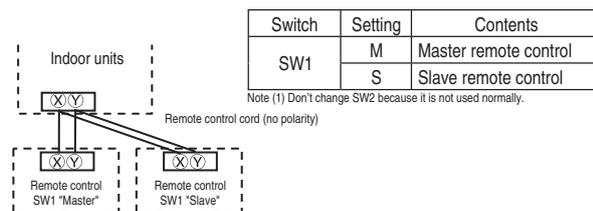
- (f) “Remote control function items” which have been set with the remote control function setting (“Indoor function items” are saved in the memory of indoor unit.)
- (g) Upper limit value and lower limit value which have been set with the temperature setting control.
- (h) Sleep timer and weekly timer settings (Other timer settings are not memorized.)

[Parts layout on remote control PCB]



Master/ slave setting when more than one remote controls are used

A maximum of two remote controls can be connected to one indoor unit (or one group of indoor units.)



Caution

When using multiple remote controls, the following displays or settings cannot be done with the slave remote control. It is available only with the master remote control.

- ① Louver position setting (set upper or lower limit of swinging range)
- ② Setting indoor unit functions
- ③ Setting temperature range
- ④ Operation data display
- ⑤ Error data display
- ⑥ Silent mode setting
- ⑦ Test operation of drain pump
- ⑧ Remote control sensor setting

1.3 Operation control function by the indoor control

(1) Operations of functional items during cooling/heating

| Operation Functional item | Cooling | | Fan | Heating | | | Dehumidifying |
|------------------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|
| | Thermostat ON | Thermostat OFF | | Thermostat ON | Thermostat OFF | Hot start (Defrost) | |
| Compressor | ○ | × | × | ○ | × | ○ | ○/× |
| 4-way valve | × | × | × | ○ | ○ | ○(×) | × |
| Outdoor unit fan | ○ | × | × | ○ | × | ○(×) | ○/× |
| Indoor unit fan | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○/× | ○/× | ○/× | ○/× |
| Drain pump ⁽³⁾ | ○ | × ⁽²⁾ | × ⁽²⁾ | ○/× ⁽²⁾ | | | Thermostat ON: ○ Thermostat OFF: × ⁽²⁾ |

Note (1) ○: Operation ×: Stop ○/×: Turned ON/OFF by the control other than the room temperature control.

(2) ON during the drain motor delay control.

(3) Drain pump ON setting may be selected with the indoor unit function setting of the wired remote control.

(2) Dehumidifying operation

Return air temperature thermistor [ThI-A (by the remote control when the remote control thermistor is enabled)] controls the indoor temperature environment simultaneously.

- (a) Operation is started in the cooling mode. When the difference between the return air temperature and the setting temperature is 2°C or less, the indoor unit fan tap is brought down by one tap. That tap is retained for 3 minutes after changing the indoor unit fan tap.
- (b) If the return air temperature exceeds the setting temperature by 3°C during dehumidifying operation, the indoor unit fan tap is raised. That tap is retained for 3 minutes after changing the indoor unit fan tap.
- (c) If the thermostat OFF is established during the above control, the indoor unit fan tap at the thermostat ON is retained so far as the thermostat is turned OFF.

(3) Timer operation

(a) RC-EX1A

(i) Sleep timer

Set the time from the start to stop of operation. The time can be selected in the range from 30 to 240 minutes (in the unit of 10-minute).

Note (1) Enable the "Sleep timer" setting from the remote control. If the setting is enabled, the timer operates at every time.

(ii) Set OFF timer by hour

Set the time to stop the unit after operation, in the range from 1 to 12 hours (in the unit of hour).

(iii) Set ON timer by hour

Set the time to start the unit after the stop of operation, in the range from 1 to 12 hours (in the unit of hour). It is allowed also to set simultaneously the indoor temperature, operation mode, air flow rate and warm-up enabled/disabled.

(iv) Set ON timer by clock

Set the time to start operation. The time can be set in the unit of 5-minute. This setting can be activated only once or at every time. It is allowed also to set simultaneously the indoor temperature, operation mode, air flow rate and warm-up enabled/disabled.

Note (1) It is necessary to set the clock to use this timer.

(v) Set OFF timer by clock

Set the time to stop operation. The time can be set in the unit of 5-minute. This setting can be activated only once or at every time.

Note (1) It is necessary to set the clock to use this timer.

(vi) Weekly timer

Set the ON or OFF timer for a week. Up to 8 patterns can be set for a day. The day-off setting is provided for holidays and non-business days.

Note (1) It is necessary to set the clock to use the weekly timer.

(vii) **Combination of patterns which can be set for the timer operations**

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| | Sleep time | Set OFF timer by hour | Set ON timer by hour | Set OFF timer by clock | Set ON timer by clock | Weekly timer |
| Sleep time | | × | × | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| Set OFF timer by hour | × | | × | × | × | × |
| Set ON timer by hour | × | × | | × | × | × |
| Set OFF timer by clock | ○ | × | × | | ○ | × |
| Set ON timer by clock | ○ | × | × | ○ | | × |
| Weekly timer | ○ | × | × | × | × | |

Note (1) ○: Allowed ×: Not

(b) **RC-E5**

(i) Sleep timer

Set the duration of time from the present to the time to turn off the air-conditioner.

It can be selected from 10 steps in the range from “OFF 1 hour later” to “OFF 10 hours later”. After the sleep timer setting, the remaining time is displayed with progress of time in the unit of hour.

(ii) OFF timer

Time to turn OFF the air-conditioner can be set in the unit of 10 minutes.

(iii) ON timer

Time to turn ON the air-conditioner can be set. Indoor temperature can be set simultaneously.

(iv) Weekly timer

Timer operation (ON timer, OFF timer) can be set up to 4 times a day for each weekday.

(v) Timer operations which can be set in combination

| | | | | | |
|--------------|------|-------|-----------|----------|--------------|
| Item | Item | Timer | OFF timer | ON timer | Weekly timer |
| Timer | | | × | ○ | × |
| OFF timer | × | | | ○ | × |
| ON timer | ○ | | ○ | | × |
| Weekly timer | × | × | × | × | |

Note (1) ○: Allowed ×: Not

(2) Since the ON timer, sleep timer and OFF timer are set in parallel, when the times to turn ON and OFF the airconditioner are duplicated, the setting of the OFF timer has priority.

(4) **Remote control display during the operation stop**

When the operation is stopped (the power supply is turned ON), it displays preferentially the “Room temperature”, “Center/Remote”, “Filter sign”, “Inspection” and “Timer operation”.

(5) **Hot start (Cold draft prevention at heating)**

(a) **Operating conditions**

When either one of following conditions either of (i) to (iv), the hot start control is performed.

(i) From stop to heating operation

(ii) From cooling to heating operation

(iii) From heating thermostat OFF to ON

(iv) After completing the defrost control (only on units with thermostat ON)

(b) **Contents of operation**

(i) Indoor fan motor control at hot start

1) Within 7 minutes after starting heating operation, the fan mode is determined depending on the condition of thermostat (fan control with heating thermostat OFF).

a) Thermostat OFF

i) Operates according to the fan control setting at heating thermostat OFF.

ii) Even if it changes from thermostat OFF to ON, the fan continues to operate with the fan control at thermostat OFF till the heat exchanger thermistor (ThI-R1 or R2, whichever higher) detects 35°C or higher.

iii) When the heat exchanger thermistor (ThI-R1 or R2, whichever higher) detects 35°C or higher, the fan operates with the set airflow volume.

- b) Thermostat ON
 - i) When the heat exchanger thermistor (ThI-R1 or R2, whichever higher) detects 25°C or lower, the fan is turned OFF and does not operate.
 - ii) When the heat exchanger thermistor (ThI-R1 or R2, whichever higher) detects 25°C or higher, the fan operates with the fan control at heating thermostat OFF.
 - iii) When the heat exchanger thermistor (ThI-R1 or R2, whichever higher) detects 35°C or higher, the fan operates with the set airflow volume.
- c) If the fan control at heating thermostat OFF is set at the “Set airflow volume” (from the remote control), the fan operates with the set airflow volume regardless of the thermostat ON/OFF.
- 2) Once the fan motor is changed from OFF to ON during the thermostat ON, the indoor fan motor is not turned OFF even if the heat exchanger thermistor detects lower than 25°C.

Note (1) When the defrost control signal is received, it complies with the fan control during defrosting.

- 3) Once the hot start is completed, it will not restart even if the temperature on the heat exchanger thermistor drops.
 - (ii) During the hot start, the louver is kept at the horizontal position.
 - (iii) When the fan motor is turned OFF for 7 minutes continuously after defrosting, the fan motor is turned ON regardless of the temperatures detected with the indoor heat exchanger thermistors (ThI-R1, R2).

(c) Ending condition

- (i) If one of following conditions is met during the hot start control, this control is terminated, and the fan is operated with the set airflow volume.
 - 1) Heat exchanger thermistor (ThI-R1 or R2, whichever higher) detects 35°C or higher.
 - 2) It has elapsed 7 minutes after starting the hot start control.

(6) Hot keep

Hot keep control is performed at the start of the defrost control.

(a) Control

- (i) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature (detected with ThI-R1 or R2) drops to 35°C or lower, the speed of indoor fan is changed to the lower tap at each setting.
- (ii) During the hot keep, the louver is kept at the horizontal position.

(b) Ending condition

When the indoor fan is at the lower tap at each setting, it returns to the set airflow volume as the indoor heat exchanger temperature rises to 45°C or higher.

(7) Auto swing control (FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTs, FDE only)

(a) RC-EX1A

(i) Louver control

- 1) To operate the swing louver when the air conditioner is operating, press the “Direction” button on the TOP screen of remote control. The wind direction select screen will be displayed.
- 2) To swing the louver, touch the “Auto swing” button. The louver will move up and down. To fix the swing louver at a position, touch one of [1] - [4] buttons. The swing louver will stop at the selected position.
- 3) Louver operation at the power on with a unit having the louver 4-position control function
The louver swings one time automatically (without operating the remote control) at the power on.
This allows the microcomputer recognizing and inputting the louver motor (LM) position.

(ii) Automatic louver level setting during heating

At the hot start and the heating thermostat OFF, regardless whether the auto swing switch is operated or not (auto swing or louver stop), the louver takes the level position (in order to prevent blowing of cool wind). The louver position display LCD continues to show the display which has been shown before entering this control.

(iii) Louver free stop control

If you touch the “Menu” → “Next” → “R/C settings” buttons one after another on the TOP screen of remote control, the “Flap control” screen is displayed. If the free stop is selected on this screen, the louver motor stops upon receipt of the stop signal from the remote control. If the auto swing signal is received from the remote control, the auto swing will start from the position before the stop.

(b) RC-E5

(i) Louver control

- 1) Press the “LOUVER” button to operate the swing louver when the air conditioner is operating.
“SWING 扇叶” is displayed for 3 seconds and then the swing louver moves up and down continuously.
- 2) To fix the swing louver at a position, press one time the “LOUVER” button while the swing louver is moving so that four stop positions are displayed one after another per second.
When a desired stop position is displayed, press the “LOUVER” button again. The display stops, changes to show the “STOP 1 位置” for 5 seconds and then the swing louver stops.
- 3) Louver operation at the power on with a unit having the louver 4-position control function
The louver swings one time automatically (without operating the remote control) at the power on.
This allows inputting the louver motor (LM) position, which is necessary for the microcomputer to recognize the louver position.

Note (1) If you press the “LOUVER” button, the swing motion is displayed on the louver position LCD for 10 second. The display changes to the “SWING 扇叶” display 3 seconds later.

(ii) Automatic louver level setting during heating

At the hot start with the heating thermostat OFF, regardless whether the auto swing switch is operated or not (auto swing or louver stop), the louver takes the level position (In order to prevent the cold start). The louver position display LCD continues to show the display which has been shown before entering this control.

(iii) Louver-free stop control

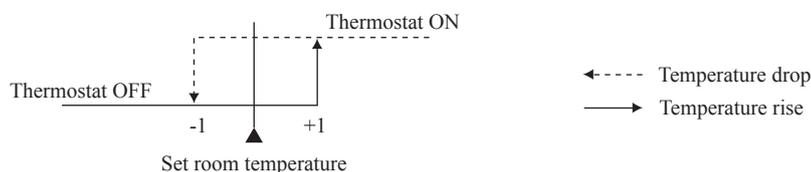
When the louver-free stop has been selected with the indoor function of wired remote control “扇叶 POSITION”, the louver motor stops when it receives the stop signal from the remote control. If the auto swing signal is received from the remote control, the auto swing will start from the position where it was before the stop.

Note (1) When the indoor function of wired remote control “扇叶 POSITION” has been switched, switch also the remote control function “扇叶 POSITION” in the same way.

(8) Thermostat operation

(a) Cooling

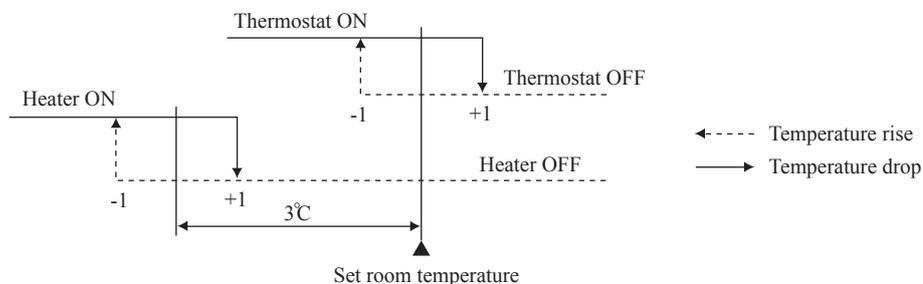
- (i) Thermostat is operated with the room temperature control.
- (ii) Thermostat is turned ON or OFF relative to the set room temperature as shown below.



- (iii) Thermostat is turned ON when the room temperature is in the range of $-1 < \text{Set temperature} < +1$ at the start of cooling operation (including from heating to cooling).

(b) Heating

- (i) Thermostat is operated with the room temperature control.
- (ii) Thermostat is turned ON or OFF relative to the set room temperature as shown below.



- (iii) Thermostat is turned ON when the room temperature is in the range of $-1 < \text{Set point} < +1$ at the start of cooling operation (including from cooling to heating).

(c) Fan control during heating thermostat OFF

- (i) Following fan controls during the heating thermostat OFF can be selected with the indoor function setting of the wired remote control.
- ① Low fan speed (Factory default), ② Set fan speed, ③ Intermittence, ④ Fan OFF
- (ii) When the “Low fan speed (Factory default)” is selected, the following taps are used for the indoor fans.
- For AC motor : Lo tap
 - For DC motor : ULo tap
- (iii) When the “Set fan speed” is selected, it is operated with the set fan speed also in the thermostat OFF condition.
- (iv) If the “Intermittence” is selected, following controls are performed:
- 1) If the thermostat is turned OFF during the heating operation, the indoor unit fan motor stops.
 - 2) Indoor fan OFF is fixed for 5 minutes. After the 5 minutes, the indoor fan is operated at Lo or ULo for 2 minutes. In the meantime the louver is controlled at level.
 - 3) After operating at Lo or ULo for 2 minutes, the indoor fan moves to the state of 1) above.
 - 4) If the thermostat is turned ON, it moves to the hot start control.
 - 5) When the heating thermostat is turned OFF, the remote control displays the temperature detected at the fan stop and revises the temperature later when the indoor fan changes from Lo or ULo to stop.
The remote control uses the operation data display function to display temperatures and updates values of temperature even when the indoor fan is turned OFF.
 - 6) When the defrosting starts while the heating thermostat is turned OFF or the thermostat is turned OFF during defrosting, the indoor fan is turned OFF. (Hot keep or hot start control takes priority.) However, the suction temperature is updated at every 7-minute.
 - 7) When the heating thermostat is turned ON or the operation is changed to another mode (including stop), this control is stopped immediately, and the operating condition is restored.
- (v) When the “Fan OFF” is selected, the fan on the indoor unit of which the thermostat has been turned OFF, is turned OFF. The same occurs also when the remote control sensor is effective.

(d) Fan control during cooling thermostat OFF

- (i) Following fan controls during the cooling thermostat OFF can be selected with the indoor function setting of the wired remote control.
- ① Low fan speed, ② Set fan speed (Factory default), ③ Intermittence, ④ Fan OFF
- (ii) When the “Low fan speed” is selected, the following taps are used for the indoor fans.
- For AC motor : Lo tap
 - For DC motor : ULo tap
- (iii) When the “Set fan speed” is selected, it is operated with the set fan speed also in the thermostat OFF condition.
- (iv) If the “Intermittence” is selected, following controls are performed:
- 1) If the thermostat is turned OFF during the cooling operation, the indoor unit fan motor stops.
 - 2) Indoor fan OFF is fixed for 5 minutes. After the 5 minutes, the indoor fan is operated at Lo or ULo for 2 minutes.
 - 3) After operating at Lo or ULo for 2 minutes, the indoor fan moves to the state of 1) above.
 - 4) If the thermostat is turned ON, the fan starts operation at set fan speed.
 - 5) When the cooling thermostat is turned OFF, the remote control displays the temperature detected at the fan stop and revises the temperature later when the indoor fan changes from Lo or ULo to stop.
By using operation data display function at wireless remote control, the temperature as displayad and the value is updated including the fan stops.
 - 6) When the cooling thermostat is turned ON or the operation is changed to another mode (including stop), this control is stopped immediately, and the operating condition is restored.
- (v) When the “Fan OFF” is selected, the fan on the indoor unit of which the thermostat has been turned OFF, is turned OFF. The same occurs also when the remote control sensor is effective.

(9) Filter sign

As the operation time (Total ON time of ON/OFF switch) accumulates to 180 hours (1), "FILTER CLEANING" is displayed on the remote control. (This is displayed when the unit is in trouble and under the centralized control, regardless of ON/OFF)

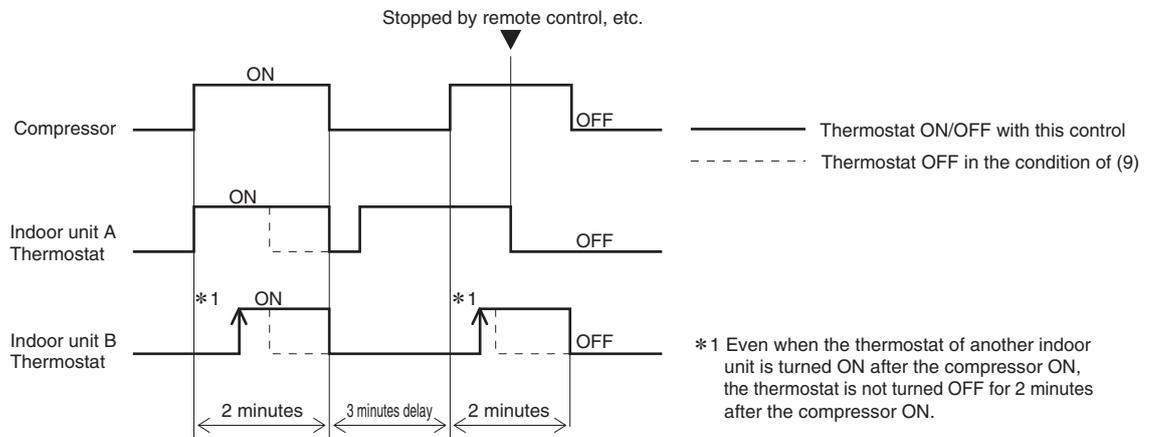
Note (1) Time setting for the filter sign can be made as shown below using the indoor function of wired remote control "FILTER SIGN SET". (It is set at TYPE 1 at the shipping from factory.)

| Filter sign setting | Function |
|---------------------|---|
| TYPE 1 | Setting time: 180 hrs (Factory default) |
| TYPE 2 | Setting time: 600 hrs |
| TYPE 3 | Setting time: 1,000 hrs |
| TYPE 4 | Setting time: 1,000 hrs (Unit stop) (2) |

(2) After the setting time has elapsed, the "FILTER CLEANING" is displayed and, after operating for 24 hours further (counted also during the stop), the unit stops.

(10) Compressor inching prevention control

(a) Once the indoor unit thermostat has been turned ON, the thermostat is not turned OFF for 2 minutes (*1) after the compressor ON even if the thermostat is turned OFF at the state of (9).



(b) When the oil return control has started while the thermostat is turned ON, the thermostat is not turned OFF even if the thermostat OFF condition is met during the oil return control.

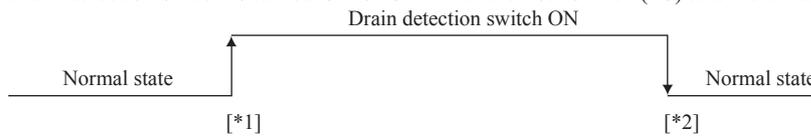
(11) Drain pump control

- (a) This control is operated when the inverter frequency is other than 0 Hz during the cooling operation and automatic cooling and dehumidifying operations.
- (b) Drain pump ON condition continues for 5 minutes even when it enters the OFF range according to (i) above after turning the drain pump ON, and then stops. The 5-minute delay continues also in the event of anomalous stop.
- (c) The drain pump is operated with the 5-minute delay operation when the compressor is changed from ON to OFF.
- (d) Even in conditions other than the above (such as heating, fan, stop, cooling thermostat OFF), the drain pump control is performed by the drain detection.
- (e) Following settings can be made using the indoor function setting of the wired remote control.
 - (i) ☼☼ [Standard (in cooling & dry)] : Drain pump is run during cooling and dry.
 - (ii) ☼☼AND☼☼ [Operate in standard & heating] : Drain pump is run during cooling, dry and heating.
 - (iii) ☼☼AND☼☼AND☼☼ [Operate in heating & fan] : Drain pump is run during cooling, dry, heating and fan.
 - (iv) ☼☼AND☼☼ [Operate in standard & fan] : Drain pump is run during cooling, dry and fan.

Note (1) Values in [] are for the RC-EX1A model.

(12) Drain motor (DM) control

(a) Drain detection switch is turned ON or OFF with the float switch (FS) and the timer.



[*1] Drain detection switch is turned “ON” when the float switch “Open” is detected for 3 seconds continuously in the drain detectable space.

[*2] Drain detection switch is turned “OFF” when the float switch “Close” is detected for 10 seconds continuously.

- (i) It detects always from 30 seconds after turning the power ON.
 - 1) There is no detection of anomalous draining for 10 seconds after turning the drain pump OFF.
 - 2) Turning the drain detection switch “ON” causes to turn ON the drain pump forcibly.
 - 3) Turning the drain detection switch “OFF” releases the forced drain pump ON condition.

(b) Indoor unit performs the control A or B depending on each operating condition.

| | Indoor unit operation mode | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|---------|-----|--------------------|---------|
| | Stop ⁽¹⁾ | Cooling | Dry | Fan ⁽²⁾ | Heating |
| Compressor ON | Control A | | | | |
| Compressor OFF | Control B | | | | |

Note (1) Including the stop from the cooling, dehumidifying, fan and heating, and the anomalous stop
 (2) Including the “Fan” operation according to the mismatch of operation modes

- (i) Control A
 - 1) If the float switch detects any anomalous draining condition, the unit stops with the anomalous stop (displays E9) and the drain pump starts. After detecting the anomalous condition, the drain motor continues to be ON.
 - 2) It keeps operating while the float switch is detecting the anomalous condition.
- (ii) Control B

If the float switch detects any anomalous drain condition, the drain motor is turned ON for 5 minutes, and at 10 seconds after the drain motor OFF it checks the float switch. If it is normal, the unit is stopped under the normal mode or, if there is any anomalous condition, E9 is displayed and the drain motor is turned ON. (The ON condition is maintained during the drain detection.)

(13) Operation check/drain pump test run operation mode

- (a) If the power is turned on by the dip switch (SW7-1) on the indoor PCB when electric power source is supplied, it enters the mode of operation check/drain pump test run. It is ineffective (prohibited) to change the switch after turning power on.
- (b) When the communication with the remote control has been established within 60 seconds after turning power on by the dip switch (SW7-1) ON, it enters the operation check mode. Unless the remote control communication is established, it enters the drain pump test run mode.

Note (1) To select the drain pump test run mode, disconnect the remote control connector (CNB) on the indoor PCB to shut down the remote control communication.

- (c) Operation check mode

There is no communication with the outdoor unit but it allows performing operation in respective modes by operating the remote control.
- (d) Drain pump test run mode

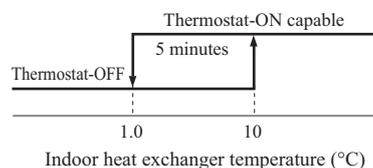
As the drain pump test run is established, the drain pump only operates and during the operation protective functions by the microcomputer of indoor unit become ineffective.

(14) Cooling, dehumidifying frost protection

To prevent frosting during cooling mode or dehumidifying mode operation, the thermostat is turned OFF if the indoor heat exchanger temperature (detected with ThI-R) drops to 1.0 °C or lower at 4 minutes after the thermostat-ON. If the indoor unit heat exchanger temperature is 1.0 °C or lower after 5 minutes, the indoor unit is controlled thermostat-OFF. If it becomes 10°C or higher, the control terminates. When the indoor heat exchanger temperature has become as show, the indoor unit send outdoor unit the “Anti-frost” signal.

- Frost prevention temperature setting can be selected with the indoor unit function setting of the wired remote control.

| Item | Symbol | A |
|-------------------------------------|--------|-----|
| Temperature - Low (Factory default) | | 1.0 |
| Temperature - High | | 2.5 |



(15) Anomalous fan motor

- (a) After starting the fan motor, if the fan motor speed is 200min⁻¹ or less is detected for 30 seconds continuously and 4 times within 60 minutes, then fan motor stops with the anomalous stop (E16).
- (b) If the fan motor fails to reach at -50(FDU: -500) min⁻¹ less than the required speed, it stops with the anomalous stop (E20).

(16) High ceiling control

When sufficient air flow rate cannot be obtained from the indoor unit which is installed at a room with high ceiling, the air flow rate can be increased by changing the fan tap. To change the fan tap, use the indoor unit function "FAN SPEED SET" on the wired remote control.

| Fan tap | | Indoor unit airflow setting | | | | Series |
|---------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------|------------------------|
| | | PHi1 - Hi - Me - Lo | Hi - Me - Lo | Hi - Lo | Hi - Me | |
| FAN SPEED SET | STANDARD | PHi1 - Hi - Me - Lo | Hi - Me - Lo | Hi - Lo | Hi - Me | Except FDT |
| | | PHi2 - Hi - Me - Lo | Hi - Me - Lo | Hi - Lo | Hi - Me | Only FDT |
| | HIGH SPEED1 | PHi1 - PHi1 - Hi - Me | PHi1 - Hi - Me | PHi1 - Me | PHi1 - Hi | Except FDT, FDTW, FDTS |
| | | PHi2 - PHi1 - Hi - Me | PHi1 - Hi - Me | PHi1 - Me | PHi1 - Hi | Only FDT, FDTW, FDTS |
| HIGH SPEED2 | PHi2 - Hi - Me - Lo | Hi - Me - Lo | Hi - Lo | Hi - M | Only FDT, FDTW, FDTS | |

Notes (1) Factory default is STANDARD.

(2) At the hot-start and heating thermostat OFF, or other, the indoor unit fan is operated at the low speed tap of each setting.

(3) This function is not able to be set with wireless remote controls or simple remote control (RCH-E3)

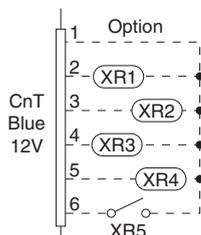
(17) Abnormal temperature thermistor (return air/indoor heat exchanger) wire/short-circuit detection

- (a) Broken wire detection
When the return air temperature thermistor detects -20°C or lower or the heat exchanger temperature thermistor detect -40°C or lower for 5 seconds continuously, the compressor stops. After a 3-minute delay, the compressor restarts but, if it is detected again within 60 minutes after the initial detection for 6 minutes continuously, stops again (the return air temperature thermistor: E7, the heat exchanger temperature thermistor: E6).
- (b) Short-circuit detection
If the heat exchanger temperature thermistor detects 70°C or higher for 5 seconds continuously at 2 minutes and 20 seconds after the compressor ON during cooling operation, the compressor stops (E6).

(18) External input/output control (CnT or CnTA)

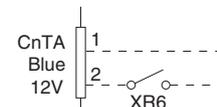
Be sure to connect the wired remote control to the indoor unit. Without wired remote control remote operation by CnT is not possible to perform.

•CnT



- ① Operation output (CnT-2: XR1)
- ② Heating output (CnT-3: XR2)
- ③ Thermostat ON output (CnT-4: XR3)
- ④ Error output (CnT-5: XR4)
- ⑤ Remote operation input (CnT-6: Volt-free contact)

•CnTA



Note (1) CnTA function can be changed by RC-EX1A.

Priority order for combinations of CnT and CnTA input.

| | | CnTA | | | | | | |
|-----|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| | | ① Operation stop level | ② Operation stop pulse | ③ Operation permission/prohibition | ④ Operation permission/prohibition pulse | ⑤ Cooling/heating selection level | ⑥ Cooling/heating selection pulse | ⑦ Emergency stop |
| CnT | ① Operation stop level | CnT ① | CnT ① | CnT ① +CnTA ② | CnT ① | CnT ① /CnTA ⑤ | CnT ① /CnTA ⑥ | CnT ① <CnTA ⑦ |
| | ② Operation stop pulse | CnT ② | CnT ② | CnT ② +CnTA ③ | CnT ② | CnT ② /CnTA ⑤ | CnT ② /CnTA ⑥ | CnT ② <CnTA ⑦ |
| | ③ Operation permission/prohibition level | CnT ③ >CnTA ① | CnT ③ >CnTA ② | CnT ③ +CnTA ③ | CnT ③ | CnT ③ /CnTA ⑤ | CnT ③ /CnTA ⑥ | CnT ③ <CnTA ⑦ |
| | ④ Operation permission/prohibition pulse | CnT ④ | CnT ④ | CnT ④ +CnTA ③* | CnT ④ | CnT ④ /CnTA ⑤ | CnT ④ /CnTA ⑥ | CnT ④ <CnTA ⑦ |
| | ⑤ Cooling/heating selection level | CnT ⑤ /CnTA ① | CnT ⑤ /CnTA ② | CnT ⑤ /CnTA ③* | CnT ⑤ /CnTA ④ | CnT ⑤ | CnT ⑤ | CnT ⑤ /CnTA ⑦ |
| | ⑥ Cooling/heating selection pulse | CnT ⑥ /CnTA ① | CnT ⑥ /CnTA ② | CnT ⑥ /CnTA ③ | CnT ⑥ /CnTA ④ | CnT ⑥ | CnT ⑥ | CnT ⑥ /CnTA ⑦ |
| | ⑦ Emergency stop | CnT ⑦ >CnTA ① | CnT ⑦ >CnTA ② | CnT ⑦ >CnTA ③ | CnT ⑦ >CnTA ④ | CnT ⑦ /CnTA ⑤ | CnT ⑦ /CnTA ⑥ | CnT ⑦ +CnTA ⑦ |

Note (1) Following operation commands are accepted when the operation prohibition is set with CnTA as indicated with *.

Individual operation command from remote control, test run command from outdoor unit and operation command from optional device, CNT input.

Reference: Explanation on the codes and the combinations of codes in the table above

1. In case of CnT "Number", the CnT "Number" is adopted and CnTA is invalidated.
 2. In case of CnTA "Number", the CnTA "Number" is adopted and CnT is invalidated.
 3. In case of CnT "Number"/CnTA "Number", the CnT "Number" and the CnTA "Number" become independent functions each other.
 4. In case of CnT "Number" + CnTA "Number", the CnT "Number" and the CnTA "Number" become competing functions each other.
 5. In case of CnT "Number" > CnTA "Number", the function of CnT "Number" supersedes that of CnTA "Number".
 6. In case of CnT "Number" < CnTA "Number", the function of CnTA "Number" supersedes that of CnT "Number".
- (The "Number" above means ① - ⑦ in the table.)

(a) Output for external control (remote display)

Following output connectors (CnT) are provided on the indoor control PCB for monitoring operation status.

- ① **Operation output:** Outputs DC12V signal for driving relay during operation
- ② **Heating output:** Outputs DC12V signal for driving relay during heating operation
- ③ **Thermostat ON output:** Outputs DC12V signal for driving relay when compressor is operating.
- ④ **Error output:** Outputs DC12V signal for driving relay when anomalous condition occurs.

(b) Remote operation input

Remote operation input connector (CnT-6 or CnTA) is provided on the indoor control PCB.

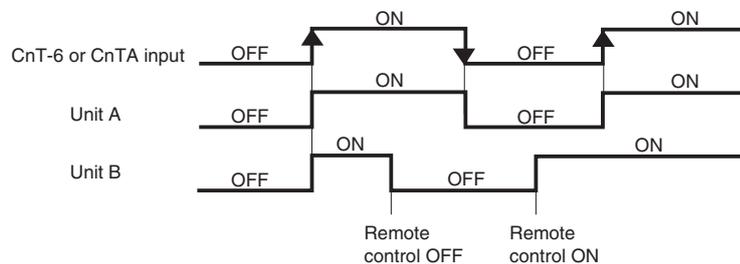
However remote operation by CnT-6 or CnTA is not effective, when “Center mode” is selected by center controller.

In case of plural unit (twin, triple, double twin), remote operation input to CnT-6 or CnTA on the slave indoor unit is invalid.

Only the “LEVEL INPUT” is acceptable for external input, however when the indoor function setting of “Level input (Factory default)” or “Pulse input” is selected by the function for “External input” of the wired remote control, operation status will be changed as follows.

(i) In case of “Level input” setting (Factory default)

Input signal to CnT-6 or CnTA is OFF→ON unit ON
 Input signal to CnT-6 or CnTA is ON→OFF unit OFF
 Operation is not inverted.

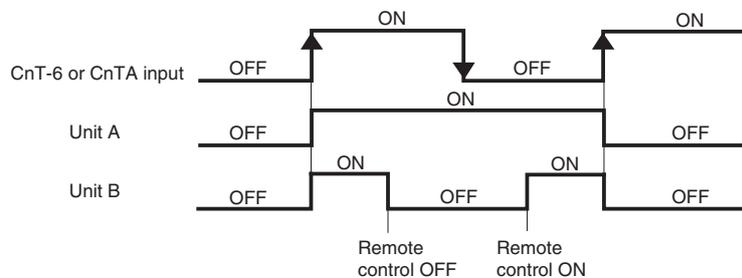


Note: The latest operation has priority

It is available to operate/stop by remote control or center control

(ii) In case of “Pulse input” setting (Local setting)

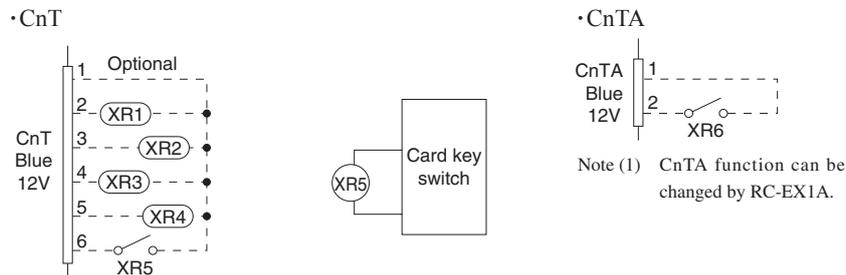
It is effective only when the input signal to CnT-6 or CnTA is changed OFF→ON, and at that time unit operation [ON/OFF] is inverted.



(19) Operation permission/prohibition

(In case of adopting card key switches or commercially available timers)

When the indoor function setting of wired remote control for “Operation permission/prohibition” is changed from “Invalid (Factory default)” to “Valid”, following control becomes effective.



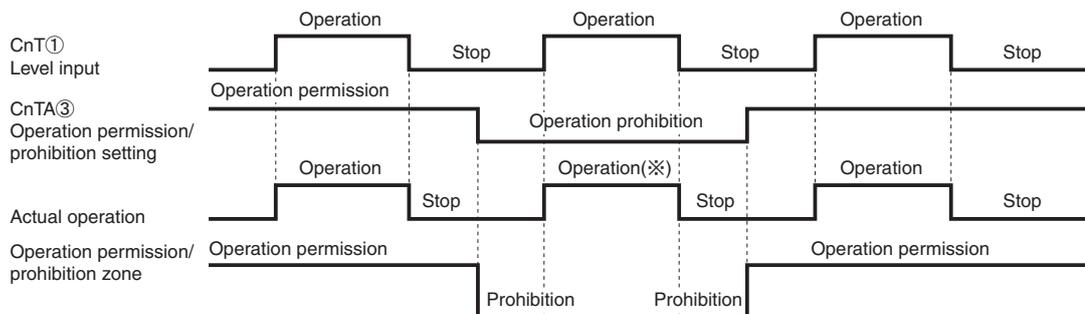
| | Normal operation (Factory default) | | Operation permission/prohibition mode “Valid” (Local setting) | |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|------|--|---------------------------------------|
| | ON | OFF | ON | OFF |
| CnT-6 or CnTA | Operation | Stop | Operation permission*1 | Operation prohibition (Unit stops) |

*1 **Only the “LEVEL INPUT” is acceptable for external input**, however when the indoor function setting of “Level input (Factory default)” or “Pulse input” is selected by the function for “External input” of the wired remote control, operation status will be changed as follows.

| In case of “Level input” setting | In case of “Pulse input” setting |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Unit operation from the wired remote control becomes available*(1) | Unit starts operation *(2) |

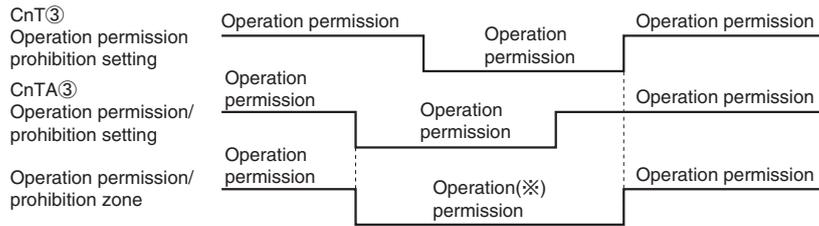
- * (1) In case that “Operation permission/prohibition mode” setting is “Valid” and “External input” setting is “Level input (Factory default)”;
 - ① When card key switch is ON (CnT-6 or CnTA ON: Operation permission), start/stop operation of the unit from the wired remote control becomes available.
 - ② When card key switch is OFF (CnT-6 or CnTA OFF: Operation prohibition), the unit stops operation in conjunction with OFF signal, and start/stop operation of the unit from the wired remote control becomes not available.
- * (2) In case that “Operation permission/prohibition mode” setting is “Valid” and “External input” setting is “Pulse input (Local setting)”;
 - ① When card key switch is ON (Operation permission), the unit starts operation in conjunction with ON signal, and also start/stop operation of the unit from the wired remote control becomes available.
 - ② When card key switch is OFF (Operation prohibition), the unit stops operation in conjunction with OFF signal, and start/stop operation of the unit from the wired remote control becomes not available.
- (3) This function is invalid only at “Center mode” setting done by central control.

(a) In case of CnT ① Operation stop level > CnTA ③ Operation permission/prohibition level



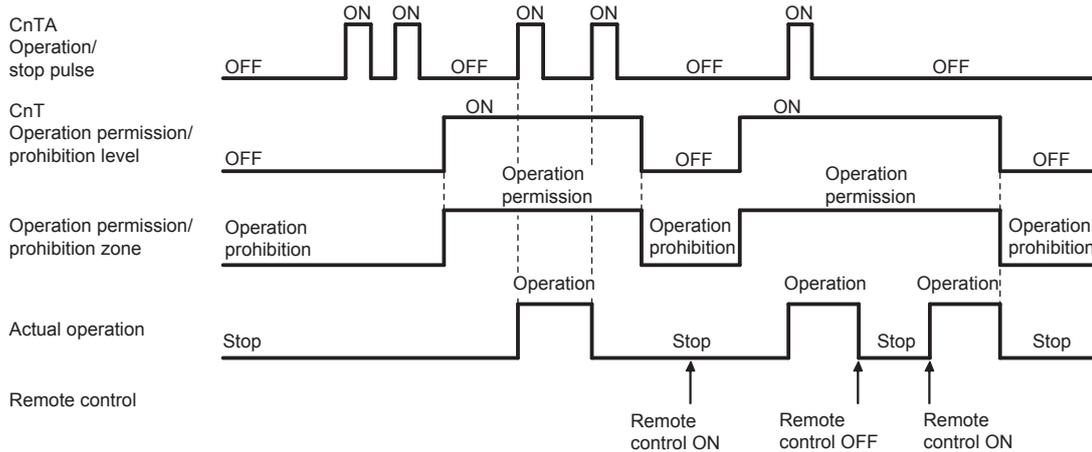
(※) CnT level input supersedes CnTA operation prohibition.

(b) In case of CnT ③ Operation permission/prohibition level + CnTA ③ Operation permission/prohibition level



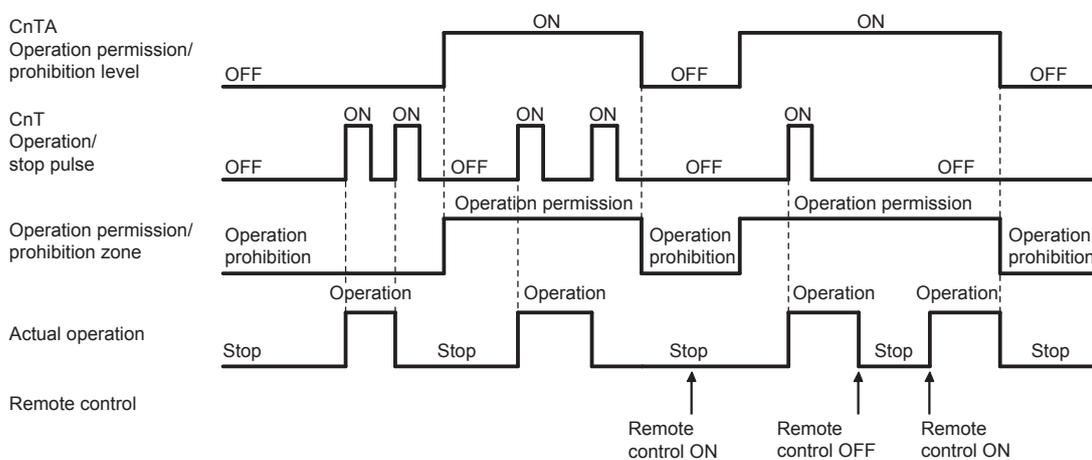
(※) Operation prohibition zone is determined by the OR judgment between CnT Operation prohibition zone and CnTA Operation prohibition zone.

(c) In case of CnT ③ Operation permission/prohibition level > CnTA ② Operation/stop pulse



Note (1) If it is prohibited by CnT, all "Operation" and "Stop" commands are not accepted.

(d) In case of CnT ② Operation/stop pulse + CnTA ③ Operation permission/prohibition level



(20) Selection of cooling/heating external input function

- (a) When "External input 1 setting: Cooling/heating" is set for the indoor unit function from remote control, the cooling or heating is selected with CnT-6 or CnTA.
- (b) When the External input 1 method selection: Level input is set for the indoor unit function:
 - CnT-6 or CnTA: OPEN → Cooling operation mode
 - CnT-6 or CnTA: CLOSE → Heating operation mode
- (c) When the External input 1 method selection: Pulse input is set for the indoor unit function:
 - If the external input is changed OPEN → CLOSE, operation modes are inverted (Cooling → Heating or Heating → Cooling).

- (d) If the cooling/heating selection signal is given by the external input, the operation mode is transmitted to the remote control.

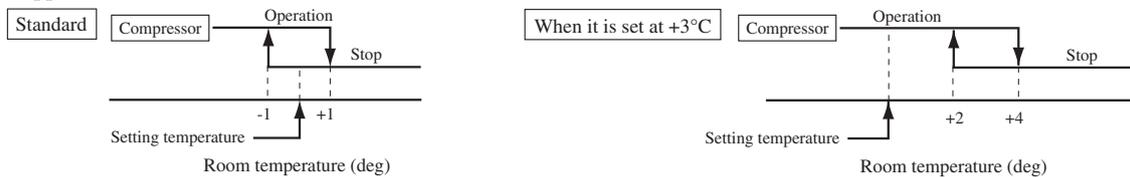
■ Selection of cooling/heating external input function

| External input selection | External input method | Operation | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| External input selection Cooling/heating selection | ⑤ Level | External terminal input (CnT or CnTA) | |
| | | Cooling/heating | |
| | | Cooling/heating (Competitive) | |
| | ⑥ Pulse | External terminal input (CnT or CnTA) | |
| | | Cooling/heating | |
| | | Cooling/heating (Competitive) | |

Notes (1) Regarding the priority order for combinations of CnT and CnTA, refer to Page 16.

(21) Room temperature detection temperature compensation during heating

With the standard specification, the compressor is turned ON/OFF with the thermostat setting temperature. When the thermostat is likely to turn OFF earlier because the unit is installed at the ceiling where warm air tends to accumulate, the setting can be changed with the wired remote control indoor unit function “※ SP OFFSET”. The compressor and the heater are turned ON/OFF at one of the setting temperature +3, +2 or +1°C in order to improve the feeling of heating. The setting temperature, however, has the upper limit of 30°C.



(22) Return air temperature compensation

This is the function to compensate the deviation between the detection temperature by the return air temperature thermistor and the measured temperature after installing the unit.

- (a) It is adjustable in the unit of 0.5°C with the wired remote control indoor unit function “RETURN AIR TEMP”.
- +1.0°C, +1.5°C, +2.0°C
 - -1.0°C, -1.5°C, -2.0°C
- (b) Compensated temperature is transmitted to the remote control and the compressor to control them.

Note (1) The detection temperature compensation is effective on the indoor unit thermistor only.

(23) High power operation (RC-EX1A only)

It operates at with the set temp. fixed at 16°C for cooling, 30°C for heating and maximum indoor fan speed for 15 minutes maximum.

(24) Energy-saving operation (RC-EX1A only)

It operates with the setting temperature fixed at 28°C for cooling, 22°C for heating or 25°C for auto. (Maximum capacity is restricted at 80%.)

(25) Warm-up control (RC-EX1A only)

Operation will be started 5 to 60 minutes before use according to the forecast made by the microcomputer which calculates when the operation should be started in order to warm up the indoor temperature near the setting temperature at the setting time of operation start.

(26) Home leave mode (RC-EX1A only)

When the unit is not used for a long period of time, the room temperature is maintained at a moderate level, avoiding extremely hot or cool temperature.

- (a) Cooling or heating is operated according to the outdoor temperature (factory setting 35°C for cooling, 0°C for heating) and the set temp. (factory setting 33°C for cooling, 10°C for heating)
- (b) Set temp and indoor fan speed can be set by RC-EX1A.

(27) Auto temp. setting (RC-EX1A only)

Setting temperature is adjusted automatically at the adequate temperature the center set temp. is 24°C by correcting the outdoor air temperature.

(28) Fan circulator operation (RC-EX1A only)

When the fan is used for circulation, the unit is operated as follows depending on the setting with the remote control.

- (a) If the invalid is selected with the remote control, the fan is operated continuously during the fan operation. (normal fan mode)
- (b) If the valid is selected with the remote control, the fan is operated or stopped when on the difference of the remote control temperature sensor and the indoor unit return air temperature sensor becomes bigger than 3°C.

(29) The operation judgment is executed every 5 minutes (RC-EX1A only)

Setting temperature T_s is changed according to outdoor temperature
This control is valid with cooling and heating mode. (NOT auto mode)

- (a) Operate 5 minutes forcedly.
- (b) Setting temperature is adjusted every 10 minutes.
 - (i) Cooling mode.
 $T_s = \text{outdoor temperature} - \text{offset value}$
 - (ii) Heating mode.
 $T_s = \text{outdoor temperature} - \text{offset value}$
- (c) If the return air temperature lower than 18°C or return air temperature becomes lower than 25°C, unit goes thermo OFF.

(30) Auto fan speed control (RC-EX1A only)

In order to reach the room temperature to the set temperature as quickly as possible, the airflow rate is increased when the set temperature of thermostat differs largely from the return air temperature. According to temperature difference between set temperature and return air temperature, indoor fan tap are controlled automatically.

- Auto 1: Changes the indoor unit fan tap within the range of Hi ↔ Me ↔ Lo.
- Auto 2: Changes the indoor unit fan tap within the range of PHi ↔ Hi ↔ Me ↔ Lo.

(31) IU overload alarm (RC-EX1A only)

If the following condition is satisfied at 30 minutes after starting operation, RC-EX1A shows maintenance code "M07" and the signal is transmitted to the external output (CnT-5).

- (a) Receipt of the signal by the external output is indicated by lighting an LED or other prepared on site.
 - Cooling, Dry, Auto(Cooling) : Indoor air temperature = Set room temperature by remote control + Alarm temperature difference
 - Heating, Auto(Heating) : Indoor air temperature = Set room temperature by remote control - Alarm temperature difference
 Alarm temperature difference is selectable between 5 to 10°C.
- (b) If the following condition is satisfied or unit is stopped, the signal is disappeared.
 - Cooling, Dry, Auto(Cooling) : Indoor air temperature = Set room temperature + Alarm temperature difference -2°C
 - Heating, Auto(Heating) : Indoor air temperature = Set room temperature - Alarm temperature difference +2°C

(32) Peak-cut time (RC-EX1A only)

Power consumption can be reduced by restricting the maximum capacity.
Set the [Start time], the [End time] and the capacity limit % (Peak-cut %).

- 4-operation patterns per day can be set at maximum.
- The setting time can be changed by 5-minutes interval.
- The selectable range of capacity limit % (Peak-cut %) is from 0% to 40-80% (20% interval).
- Holiday setting is available.

1.4 Operation control function by the outdoor control

(A) Normal control

(1) Operation of major functional components under each operation mode

| Functional Components \ Operation mode | Cooling | | Fan | Heating | | | Dehumidify |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Thermostat ON | Thermostat OFF | | Thermostat ON | Thermostat OFF | Defrost | |
| Indoor unit fan | Remote control command | Remote control command | Remote control command | Remote control command | Intermittent operation | ○ → × | ○ / × |
| Indoor unit electronic expansion valve | Superheating control response | Fully closed | Fully closed | Outlet temperature control response | Slight opening control | Model-specific aperture opening angle | Superheating Control Response |
| Compressor [CM1] | ○ | × | × | ○ | × | ○ | ○ / × |
| Magnetic contactor CM1 [52X1] | ○ | ○ | × / ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| Compressor [CM2] | ○ / × | × | × | ○ / × | × | ○ | ○ / × |
| Magnetic contactor CM2 [52X2] | ○ | ○ | × | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| Outdoor unit fan [FMO-1] | ○ / × | × | × / ○ | ○ / × | × | ○ → × | ○ / × |
| Outdoor unit fan [FMO-2] | ○ | × | × / ○ | ○ | × | ○ → × | ○ |
| Inverter cooling fan [FMC1, 2] | ○ / × | ○ / × | × | ○ / × | ○ / × | ○ / × | ○ / × |
| 4 way valve [20S] | × | × | × | ○ | ○ | ○ → × | × |
| Electronic expansion valve for heating [EEVH1, 2] | Fully open ※3 | ※1 | ※2 | Superheating ※4 control response | ※2 | Fully closed / Fully open | Fully open ※3 |
| Electronic expansion valve for sub-cooling [EEVSC] | Opening pulse control | Fully closed | Fully closed | Fully closed | Fully closed | Fully closed | Opening pulse control |
| Solenoid valve [SV1] | ○ / × | × | × | ○ / × | × | ○ / × | ○ / × |
| Solenoid valve [SV2] | ○ / × | × | × | ○ / × | × | ○ / × | ○ / × |
| Solenoid valve [SV6] [SV7] | ○ / × | × | × | ○ / × | × | ○ / × | ○ / × |
| Solenoid valve [SV11] | × | × | × | ○ / × | × | × | × |
| Solenoid valve [20UF] | ○ / × | × | × | ○ / × | ○ / × | ○ / × | ○ / × |
| Crankcase heater [CH1,2] | ○ / × | ○ / × | ○ / × | ○ / × | ○ / × | ○ / × | ○ / × |

Notes(1) ○ : ON, × : OFF, ○/×, ×/○: ON or OFF

(2) ※1: The EEVH1, 2 of master unit are fully opened and those of slave unit are fully closed.

(3) ※2: When the unit is stopped from cooling operation, the EEVH1, 2 of master unit are fully opened and those of slave unit are fully closed.

When the unit is stopped from heating operation, the EEVH1, 2 of both master and slave units are fully closed unless the opening degree is specified by the low pressure protective control.

(4) ※3: When the operation mode is changed from heating to cooling/dehumidifying, EEVH1, 2 are maintained at fully closed position and EEV of only one indoor unit keeps 60 pulse until 20S is turned OFF.

(5) ※4: When the operation mode is changed from cooling/dehumidifying to heating, EEVH1, 2 are maintained at fully opened position and EEVs of all indoor units keep 0 pulse until 20S is turned ON.

(6) This shows the state of output when all indoor units are in the same operation mode.

(2) Compressor control (Master unit/slave unit)

(a) Starting compressor

(i) Compressor starting order

After turning the power on, firstly CM1 compressor starts. (In case of the combination use, it is CM01 of master unit)
 And corresponding to the condition of under-dome temperature and to the required capacity of indoor units thermostat ON, the next compressor will start sequentially, and finally maximum 6 compressors (in case of 3 outdoor units combination use) will start simultaneously.

1) Single use (Model 280, 335)

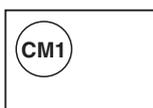


Range of the compressor operation speed relative to load is as follows.

| | | |
|--|------|------------|
| System load range (Number of operating outdoor units) | 0 | 1 |
| Local load range (Number of compressors operating in outdoor units) | 0 | 1 |
| CM1 | 0rps | 20-140rps* |

Note(1)* only model 355 is MAX 140rps, model 280 is MAX 120rps.

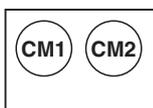
2) Single use (Model 400, 450)



Range of the compressor operation frequency relative to load is as follows.

| | | |
|-------------------|------|-----------|
| System load range | 0 | 1 |
| Local load range | 0 | 1 |
| CM1 | 0rps | 20-120rps |

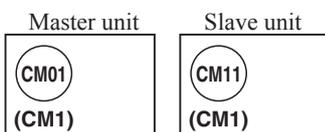
3) Single use (Model 475, 500, 560 : 2 compressors specification)



Range of the compressor operation frequency relative to load is as follows.

| | | | |
|-------------------|------|-----------|-----------|
| System load range | 0 | 1 | |
| Local load range | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| CM1 | 0rps | 20-112rps | 31-120rps |
| CM2 | 0rps | 0rps | 31-120rps |

4) 2 outdoor units combination use (Model 615, 670)

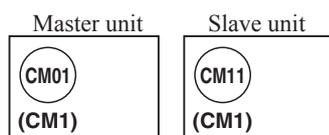


Range of the compressor operation frequency relative to load is as follows. Following table is applicable when CM01 starts initially.

| | | | |
|-------------------|------|------|-----------|
| System load range | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Local load range | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Master unit | CM01 | 0rps | 20-112rps |
| Slave unit | CM11 | 0rps | 31-120rps |

5) 2 outdoor units combination use (Model 735)

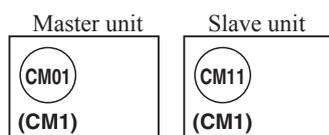
Model 400 (Master) + 335 (Slave)



Range of the compressor operation speed relative to load is as follows. Following table is applicable when CM01 starts initially.

| | | | | |
|-------------------|------|------|-----------|-----------|
| System load range | | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Local load range | | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Master unit | CM01 | 0rps | 20-112rps | 52-120rps |
| Slave unit | CM11 | 0rps | 0rps | 31-70rps |

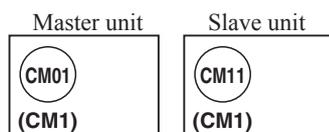
Model 335 (Master) + 400 (Slave)



Range of the compressor operation speed relative to load is as follows. Following table is applicable when CM01 starts initially.

| | | | | |
|-------------------|------|------|----------|-----------|
| System load range | | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Local load range | | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Master unit | CM01 | 0rps | 21-65rps | 31-70rps |
| Slave unit | CM11 | 0rps | 0rps | 52-120rps |

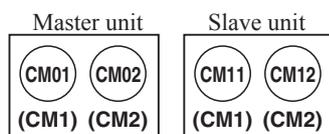
6) 2 outdoor units combination use (Model 800, 850, 900)



Range of the compressor operation speed relative to load is as follows. Following table is applicable when CM01 starts initially.

| | | | | |
|-------------------|------|------|----------|-----------|
| System load range | | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Local load range | | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Master unit | CM01 | 0rps | 20-65rps | 31-120rps |
| Slave unit | CM11 | 0rps | 0rps | 31-120rps |

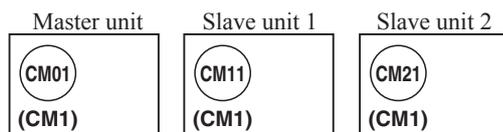
7) 2 outdoor units combination use (Model 950, 1000, 1060, 1120)



Range of the compressor operation speed relative to load is as follows. Following table is applicable when CM01 starts initially.

| | | | | | |
|-------------------|------|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| System load range | | 0 | 1 | 2 | |
| Local load range | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Master unit | CM01 | 0rps | 20-112rps | 31-112rps | 31-120rps |
| | CM02 | 0rps | 0rps | 0rps | 31-120rps |
| Slave unit | CM11 | 0rps | 0rps | 31-112rps | 31-120rps |
| | CM12 | 0rps | 0rps | 0rps | 31-120rps |

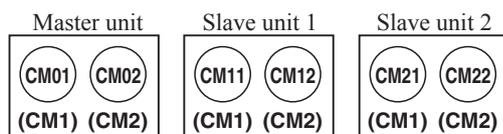
9) 3 outdoor units combination use (Model 1200, 1250, 1300, 1350)



Range of the compressor operation speed relative to load is as follows. Following table is applicable when CM01 starts initially.

| System load range | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-------------------|------|------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Local load range | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Master unit | CM01 | 0rps | 20-112rps | 31-65rps | 31-120rps |
| Slave unit 1 | CM11 | 0rps | 0rps | 31-65rps | 31-120rps |
| Slave unit 2 | CM21 | 0rps | 0rps | 0rps | 31-120rps |

10) 3 outdoor units combination use (Model 1425, 1450, 1500, 1560, 1620, 1680)



Range of the compressor operation speed relative to load is as follows. Following table is applicable when CM01 starts initially.

| System load range | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
|-------------------|------|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Local load range | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Master unit | CM01 | 0rps | 20-112rps | 31-112rps | 31-112rps | 31-120rps |
| | CM02 | 0rps | 0rps | 0rps | 0rps | 31-120rps |
| Slave unit 1 | CM11 | 0rps | 0rps | 31-112rps | 31-112rps | 31-120rps |
| | CM12 | 0rps | 0rps | 0rps | 0rps | 31-120rps |
| Slave unit 2 | CM21 | 0rps | 0rps | 0rps | 31-112rps | 31-120rps |
| | CM22 | 0rps | 0rps | 0rps | 0rps | 31-120rps |

(ii) Rotation of compressor start/stop order

- 1) The compressors will be changed over by determining the start/stop order in each heat load zone.
- 2) In case of single use, the starting order of CM1 and CM2 will be changed over on each occasion when the outdoor unit stops.
- 3) In case of combination use, the starting order of CM01(CM11) [CM21] and CM02(CM12) [CM22] will be changed over on each occasion when the master unit or slave unit stops all independently.
- 4) In case of combination use, the starting order of master and slave units will be changed over on each occasion when the master unit or slave unit stops all independently.

Starting order of outdoor units Master→Slave→Master

(3) Outdoor fan control (Master unit/slave unit)**(a) Outdoor fan speed and fan motor rotation speed**Unit : min⁻¹

| Fan tap | Cooling | | Heating | | Remarks |
|------------|---------|------|---------|------|--|
| | FMo1 | FMo2 | FMo1 | FMo2 | |
| 0th speed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | stop |
| 1st speed | 0 | 160 | 0 | 160 | Min. speed at 1 FM operation |
| 2nd speed | 200 | 200 | 0 | 400 | Max. speed at 1 FM operation (During heating) |
| 3rd speed | 300 | 300 | 160 | 160 | Min. speed at 2 FM operation (During heating) |
| 4th speed | 400 | 400 | 1140 | 1140 | Max. speed at 2 FM operation (During heating) Rated speed of heating |
| 5th speed | 500 | 500 | – | – | |
| 6th speed | 600 | 600 | – | – | |
| 7th speed | 700 | 700 | – | – | |
| 8th speed | 800 | 800 | – | – | |
| 9th speed | 900 | 900 | – | – | |
| 10th speed | 1000 | 1000 | – | – | |
| 11th speed | 1100 | 1100 | – | – | |
| 12th speed | 1140 | 1140 | – | – | Rated speed of cooling |

(b) Outdoor fan control in cooling mode

Fan speed is controlled based on the high pressure during cooling/dehumidifying (detected with PSH) and the outdoor air temperature (detected with Tho-A).

- (i) Initial fan speed is as follows.

Initial cooling speed of outdoor fan

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| Outdoor temperature $\leq 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $10^{\circ}\text{C} \leq$ Outdoor temperature $< 15^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $15^{\circ}\text{C} \leq$ Outdoor temperature |
| 2nd speed | 4th speed | 6th speed |

- (ii) Speed changes depending on high pressure values.

(c) Outdoor fan control in heating mode

Fan speed is controlled based on the low pressure (detected with PSL) during heating operation.

- (i) Speed changes depending on low pressure values.
- (ii) Under normal condition, the stepless fan control between 1st speed and 4th speed is performed.

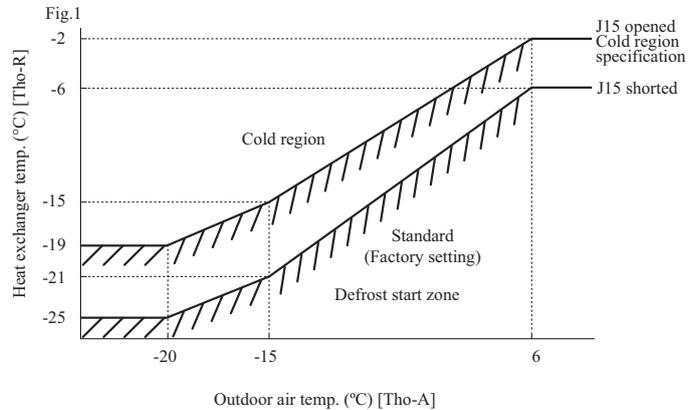
(4) Defrosting (Master unit/Slave unit)

If the defrost starting conditions at the outdoor heat exchanger are established, defrost operation starts.

(a) Temperature conditions for defrosting**(i) Conditions for starting defrost**

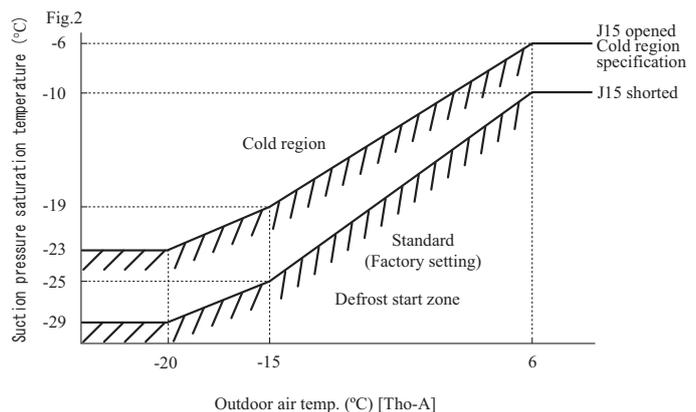
When all of following conditions are satisfied, defrost operation will be started.

- 1) When the cumulative operation time of the compressor becomes 33 minutes after completion of previous defrost operation, or it becomes 33 minutes after heating operation starts.
- 2) When 8 minutes have elapsed after one compressor is turned ON from the state of all compressors OFF.
- 3) When 8 minutes have elapsed after one outdoor fan is turned ON from the state of all outdoor fan OFF.



- 4) When either of following conditions is established after all of the above conditions are satisfied.

- When the temperatures detected with the outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor (Tho-R1,-R2) and outdoor air temperature thermistor (Tho-A) are below the defrost starting temperature mentioned in the above graph continuously for 3 minutes.
- When the suction pressure saturation temperature has continued for 3 minutes in the defrost zone which is determined by the outdoor air temperature sensor (Fig. 2)

**(ii) Conditions for finishing defrost**

- Standard (J14 is shorted)
 - 1) When the temperature detected with both outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistors (Tho-R1 and Tho-R2) is higher than 9°C
 - 2) Or when 12 minutes have elapsed since defrosting started.
- Cold region setting (J14 is open)
 - 1) When $(\text{Tho-R1 and Tho-R2}) \geq 9^\circ\text{C}$ is satisfied, after 2 minutes and 30 seconds have elapsed since defrosting started, and when either of following conditions is satisfied, the defrosting end operation starts.
 - a) 2 minutes and 30 seconds have elapsed since the temperature of either Tho-R1 or Tho-R2 was 14°C or higher
 - b) The temperature of either Tho-R1 or Tho-R2 is 30°C or higher.
 - c) 14 minutes have elapsed since defrosting started.
 - 2) When $(\text{Tho-R1 and Tho-R2}) < 9^\circ\text{C}$ is satisfied, after 2 minutes and 30 seconds have elapsed since defrosting started, and when either of following conditions is satisfied, the defrosting end operation starts.
 - a) 5 minutes have elapsed since the temperature of either Tho-R1 or Tho-R2 was 14°C or higher.
 - b) The temperature of either Tho-R1 or Tho-R2 is 30°C or higher.
 - c) 14 minutes have elapsed since defrosting started.

(5) Protective control

(a) High pressure protective control/error

If the high pressure exceeds 3.7 MPa, the compressor speed is reduced gradually.

It reduces to 20 rps at the lowest.

If the high pressure still rises to 4.15 MPa, the compressor stops.

(b) Low pressure protective control/error

If the low pressure drops below 0.18 MPa, the compressor speed is reduced gradually.

It reduces to 20 rps at the lowest.

If the low pressure still drops below 0.134 MPa, the compressor stops.

(c) Discharge pipe temperature control/error

If discharge pipe temperatures (detected with Tho-D1, -D2) exceed 120°C, the compressor speed is reduced gradually. (To 20 rps at the lowest) If the temperatures still continue to rise beyond 130°C, the compressor stops.

(d) Compressor compression ratio protective control

If the compressor compression ratio exceeds the setting value, the compressor speed is reduced gradually.

It reduces to 20 rps at the lowest.

(e) Current safe control

(i) The current safe control monitors current values at T-phase of inverter. If the value exceeds the setting value, the compressor speed is reduced.

If the value is higher than the setting value even if the speed is reduced, the speed is reduced further.

(ii) This control is reset if the current value at T-phase of inverter becomes lower than the setting value – 1 A for 3 minutes continuously or lower than the setting value for 6 minutes continuously.

(f) Current cut control

(i) Current sensor built in the power transistor monitors current values output from the inverter. If the value exceeds 88 A, the current cut control stops the compressor. The compressor starts automatically 3 minutes after the stop.

(ii) If the above control activates 4 times within 15 minutes, 52C1 or 52C2 is turned off, and the operation is stopped with the error stop.

State of the error continues for 3 minutes after the error stop. The error can be reset by operating the inspection reset from the remote control.

(g) Power transistor temperature (PT) protective control

If temperatures on the power transistor exceed the setting value, the compressor speed is reduced gradually.

It reduces to 20 rps at the lowest.

(h) Under-dome temperature protective control

If the under-dome temperature exceeds the setting value, the compressor speed is reduced gradually.

It reduces to 20 rps at the lowest.

(i) Protection for combination of outdoor units (Master unit)

The capacity of connectable outdoor units is checked when the communication check is performed after turning the power ON.

If the checked result is other than the allowable combinations mentioned in the following table ① it is prohibited to start operation due to outdoor unit combination error.

When this error occurs, the error code mentioned in the following table ② is displayed on the 7-segment display.

Table① combination list

| Capacity | Combination patterns | Capacity | Combination patterns |
|----------|-----------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| 615 | Combination (280+335) | 1200 | Combination (400+400+400) |
| 670 | Combination (335+335) | 1250 | Combination (400+400+450) |
| 735 | Combination (335+400) | 1300 | Combination (400+450+450) |
| 800 | Combination (400+400) | 1350 | Combination (450+450+450) |
| 850 | Combination (400+450) | 1425 | Combination (475+475+475) |
| 900 | Combination (450+450) | 1450 | Combination (475+475+500) |
| 950 | Combination (475+475) | 1500 | Combination (500+500+500) |
| 1000 | Combination (500+500) | 1560 | Combination (500+500+560) |
| 1060 | Combination (500+560) | 1620 | Combination (500+560+560) |
| 1120 | Combination (560+560) | 1680 | Combination (560+560+560) |

Table② Contents displayed on 7-segment display at the combination error

| Code display area | Data display area | Contents of invalid operation |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| OPE | 3 | Invalid combination of outdoor units |

(6) Auto backup operation**(a) Classification of auto backup operations**

When the auto backup operation is enabled, anomaly stops are classified as follows and countermeasures are provided for respective categories.

System stop: All stop including master/slave units

Unit stop: Stop in the unit of outdoor unit

Compressor stop: Stop in the unit of compressor

(b) Control contents of auto backup operation

- (i) Condition of auto backup operation is established when the dip switch SW3-2 on the PCB of master unit is turned ON (selected).
- (ii) However, the switching of SW3-2 is effective only at the power on. (It does not become effective unless the power supply is reset.)
- (iii) Anomaly contents in the following table are invalid and are not detected when the auto backup is effective.

| Anomaly detection invalid code | SW3-2ON | Anomaly detection invalid code | SW3-2ON |
|---|---------|---|---------|
| E32: Open L3 phase on power supply at primary side | ○ | E45: Communication error between inverter PCB and outdoor control PCB | ○ |
| E36: Discharge pipe temperature error | ○ | E48: Outdoor DC fan motor anomaly | ○ |
| E37: Outdoor heat exchanger and sub-cooling coil temperature thermistor anomaly | ○ | E51: Power transistor overheat (Continuousness) | ○ |
| E38: Outdoor air temperature thermistor anomaly | ○ | E53: Suction pipe temperature thermistor anomaly | ○ |
| E39: Discharge pipe temperature thermistor anomaly | ○ | E55: Under-dome temperature thermistor anomaly | ○ |
| E40: High pressure anomaly | ○ | E56: Power transistor temperature thermistor anomaly | ○ |
| E41: Power transistor overheat | ○ | E58: Anomalous compressor by loss synchronism | ○ |
| E42: Current cut | ○ | E59: Compressor startup failure | ○ |
| E44: Liquid flooding anomaly | ○ | E60: Rotor position detection failure | ○ |

- (iv) If any anomaly occurs when the auto backup is effective, the operation output (CnH), Anomaly output (CnY), 7-segment display and LED show as follows.
 - 1) At the system stop
Operation output on the master unit is turned OFF, the Anomaly output is turned ON, 7-segment display and LED show the anomaly, and the remote control displays E??. (To reset the anomaly, it is necessary to reset the inspection from the remote control.)
 - 2) At the unit stop
On the anomaly occurred unit only, the operation output is turned OFF, the Anomaly output is turned ON, 7-segment display and LED show the anomaly and normal units continue their operation ON(or stop).
To reset the state of anomaly on the unit the anomaly occurred, it depends on the condition to reset the state of each anomaly.
 - 3) At the compressor stop
Only the compressor concerned stops, previous states are maintained on the operation output, anomaly output, 7-segment display and LED. To reset the state of anomaly on the compressor, it depends on the condition to reset the state of each anomaly.

| Remote control error display | Anomaly contents | Anomalous stop of master outdoor unit | | | Anomalous stop of slave outdoor unit | | |
|------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| | | System stop | Unit stop | Compressor stop | System stop | Unit stop | Compressor stop |
| E31 | Duplicated outdoor unit address No. | ○ | | | | | |
| E32 | Open L3 Phase on power supply at primary side | | ○ | | | ○ | |
| E36 | Discharge pipe temperature error | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| E37 | Outdoor heat exchanger and subcooling coil temperature thermistor anomaly | | ○ | | | ○ | |
| E38 | Outdoor air temperature thermistor anomaly | | ○ | | | ○ | |
| E39 | Discharge pipe temperature thermistor anomaly | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| E40 | High pressure anomaly | | ○ | | | ○ | |
| E41 | Power transistor overheat | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| E42 | Current cut | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| E43 | Excessive number of indoor unit connected, excessive to tal capacity of connection | ○ | | | — | — | — |
| E44 | Liquid flooding anomaly | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| E45 | Communication error between inverter PCB and outdoor control PCB | | ○ | | | ○ | |
| E48 | Outdoor DC fan motor anomaly | | ○ | | | ○ | |
| E49 | Low pressure error | ○ | | | ○ | | |
| E51 | Power transistor overheat (continuousness) | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| E53 | Suction pipe temperature thermistor anomaly | | ○ | | | ○ | |
| E54 | High pressure sensor/Low pressure sensor anomaly | ○ | | | ○ | | |
| E55 | Under-dome temperature thermistor anomaly | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| E56 | Power transistor temperature thermistor anomaly | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| E59 | Compressor startup failure | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| E60 | Rotor position detection failure | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| E61 | Communications error between the master unit and slave units | ○ | | | — | — | — |
| E63 | Emergency stop | ○ | | | ○ | | |

(c) Prohibiting conditions of auto backup operation

- (i) When the conditions of oil return control are not established
- (ii) When the backup operation time has exceeded the limit value

(d) Control after the conditions to prohibit the auto backup operation have been established

All compressor stop, and the error display [E-XX] is shown on the 7-segment display and the remote control.

In this state, the inspection reset of remote control is effective. → [E-XX] is displayed continuously on the remote control.

Backup operation function is only for emergency purpose when one of compressors or one of units is damaged. If backup operation is performed continuously for long period, it may cause the damage of good compressors. Accordingly be sure to repair the damaged unit or to replace the damaged compressor and to cancel the backup operation within 48 hours after starting backup operation.

(7) Test run

(a) This control can be performed from the master unit, not from the slave unit.

If this control is done from the slave unit, the following display is shown on the 7-segment display.

The display returns to normal display if the test run control switch is reset.

| Code indicator | Data indicator | Contents of invalid operation |
|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| OPE | 10 | Slave setting is invalid. |

(b) Test run from master outdoor units with dip switches SW5-1 and SW5-2.

| SW5-1 | ON | SW5-2 | OFF | Test run for heating |
|-------|---|-------|-----|----------------------|
| | | | ON | Test run for cooling |
| OFF | Normally operation and after test operation | | | |

Take note that this operation has priority over other option devices such as center console and etc.

This operation status is transmitted to the option devices.

(Note) Test run operation by external input is also available with following method. (Refer next page for detail)

- Select the external input terminal (CnS1) and set 7-segment [P11]-[6] for the function of SW5-1, and select the external input terminal (CnS2) and set 7-segment [P12]-[7] for the function of SW5-2.

| CnS1 | Shorted | CnS2 | Open | Test run for heating |
|------|---|------|---------|----------------------|
| | | | Shorted | Test run for cooling |
| Open | Normal operation and after test operation | | | |

- Other combination of external input terminals (CnS1, CnS2, CnG1, CnG2) and of setting function with 7-segment ([P11], [P12], [P13], [P14] and -[6], -[7]) are available to use.

(c) Starting conditions of test run operation

- (i) Dip switch SW5-1 is turned ON. However the input before the power ON is invalid.
- (ii) The dip switches SW3 and SW5, other than SW5-1 and SW5-2, should be turned OFF.
However, regarding the dip switch SW3-2 for automatic backup operation, it is invalid during test run operation regardless whether SW3-2 is turned ON (valid) or OFF (invalid).→In order to check trouble during test run operation.

(d) Control during test run (If indoor units are normal)

- (i) Heating operation is performed with SW5-2 OFF, while cooling operation is performed with SW5-2 ON.
- (ii) Indoor EEV control at the end of test run is depended on the specifications of the indoor unit.
- (iii) Cooling operation: Compressor frequency control is depended on the cooling low pressure control.
- (iv) Heating operation: Compressor frequency control is depended on the heating high pressure control.

(e) Ending conditions of test run operation

Test run operation is terminated if one of following conditions is satisfied.

- (i) Test run operation ends when the dip switch SW5-1 is turned OFF.
- (ii) When the operation is stopped by the error control during test run, the error is displayed same as the normal operation and the state of error stop is retained even if SW5-1 is turned OFF.

(B) Option controls

• External input terminal

- ① 4 External input terminals (CnS1, CnS2, CnG1 and CnG2) are provided. (See Fig-1)
- ② Each external input terminal can be changed its function by allotting the external input function No. of P07-P10 selected with 7-segment respectively. (External input functions of the code P07-P10 are shown in Fig-2)

| External input terminal | | | External input function allotment of 7-segment | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--|--------------|-----------------|
| Terminal | Specification | Factory setting | Code | Function No. | Factory setting |
| CnS1 | No voltage contact (DC12V) | Shorted | P07 | "0"- "9" | "0" |
| CnS2 | No voltage contact (DC12V) | Shorted | P08 | "0"- "9" | "1" |
| CnG1 | No voltage contact (DC12V) | Open | P09 | "0"- "9" | "2" |
| CnG2 | No voltage contact (DC12V) | Open | P10 | "0"- "9" | "3" |

Fig-1

- ③ The following function is effective, when the external input function of PXX-"X" is allotted and the signal is input to the external terminal of CnXX.

(Example) If CnS1 terminal is used for demand control (pulse input), allot the "1" of P07 and open J13, and if CnS2 terminal is used for demand control (level input), allot the "1" of P08 and short J13.

By changing the allocation of external input function (P07-10) on the 7-segment, functions of external input terminal may be selected. Inputting signals to external input terminals enable the following functions.

| Setting value for external input function assignment | External input terminal shorted | External input terminal open |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| "0" : External operation input | Permitted | Prohibited |
| "1" : Demand input | *3 | *3 |
| "2" : Cooling / heating force input | Heating | Cooling |
| "3" : Silent mode 1 *1 | Valid | Invalid |
| "4" : Spare | | |
| "5" : Outdoor fan snow control input | Valid | Invalid |
| "6" : Test run external input 1 (SW5-1 equivalent) | Test run start | Normal |
| "7" : Test run external input (SW5-2 equivalent) | Cooling | Heating |
| "8" : Silent mode 2 *1 | Valid | Invalid |
| "9" : Demand input | *3 | *3 |
| "10" : AF periodic inspection display | Valid | Invalid |
| "11" : AF error display | Valid | Invalid |
| "12" : Building multi energy save control | Valid | Invalid |

*3 Demand setting table

| Demand control | Function assignment 1 | Function assignment 9 |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| None (Normal) | Shorted | Shorted |
| 1-step | Open | Shorted |
| 2-step | Open | Open |
| 3-step | Shorted | Open |

*1 Valid/invalid is changed depending on outdoor temperatures.
 *2 It is always Valid, regardless of outdoor temperature.
 *3 According to the demand setting table.

Fig-2

- ④ J13: Switching of CnS1,S2 input method (CnS1, S2 only)

J13 shorted: Level input by CnS1, S2
 J13 open : Pulse input by CnS1, S2

*1 "Setting" means;

Master : Set only the master unit. (No necessary to set the slave unit)
 Master/Slave: Set both master/slave unit same.

(1) External input and demand input (Master unit/Slave unit)

(a) Operation permission or prohibition mode

(Note) Following explanation is based on using CnS1 terminal and setting function [P07]-[0] with 7-segment display.

However other terminals can be used with following function setting of 7-segment display.

CnS2: [P08]-[0] CnG1: [P09]-[0] CnG2: [P10]-[0]

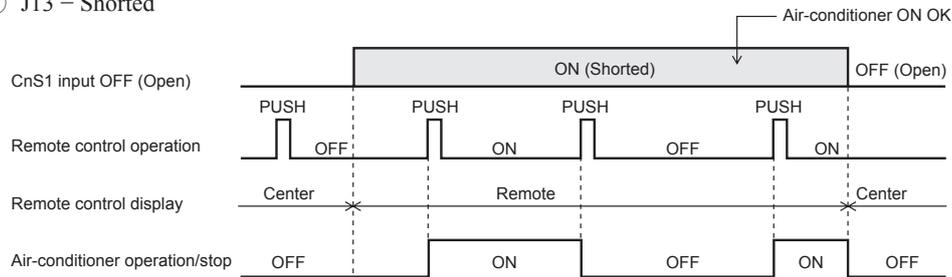
- 1) Operation permission or prohibition mode is switched with the connector (CnS1) and the Jumper wire (J13) on the outdoor control PCB after setting function [P07]-[0] (Factory setting) with 7-segment display
- 2) Operation permission/prohibition control by the external input CnS1 to outdoor unit.

| Input: CnS1 | Switching CnS1 input method:J13 | CnS1: Switching operation permission/prohibition mode |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | Shorted (Level input) | Operation prohibition mode → Operation permission mode |
| | Open (Pulse input) | Switching operation permission/ Operation prohibition mode (Reversal) |
| | Shorted (Level input) | Operation permission mode → Operation prohibition mode |
| | Open (Pulse input) | (NOP) |

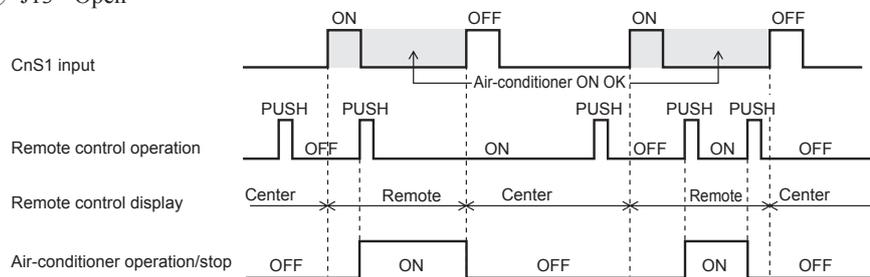
Note (1) Factory setting J13: Shorted, CnS1: Shorted (Short pin is connected)

- 3) The operation condition is displayed on the LCD of remote control and it is transferred to option centralized control.
- 4) When the operation command from remote control is not accepted by this control, "Center" is displayed on the LCD of remote control. (See item 5 mentioned next page.)
- 5) CnS1 performs the following operation according to switching the jumper wire (J13) shorted or open. In case of pulse input, the pulse width is 500ms or larger.

① J13 – Shorted



② J13 - Open



- 6) After changing mode from operation prohibition mode to permission mode, the indoor units operation status can be select by 7-segment [P17] setting.
 7-segment [P17] =0 → Keeping STOP
 7-segment [P17] =1 → Automatically RUN

(b) Demand control

(Note) Following explanation is based on using CnS2 terminal and setting function [P08]-[1] with 7-segment display.

However other terminals can be used with following function setting of 7-segment display

CnS1: [P07]-[1] CnG1: [P09]-[1] CnG2: [P10]-[1]

- 1) Demand control or normal control is switched with the connector (CnS2) and the jumper wire (J13) on the outdoor control PCB after setting function [P08]-[1] (Factory setting) with 7-segment display.

J13: Switching of CnS2 input method

J13 shorted: Level input by CnS2

J13 open : Pulse input by CnS2

- 2) Demand control/Normal operation by the external input CnS2 to outdoor unit.

| Input: CnS2 | Switching CnS2 input method:J13 | CnS2: Switching operation permission/prohibition mode |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | Shorted (Level input) | Demand control → Normal operation |
| | Open (Pulse input) | Switching Demand control/ Normal operation (Reversal) |
| | Shorted (Level input) | Normal control → Demand operation |
| | Open (Pulse input) | (NOP) |

Note (1) Factory setting J13: Shorted, CnS2: Shorted (Short pin is connected)

- 3) The operation condition is displayed on the LCD of remote control and it is transferred to option centralized control.

4) Demand control

Demand ratio can be changed with the 7-segment "P04" on the outdoor control PCB.

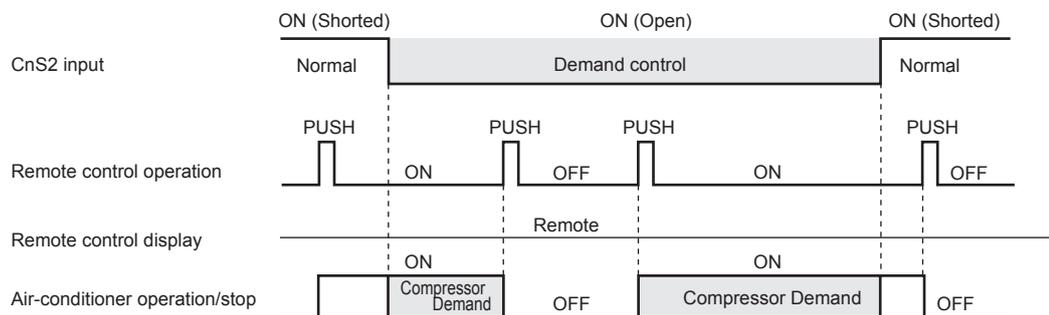
| P04 setting | Compressor output (%) |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 080(Factory default) | 80 |
| 060 | 60 |
| 040 | 40 |
| 000 | 0 |

5) This control has priority over the controls of 4-way valve safeguard, compressor protective start operation, defrost operation, oil equalized operation, oil return operation, pump-down operation for replacement, Start/Stop pump-down operation and check operation.

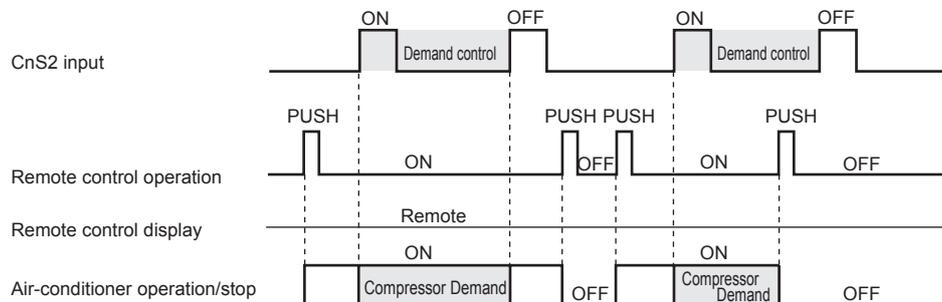
6) CnS2 performs the following operation according to switching the jumper wire (J13) shorted or open.

In case of pulse input, the pulse width is 500ms or larger.

① J13 – Shorted



② J13 - Open



(c) 3 step demand control

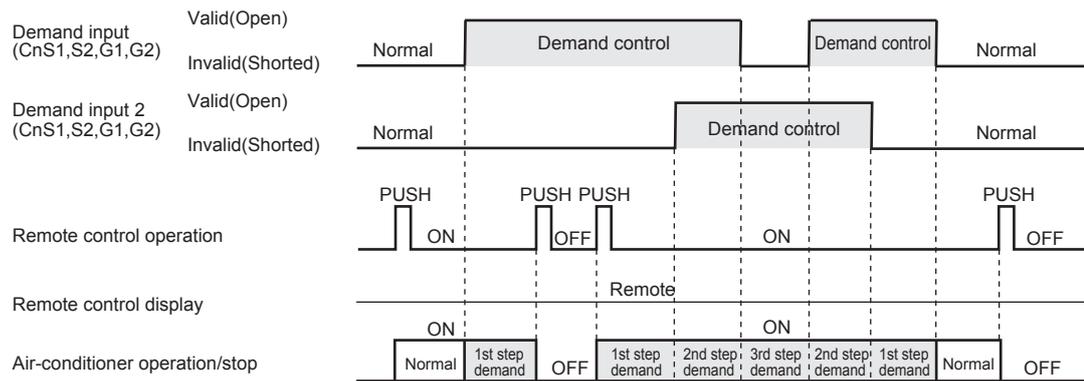
1) Starting condition

When the "Demand input 2" via the external input terminal of outdoor unit (master unit) has become valid.

2) Contents of control

The demand control is performed at the demand rate which has been set with [P14] and [P15] according to the demand input or the demand input 2.

| Demand control | Following is assigned to one of P07 - P10. | | Demand rate setting |
|-----------------|--|---|---------------------|
| | Demand input (Function assignment: 1) | Demand input 2 (Function assignment: 9) | |
| None (Normal) | Shorted | Shorted | — |
| 1st step demand | Open | Shorted | P04 |
| 2nd step demand | Open | Open | P14 |
| 3rd step demand | Shorted | Open | P15 |



3) Ending condition

When the starting conditions have been lost.

(d) Demand control from indoor unit

1) Starting condition

- ① When a demand ratio (“80%”, “60%”, “40%” or “0%”) has been transmitted from an indoor unit of “Peak-cut timer” function.
- ② Normal demand of Item (b) is not activated.
- ③ This control is performed on the RC-EX1A remote control.

2) Contents of control

- ① Compressor’s upper limit speed is restricted according to the demand restriction rate.
- ② The demand ratio controlled by the restriction rate which is transmitted from an indoor unit.
- ③ If the demand control rate signals are received from two or more indoor units, the control takes the lowest rate.
- ④ When the demand rate is other than 0%, this control is superseded by the controls of 4-way valve safeguard, defrost operation, oil return operation, oil equalized operation, pump-down operation for replacement, Start/Stop pump-down operation and check operation.

3) Ending condition

When the starting conditions have been lost.

(2) Silent mode control

(Note) With CnG2 terminal and 7-segment display [P10]-[3] for silent mode 1(Factory default) or with CnG2 terminal and 7-segment display [P10]-[8] for silent mode 2 (Setting on site) It is also available to use other terminals as follows.

CnS2: [P08]-[3] or -[8] CnS1: [P07]-[3] or -[8] CnG1: [P09]-[3] or -[8]

- (a) Silent mode is commanded either from the indoor unit (remote control setting) or from the master outdoor unit (CnG2).
- (b) When the "Silent mode start" signals is received from one of indoor units, it enters the silent mode operation.
- (c) When CnG2 of master unit is shorted after setting function [P10]-[3] (Silent mode 1) or [P10]-[8] (Silent mode 2) with 7-segment display, it enters the silent mode operation. (If the signal is input to the slave unit, it is invalid)
- (Note) Silent mode 1 and 2 can not be set at same time
- (d) When the "Silent mode start" signal from indoor unit and the "Silent mode" signal from outdoor unit are received, it enters the silent mode operation under "or"condition.
- (e) When silent mode signals from all indoor units become "Silent mode end" and when silent mode signal input to CnG2 on outdoor unit becomes open, the silent mode operation is reset.
- (f) The operation of silent mode 1 is effective within the following temperature range.

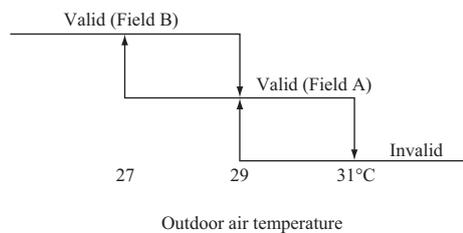
(Note) In case of external input of silent mode 2, following temperature conditions are disregarded.

- (i) Silent mode 0,1 : Effect on field A,B
- (ii) Silent mode 2,3 : Effect on field B

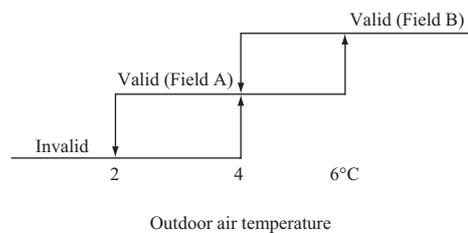
- (g) Silent mode setting
Silent mode setting can be changed with 7-segment "P05" on the outdoor control PCB.

| P05 setting | Silent mode setting |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 000 (Factory default) | Silent mode setting 0 |
| 001 | Silent mode setting 1 |
| 002 | Silent mode setting 2 |
| 003 | Silent mode setting 3 |

• Cooling



• Heating



- (h) Sound level (Reference data)

| Model | SPL Sound pressure level for cooling | SPL Sound pressure level for heating | SPL Silent mode setting 0 | SPL Silent mode setting 1 | SPL Silent mode setting 2 | SPL Silent mode setting 3 | PWL Cooling | PWL Heating |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | (dB(A)) | (dB(A)) | (dB(A)) | (dB(A)) | (dB(A)) | (dB(A)) | (dB(A)) | (dB(A)) |
| FDC(S)280KXZE1 | 55 | 57 | 55 | 51 | 47 | 43 | 75 | 76 |
| FDC(S)335KXZE1 | 61 | 58 | 61 | 57 | 53 | 49 | 81 | 78 |
| FDC(S)400KXZE1 | 60 | 62 | 60 | 56 | 52 | 48 | 81 | 83 |
| FDC(S)450KXZE1 | 61 | 62 | 61 | 57 | 53 | 49 | 81 | 83 |
| FDC(S)475KXZE1 | 61 | 62 | 61 | 57 | 53 | 49 | 81 | 83 |
| FDC(S)500KXZE1 | 61 | 62 | 61 | 57 | 53 | 49 | 81 | 83 |
| FDC(S)560KXZE1 | 64 | 66 | 64 | 60 | 56 | 52 | 84 | 86 |

(3) Outdoor fan snow protection control (Master unit/Slave unit)

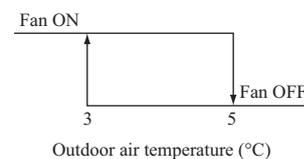
(Note) Following explanation is based on setting function with 7-segment display [P02].

However the following terminals and 7-segment function settings are available to use.

CnS1: [P07]-[5] CnS2: [P08]-[5] CnG1: [P09]-[5] CnG2: [P10]-[5]

- (a) The setting of this control should be done not only on the master unit but also on the slave unit, because the fans of master unit and the slave unit are controlled independently.
- (b) The control is enabled /disabled by selecting [0] or [1] displayed at 7-segment LED of master/slave units.
- (c) Operation method of outdoor fan snow protection control
 - (i) Set the code [P02] on 7-segment display
 - (ii) "0" or "1" is displayed at the data display area of 7-segment LED.
 - "0": Outdoor fan snow protection control is disabled (Factory setting)
 - "1": Outdoor fan snow protection control is enabled
 - (iii) Press SW7 (Data write/delete) for 3 seconds continuously
 - (iv) "0" or "1" blinks every 0.5 second at the data display area of 7-segment LED.
 - (v) Press SW8 (one digit) to toggle the display between "0" and "1".
 - (vi) If SW7 is pressed for 3 seconds continuously while "0" and "1" are blinking, "0" or "1" at the data display area of 7-segment LED stops blinking.

With this operation, the enabled/disabled setting of outdoor fan snow protection control is saved in the memory of EEPROM, and henceforth the outdoor fan is controlled according to the contents of memory.
 - (vii) Contents of outdoor fan snow protection control are retained even if the power is turned off and backed on again.
- (d) Contents of outdoor fan snow protection control
 - (i) At the status of all stop or emergency stop, if the outdoor air temperature drops 3°C or lower, all of outdoor fans are operated at the maximum speed (4th speed) once every 10 minutes.
 - (ii) The outdoor fan runs for 30 minutes
 - (iii) During this snow protection control, the magnetic contactor 52C1 of the compressor is ON

**(4) Outdoor operation mode**

On the standard models of 2 pipe system, the outdoor operation mode of Stop/Cooling/Heating is selected based on the information of indoor units, and then respective controls are performed.

<Contents of control>

- (a) Determination of outdoor operation mode

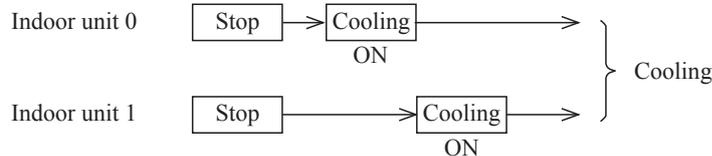
Operation mode of outdoor unit is determined based on respective signals of Operation/Stop and Cooling/Heating.
- (b) Type of outdoor operation mode
 - 1) Outdoor operation mode - Stop
 - 2) Outdoor operation mode - Cooling
 - 3) Outdoor operation mode - Heating
- (c) Priority in operation mode selection.
 - 1) First priority is given to the forced cooling/heating operation.
 - 2) Second priority is given as follows

Priority in the operation mode selection can be changed using the 7-segment setting [P01].

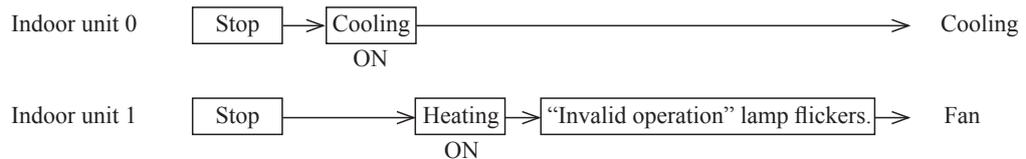
| P01 setting | Mode |
|---------------------|--|
| 0 (Factory default) | First unit's operation mode |
| 1 | Last unit's operation mode |
| 2 | Priority of master unit's setting operation mode |
| 3 | Priority of required major operation mode |

- First unit's operation mode: Operation mode of the indoor unit which is operated first time after stop of the outdoor unit operation mode
 - Last unit's operation mode: Operation mode of the indoor unit which is operated at the last time
 - Priority of master unit's setting operation mode: Operation mode of indoor unit of which the address No. is smallest (Master indoor unit). When the master indoor unit is turned off, it become valid the first push priority on other indoor units' remote controls.
 - Priority of required major operation mode: Operation mode of which the total capacity of operating indoor units is larger. There is no renewed judgment for 10 minutes after a change on the operation mode.
The judgment, however, is renewed in following cases.
 - At the stop
 - When the P01 setting is changed.
- 3) In the event that agreement of operation mode is lost between indoor units and outdoor units by selecting the first or second priority after determining the operation mode, it is changed forcibly to the "Fan" mode. The operation mode LCD flickers to warn the "Mode unmatched"
- 4) Example of operation mode selection
<First unit's operation mode>

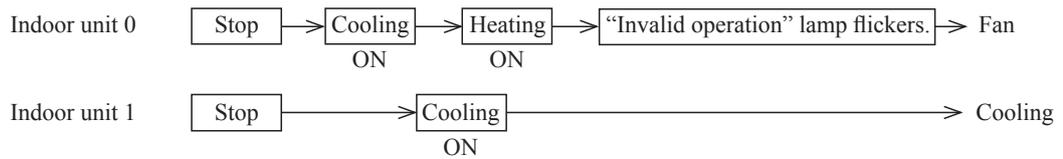
① If both of indoor units 0 and 1 have the same operation mode, it operates with the mode.



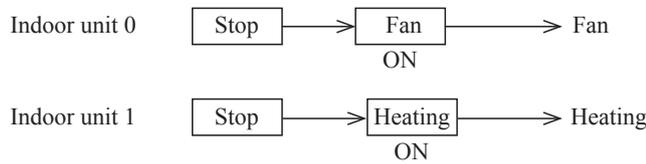
② Cooling does not match on indoor units 0 and 1 (Priority is given to previous operation.)



③ When it is changed from same mode to unmatched.

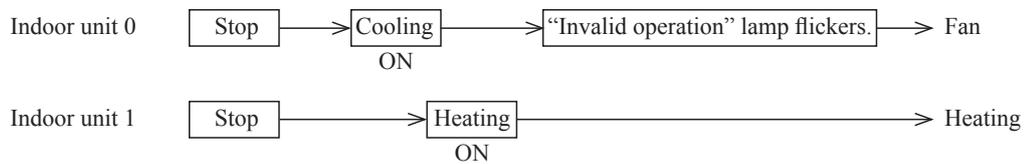


④ Operation mode is prepared for change in the fan mode.

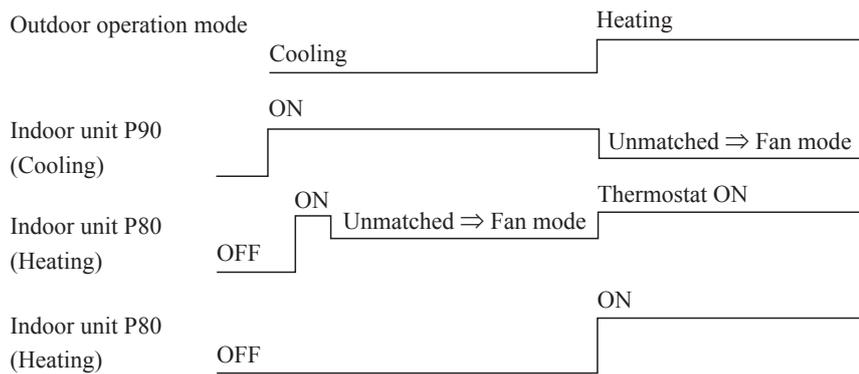


<Last unit's operation mode>

① If the indoor unit 1 of which operation mode is different has joined in when the indoor units 0 is operating.



<Priority of required major operation mode>



5) Reset of unmatched condition (Cooling/heating unmatched)

When unmatched occurs among indoor units, it can be reset by either one of followings.

- ① If the operation mode of outdoor unit is matched with that of indoor unit.
- ② If the operation mode is changed to "Fan" or "Stop" on the indoor units on which Cooling/heating is unmatched.

(d) Forced cooling /heating operation (Master unit)

(Note) Following explanation is based on using CnG1 terminal and setting function [P09]-[2] with 7-segment display.

However other terminals can be used with following function setting of 7-segment display.

CnS1: [P07]-[2] CnS2: [P08]-[2] CnG2: [P10]-[2]

- 1) When SW3-7 on the outdoor control PCB is turned ON after setting function [P09]-[2] with 7-segment display, if CnG1 is shorted, forced heating operation is performed, but if CnG1 is open, forced cooling operation is performed.
- 2) If the different mode from the forced operation mode is commanded from indoor unit, the "mode unmatched" message is displayed on the LCD of remote control and the operation is entered in FAN mode.

| | | | | |
|-------|-----|------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| SW3-7 | ON | CnG1 | Open | Operation in cooling only |
| | | | Shorted | Operation in heating only |
| | OFF | Normal operation | | |

- 3) With the forced mode from indoor unit, if a different operation mode is commanded, following operations take place based on the forced cooling/heating operation set with the 7-segment [P18].

P18 = 0: The operation mode unmatched is displayed on the remote control, etc., and it is changed to the fan operation.

P18 = 1: It is operated with the forced cooling/heating operation mode.

Setting temperature for cooling ... 28°C

Setting temperature for heating ... 20°C

(5) Emergency stop control

When one of indoor units receives the emergency stop signal through CnT terminal on the indoor control PCB from the device like as refrigerant leakage detector and that information is transmitted to the outdoor unit, the outdoor unit stops operation and emergency stop error message transmitted to all indoor units running.

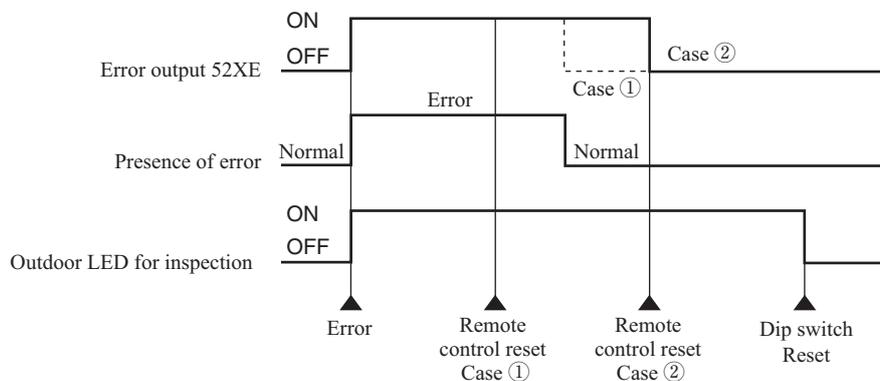
It is able to make the emergency stop function effective by remote control indoor function setting.

- (a) When the outdoor unit receives the "Emergency stop" command from the indoor unit, it makes all stop by error.
- (b) And the "Emergency stop" command is transmitted to all indoor units and error code "E63" is displayed.
- (c) When the outdoor unit receives the "Emergency stop reset" command from the indoor unit, the "Emergency stop reset" command is transmitted to all indoor units.

(6) Operation and error signal output (Master unit/Slave unit)

This is the function to retrieve and display the operation and error information on the outdoor unit as a batch.. Although indoor units also have the function to retrieve the operation and error information, this function is designed to retrieve the whole information of each refrigeration system connected to the outdoor unit.

- (a) The terminals for the operation and error outputs at the outdoor unit side are provided on the outdoor control PCB.
- (b) Diagram of output relay operations



- (c) The error output relay (52XE) is turned ON when the error stop occurs, and is turned OFF when the error reset is done from remote control by pressing "Check" and "Reset" button simultaneously after recovery from the error (Remote control reset case ②).
Before recovery from the error, if the error reset is done from remote control, 52XE is not turned OFF, but it will be turned OFF automatically after the error is recovered subsequently (Remote control reset case ①).
- (d) If at least one of connected indoor units is operating, the operation output relay (52XR) is turned ON. (Operation means the state that remote control is turned ON, in which the fan operation and the thermostat OFF is included, but the error stop is excluded.)
- (e) Output relay (52XR, 52XE) of DC12V should be prepared in the field. The maximum load of relay is LY2F (Omron).
- (f) The output connectors (CnH, CnY) to be connected to the relays for operation output (52XR) and for error output (52XE) is mounted on the outdoor control PCB.
- (g) If CPU goes out of control, this function becomes disable.
- (h) When the automatic backup operation is effective, there is no error display for any error on the compressor stopping by detecting its anomaly.

(7) External output

This function is used in order to operate the external option devices in conjunction with relay output of the respective operational information from outdoor unit.

However, since these models do not have dedicated output, it makes switchable by using the existing 52R relay in order to comply with various usages.

This control is done for master unit and slave unit independently.

[External output function]

External output function of CnH can be switched by changing of [P06] of 7-segment display from "0" to "5" as mentioned below.

0: Operation output [Factory default]

1: Error output

·It is turned on at anomalous stop, and turned OFF when "CHECK" and "RESET" buttons on remote control are pressed simultaneously after recovering from the anomaly. Even if "CHECK" and "RESET" buttons are pressed before recovering from the anomaly, it is not turned OFF. But when recovering from the anomaly later, it is automatically turned OFF.

2: Compressor ON output

·It is turned ON, when the compressor is ON

3: Fan ON output

·It is turned ON, when the outdoor fan No.1 speed command > 0, or the outdoor fan No.2 speed command > 0.

4: Oil return operation output

·It is turned ON at oil return operation in cooling or at oil return operation in heating, or at defrost operation in heating.

5: When HP is relatively high

·Signal is output in order to operate a sprinkler system for cooling down the outdoor heat exchanger.

It is turned ON, when high pressure > 3.3MPa in cooling mode

If once starting operation of sprinkler system, it shall be kept operation for 30sec at least.

(8) Pump down control for replacement (Master unit/slave unit)

This control is for recovering refrigerant to outdoor unit quickly in case of replacement or relocation of the outdoor unit.

- (a) This control is performed from the master unit side. It cannot be controlled from the slave unit side. If this control is attempted from the slave unit side, the following codes are displayed on the 7-segment LED of the slave unit.

| Code display area | Data display area | Contents of invalid operation |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| OPE | 10 | Setting from the slave unit is invalid |

Note (1) The display returns to normal if the pump-down control switch is reset.

- (b) Pump down operation can be performed with the operation of 3 dip switches SW5-1(Test run switch), SW5-2 (Test run operation mode) and SW5-3 (Pump down switch)

(c) Pump down procedure

- 1) Shut the liquid side service valve on the outdoor units
- 2) Turn SW5-2 (test run operation mode) ON (cooling)
- 3) Turn SW5-3 (pump down switch) ON
- 4) Turn SW5-1 (test run switch) ON

(d) End condition

If any of the following conditions is satisfied, this control ends.

- (i) When the low pressure (LP) is preset value or less, this control ends normally, and indicates followings
 - ① Red LED: Keeps lighting
 - ② Green LED: Keeps flashing
 - ③ 7-segment display: PdE
 - ④ Remote control: Stop
- (ii) Anomalous all stop by the error detection control
- (iii) If the cumulative compressor operation time under pump down control is 15minutes (End control because time is up), this control ends and indicates followings
 - ① Red LED: Stays OFF
 - ② Green LED: Keeps flashing
 - ③ 7-segment display: No display
 - ④ Remote control: Stop
- (iv) When any of setting switch (SW5-1, SW5-2, SW5-3) is turned OFF during pump down control.

(Note) Even if only SW5-3 is turned OFF, it is not recognized as the cooling test run mode and it stops.

(9) Pump-down operation by external input

If an error stop is raised by an external input by refrigerant leaking alarm unit, the pump-down operation is performed at the outdoor unit side in order to prevent the refrigerant from leaking.

They are local arrangements.

- ① Refrigerant leaking alarm unit
- ② Valve to shut liquid pipe
- ③ Valve to shut gas pipe

Valves of ② and ③ should be selected what the pressure loss of refrigerant piping doesn't increase.

(a) Status 1: Pump-down operation

(i) Starting condition

- ① When the external input function is assigned to "0: External operation input" and the external input terminal is open (by refrigerant leaking alarm unit).
- ② If the pump-down control is valid when the error stop is raised by the setting on 7-segment. ([P19] = "1")

(ii) Contents of control

- ① ON is output on CnY, and the liquid service valve is shut down if it is connected on CnY.
- ② The pump-down operation for replacement is performed.

(iii) Ending condition

- ① When starting conditions are lost.
- ② When the pump-down operation has ended.

(b) Status 2: Emergency stop operation

(i) Starting condition

- ① When the pump-down operation has ended in the status 1.

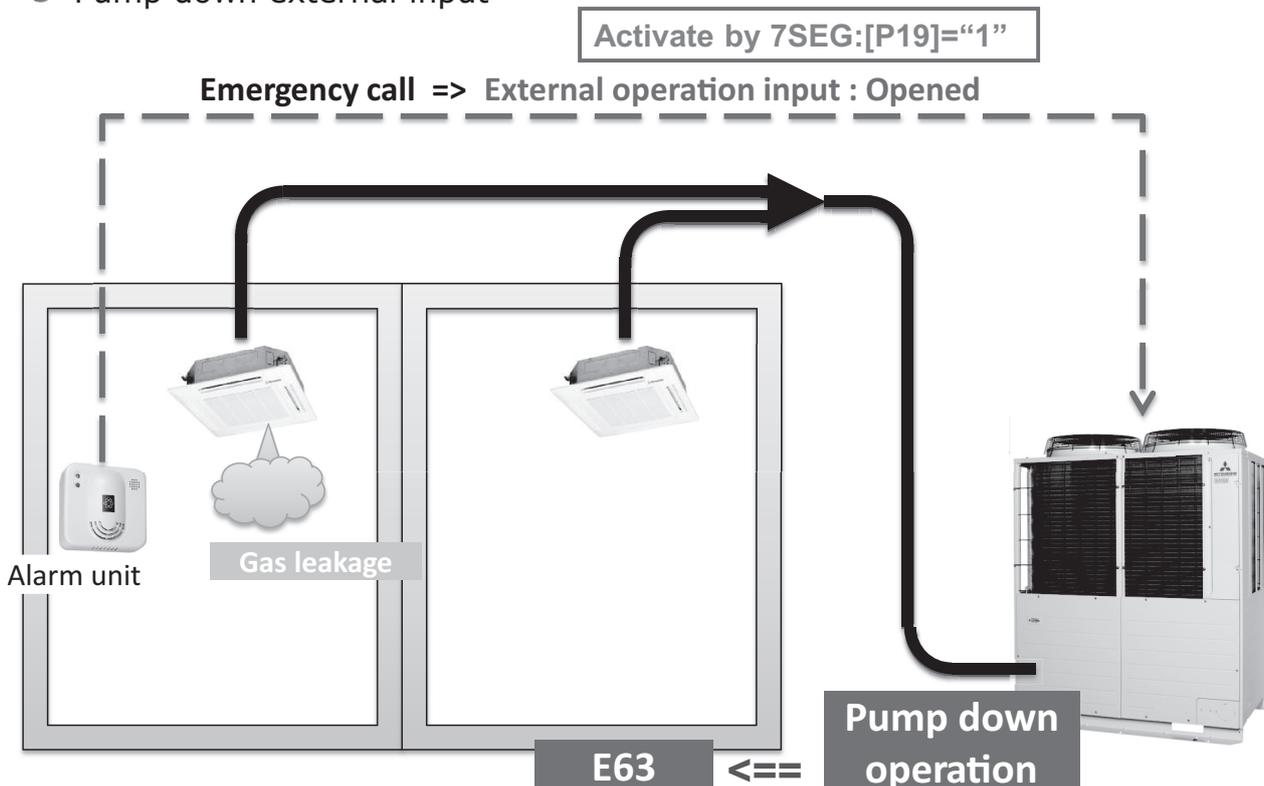
(ii) Contents of control

- ① ON is output to CnZ1, and the gas service valve is shut down if it is connected on CnZ1.
- ② Operation stops with the error full stop. ([E63] is displayed.)

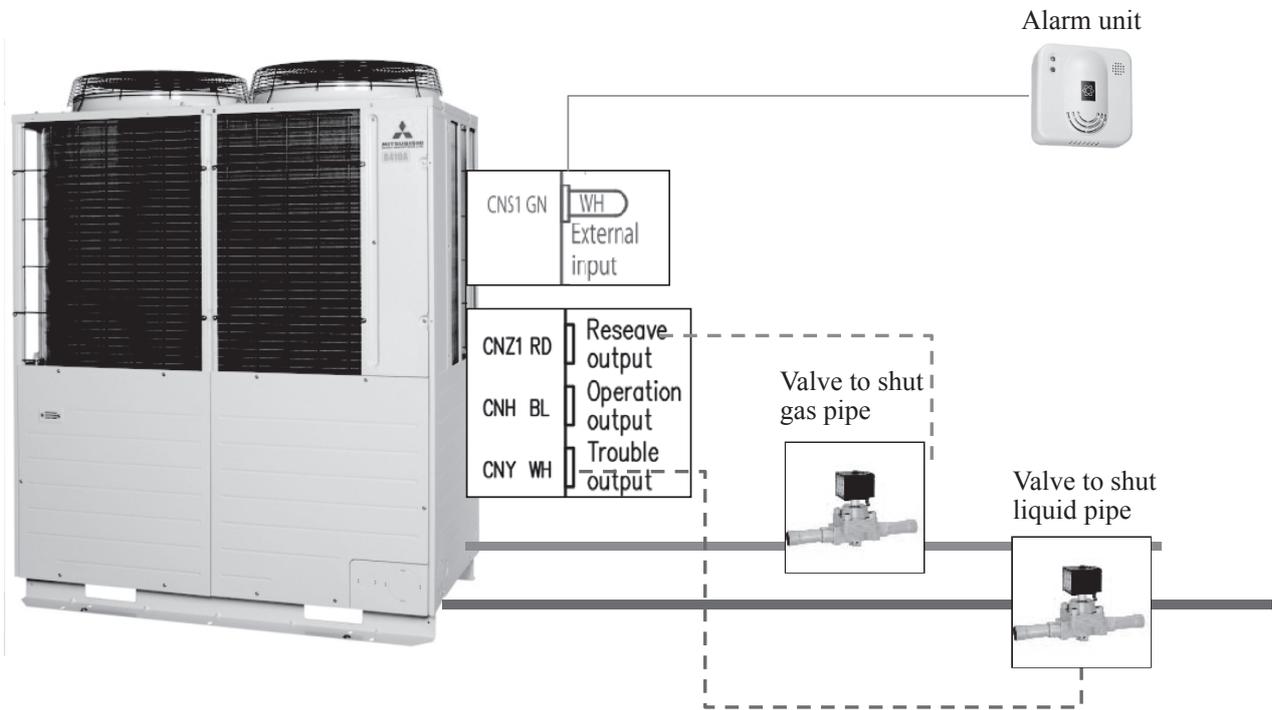
(iii) Ending condition

- ① When starting conditions for the status 1 are lost.
- ② State of error continues for 3 minutes after the error full stop. It cannot be reset in this condition from the remote control. If the starting conditions for Status 1 are not yet established later, this can be reset by the remote control inspection reset.

● Pump down external input

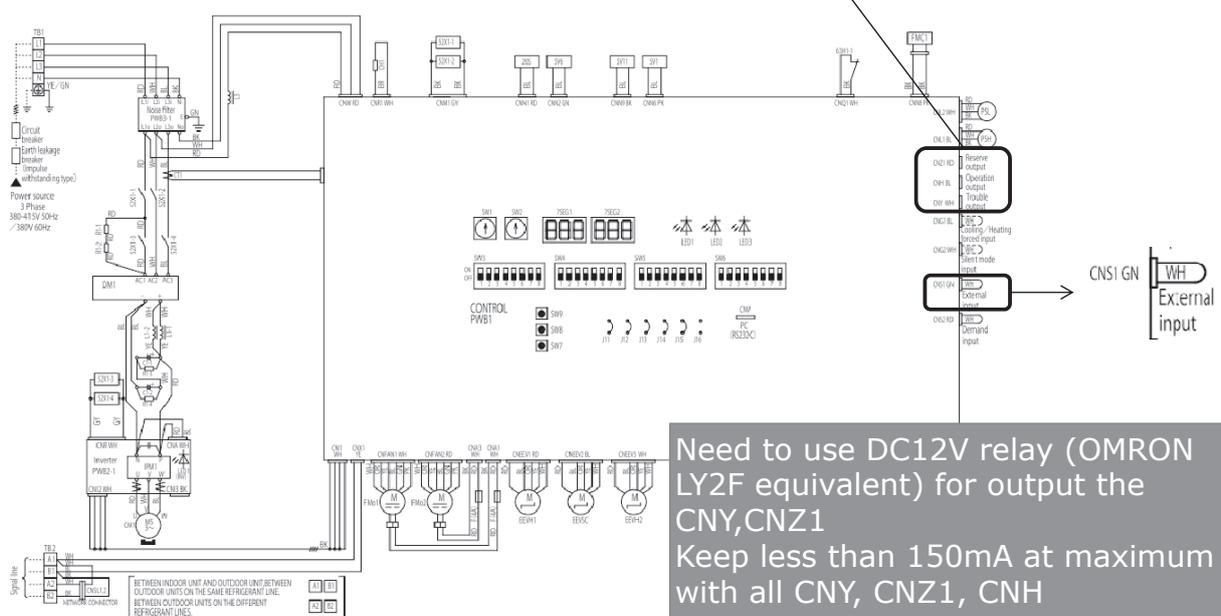


● Sample of system configuration



Output for valve to shut liquid pipe : CNY
 Wiring part no. PCZ006A051A
 Output for valve to shut gas pipe : CNZ1
 Wiring part no. PCZ006A051B

CNZ1 RD Reseave output
 CNH BL Operation output
 CNY WH Trouble output



Need to use DC12V relay (OMRON LY2F equivalent) for output the CNY, CNZ1
 Keep less than 150mA at maximum with all CNY, CNZ1, CNH

(10) VTCC : Variable Temperature and capacity control (VRF inverter Multi-system energy save control)

On the multi-system, target pressures are set uniformly so that indoor units operate with a constant capacity and repeat the ON/OFF control with which thermostats are turned OFF when temperatures become near the setting temperature.

Owing to the tuning of target high/low pressure near the setting temperature, it becomes possible to perform the high efficiency operation near the setting temperature.

For this reason, duration of time for highly efficient operation is increased by providing the compressor upper limit speed according to the thermostat ON capacity.

• Thermostat ON capacity ... Total capacity of indoor units which are operating with the thermostat ON

(a) Correction of target high/low pressure**(i) Starting condition (either of ① or ②)**

① When the external input function assignment [P07] - [P10]: Multi-system energy save control = Valid

② When 7-segment [P69] (Multi-system energy save control I) = ON, if the external input function assignment [P07] - [P10] is not assigned this control.

(ii) Contents of control**① During the outdoor unit operation mode at cooling**

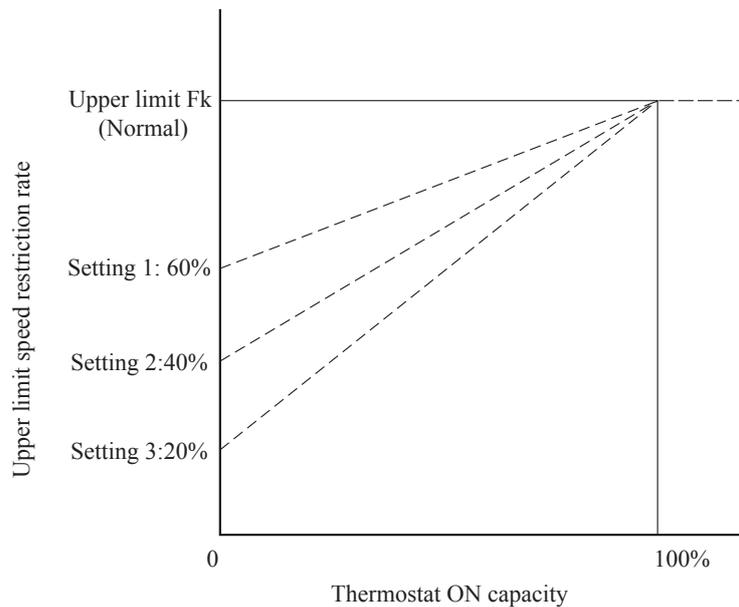
- Indoor load more than 50% → Corrected to the target cooling low pressure lower.
- Indoor load less than 50% → Corrected to the target cooling low pressure higher.

② During the outdoor unit operation mode at heating

- Indoor load more than 50% → Corrected to the target heating high pressure higher.
- Indoor load less than 50% → Corrected to the target heating high pressure lower.

$$\text{(Note) Indoor load condition (\%)} = \frac{\text{(Total capacity of indoor units of which load is high)}}{\text{Total capacity of indoor units with the thermostat ON}}$$

- (iii) Ending condition
 - ① When the starting conditions are lost.
- (b) Compressor upper limit speed restriction for each operation capacity
 - (i) Starting condition (either of ① or ②)
 - ① When the external input assignment [P07] – [P10]: Multi-system energy save operation = Valid and 7-segment [P16] (Multi-system energy save control II) = 1 or 2 or 3
 Factory default: 0 (OFF)/1 (Setting 1), 2 (Setting 2), 3 (Setting 3)
 - ② 7-segment [P16] = 1 or 2 or 3, if the external input function assignment [P07] – [P10] is not assigned this control.
 - (ii) Contents of control
 - ① Compressor upper limit speed is the value obtained by multiplying with the upper limit speed restriction rate according to the thermostat ON capacity.
 - ② The upper limit restriction rate is divided to the following 3 steps according to each setting of [P16] as follows.



- ③ Following controls supersede this control.
 - 4-way valve safeguard
 - Oil return operation
 - Pump-down operation for replacement
 - Defrost operation
 - Oil equalized operation
 - Start/Stop pump-down operation
- (iii) Ending condition
 - ① When the starting conditions are lost.

(C) Data output**(1) 7-segment display and operation data retention****(a) 7-segment display**

Operation information is displayed for checking various operation data during test run and for helping malfunction diagnosis at servicing. Input data to microcomputer, contents of outdoor unit control, registration information of indoor units and etc. are mainly displayed on the 7-segment LED.

(i) Operation information display

- 1) Each item is displayed at the 7-segment LED with 6-digit on outdoor control PCB
- 2) Left 3 digits are for code display and right 3 digits are for data display
- 3) The code No. of each item is selected by pressing SW9 for the order of 10 and SW8 for the order of 1.
- 4) If the code No. is set at "C99", the data of the code No. from "C00" to "C29" is displayed cyclically.
Code No. at factory setting is "C99"
- 5) If the code No. is set at other than "C99", the data of selected code No. is kept on displaying.
- 6) The code No. "C77" is for resetting

The contents of retained operation data (the data for a period of 30 minutes prior to error stop) can be erased by setting the code No. at "C77".

The resetting method is to select the code "C77" first. (If any error data is retained, "dEL" is displayed on the data display area.)

And then when press SW7 for 3 seconds, the retained error data can be erased. However the data of the code No. "C54" and "C55" (compressor cumulative operation time) are not erased.

When the data is erased, "---" is displayed on the data display area of 7-segment LED. And this is displayed as well when no error data is retained.

- 7) If SW8 (order of 1) is pressed, it displays in the order of $0 \Rightarrow 1 \Rightarrow 2 \dots \dots 9 \Rightarrow 0$.
- 8) If SW9 (order of 10) is pressed, it jumps to the leading code of each order of 10
(Example) If SW9 is pressed at the code No. "C07" displayed, it jumps to the code No. "C10".
- 9) The data of code No. "C54" and "C55" can be erased independently

The compressor cumulative operation time corresponding to the code No. selected can be erased (reset). (For resetting of the compressor cumulative operation time after replacement of compressor)

The resetting method is to select the code "C54" or "C55" first. (the compressor cumulative operation time corresponding to the code No. is displayed on the data display area of 7-segment LED.)

And then when press SW7 for 3 seconds, the retained data can be erased. However the data of the retained operation data (the data for 30 minutes before error stop) are not erased.

(ii) Individual definition of display contents

- 1) Code No. "C17": Subcooling degree at cooling mode

[Subcooling degree at cooling mode] =

[High pressure saturated temperature detected with high pressure sensor (PHS)]

-[Subcooling coil temperature detected with subcooling temperature thermistor (Tho-SC)]

The calculated result is displayed after rounding to one decimal place. Or if the calculated result is a negative value, "0.0" is displayed.

During heating mode this data might be unreliable as subcooling degree, but the result is displayed as it is.

- 2) Code No. "C18": Suction superheat degree

[Suction superheat degree] =

[Suction pipe temperature detected with suction pipe temperature thermistor (Tho-S)]

-[Low pressure saturated temperature detected with low pressure sensor (PLS)]

The calculated result is displayed after rounding to one decimal place. Or if the calculated result is a negative value, "0.0" is displayed.

- 3) Code No. "C19": Superheat degree of subcooling coil

[Superheat degree of subcooling coil] =

[Subcooling coil temperature detected with subcooling coil temperature thermistor (Tho-H)]

-[Low pressure saturated temperature detected with low pressure sensor (PLS)]

The calculated result is displayed after rounding to one decimal place. Or if the calculated result is a negative value, "0.0" is displayed.

- (iii) Error code displayed at error occurrence can be reset with the dip switch SW3-1 ON.
- (iv) Discharge pressure saturated temperature and suction pressure saturated temperature are displayed after rounding to unit, if it is -10.0°C or lower. (Because the 7-segment display range is 3-digit)
- (v) Priority of display

1) [EXX] > [CHX] > [PCLX] > [PoE] > [PoS] > [OPE] > [CXX]



Special display

[EXX]: Error code

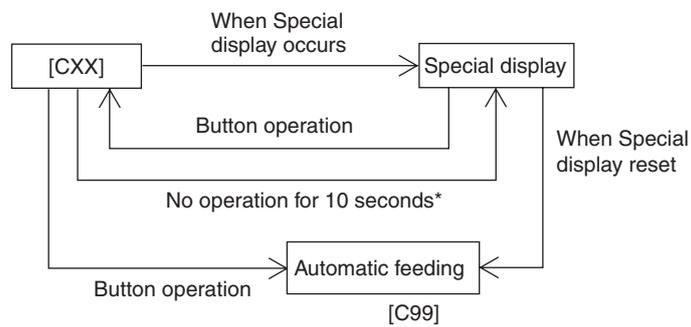
[CHX]: Check mode

[PoE], [PoS]: Pump down operation

[OPE]: Outdoor unit setting

- 2) If the state of 1) is reset, it is automatically switched to [CXX] (Automatic data display mode)
- 3) When pressing SW8 or SW9 under the state of 1), it switched to [CXX]

However the button input is not done for 10 seconds after switching to [CXX], the display is changed to the special display according to the priority of the state 1)



* If the special display is reset in the meanwhile, it remains [CXX].

(b) 7-Segment display

| Code No. | Contents of display | Data display range | Minimum unit | Remarks |
|----------|--|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| Đ | Unusual code Pump down Check mode Outdoor unit setup, piping cleaning | - | - | E?? PoE, PoS CH?, PCL? oPE?? |
| C00 | CM1 operating frequency | 0~130 | 1Hz | |
| C01 | CM2 operating frequency | 0~130 | 1Hz | |
| C02 | Tho-A Outdoor air temp. | L,-20~43 | 1°C | |
| C03 | Tho-R1 Heat exchanger temp. 1 (Exit. Front) | L,-25~73 | 1°C | |
| C04 | Tho-R2 Heat exchanger temp. 2 (Exit. Rear) | L,-25~73 | 1°C | |
| C05 | Tho-R3 Heat exchanger temp. 3 (Entrance. Front) | L,-25~73 | 1°C | |
| C06 | Tho-R4 Heat exchanger temp. 4 (Entrance. Rear) | L,-25~73 | 1°C | |
| C07 | Tho-D1 Discharge pipe temp. (CM1) | L,31~136 | 1°C | |
| C08 | Tho-D2 Discharge pipe temp. (CM2) | L,31~136 | 1°C | |
| C10 | Tho-C1 Under-dome temp. (CM1) | L,5~90 | 1°C | |
| C11 | Tho-C2 Under-dome temp. (CM2) | L,5~90 | 1°C | |
| C12 | Tho-P1 Power transistor temp. (CM1) | L,31~136 | 1°C | |
| C13 | Tho-P2 Power transistor temp. (CM2) | L,31~136 | 1°C | |
| C14 | Tho-SC Sub-cooling coil temp.1 | L,18~73 | 1°C | |
| C15 | Tho-SC Sub-cooling coil temp.2 | L,-25~73 | 1°C | |
| C16 | Tho-S Suction pipe temp. | L,-25~73 | 1°C | |
| C18 | CT1 Current (CM1) | 0~70 | 1A | |
| C19 | CT2 Current (CM2) | 0~70 | 1A | |
| C20 | EEVH1 Heating expansion valve opening angle | 0~500 | 1 Pulse | |
| C21 | EEVH2 Heating expansion valve opening angle | 0~500 | 1 Pulse | |
| C22 | Opening angle of EEVSC overcooling coil expansion valve | 0~500 | 1 Pulse | |
| C23 | FM01 Number of rotations | 0~1500 | 10 min ⁻¹ | |
| C24 | FM02 Number of rotations | 0~1500 | 10 min ⁻¹ | |
| C25 | PSH High pressure sensor | 0~5.00 | 0.01MPa | |
| C26 | PSL Low pressure sensor | 0~2.00 | 0.01MPa | |
| C30 | 63H1-1 63H1-2 (63H1-R) | 0,1 | - | Order of 100 : 63H1-1, 2 Order of 10 : 63H1-R (0: Close, 1: Open) |

| Code No. | Contents of display | Data display range | Minimum unit | Remarks |
|----------|--|--------------------|--------------|--|
| C31 | CNS1 CNS2 CNG1 | 0,1 | – | Order of 100 : CNS1 Order of 10 : CNS2 Order of 1 : CNG1 (0: Close, 1: Open) |
| C32 | CNG2 SV8 SV10 | 0,1 | – | Order of 100 : CNG1 Order of 10 : SV8 Order of 1 : SV10 (0: Close, 1: Open) |
| C33 | 52C1 52C2 CH1 | 0,1 | – | Order of 100 : 52C1 Order of 10 : 52C2 Order of 1 : CH1 (0: Close, 1: Open) |
| C34 | CH2 20S (20SL) | 0,1 | – | Order of 100 : CH2 Order of 10 : 20S Order of 1 : (20SL) (0: Close, 1: Open) |
| C35 | FMC1,2 | 0,1 | – | Order of 100 : FMC1,2 Order of 10 : Spare Order of 1 : Spare (0: Close, 1: Open) |
| C36 | SV1 SV2(20UF) (SV3) | 0,1 | – | Order of 100 : SV1 Order of 10 : SV2(20UF) Order of 1 : (SV3) (0: Close, 1: Open) |
| C37 | (SV4) SV6 SV7 | 0,1 | – | Order of 100 : (SV4) Order of 10 : SV6 Order of 1 : SV7 (0: Close, 1: open) |
| C38 | SV11 (SV13) | 0,1 | – | Order of 100 : SV11 Order of 10 : Spare Order of 1 : (SV13) (0: Close, 1: Open) |
| C39 | CNZ1 CNH CNY | 0,1 | – | Order of 100 : CNZ1(External output) Order of 10 : CNH(Operation output) Order of 1 : CNY(Error output) (0: Close, 1: Open) |
| C40 | Number of connected indoor unit | 0~80 | 1 | |
| C41 | Capacity of connected indoor unit | 0~999 | | |
| C42 | Number of operation indoor unit | 0~80 | 1 | |
| C43 | Required Fk total | 0~999 | 1Hz | |
| C44 | Compressor cumulative operating time (CM1) | 0~655 | 100h | |
| C45 | Compressor cumulative operating time (CM2) | 0~655 | 100h | |
| C46 | Discharge pressure saturation temperature | -50~70 | 0.1°C | Minimum unit 1°C at -10°C or lower |
| C47 | Suction pressure saturation temperature | -50~30 | 0.1°C | Minimum unit 1°C at -10°C or lower |
| C48 | Tho-SC1 saturated pressure | -0.68~4.15 | 0.01MPa | |
| C49 | Cooling operation subcooling | 0~50 | 1deg | |
| C50 | Super heat | 0~50 | 1deg | |
| C51 | Super heat of subcooling coil | 0~20 | 1deg | SHS |
| C52 | Tho-C1 Super heat | 0~50 | 0.1deg | |
| C53 | Tho-C2 Super heat | 0~50 | 0.1deg | |
| C54 | Target cooling low pressure | 0.00~2.00 | 0.01MPa | |
| C55 | Target heating high pressure | 1.60~4.15 | 0.01MPa | |
| C56 | Target Fk | 0~999 | 1Hz | |
| C57 | Inverter 1 operating frequency command | 0~140 | 1rps | |
| C58 | Inverter 2 operating frequency command | 0~140 | 1rps | |

| Code No. | Contents of display | Data display range | Minimum unit | Remarks |
|----------|--|--------------------|---------------------|--|
| C59 | FMo1 operating revolution command | 0~999 | 10min ⁻¹ | |
| C60 | FMo2 operating revolution command | 0~999 | 10min ⁻¹ | |
| C61 | Demand ratio | 0~100 | 1% | Only displaying |
| C65 | Outdoor operating mode pattern | 0~127 | 1 | |
| C66 | Control status | 0~127 | 1 | |
| C67 | Protection control status | 0~127 | 1 | See table on P.53 |
| C68 | Compressor stop causes | 0~127 | 1 | See table on P.54 |
| C69 | Time elapsed after compressor stop cause | 0~255 | 1h | |
| C70 | Protection control causes 1 | 0~127 | 1 | Displays No. of the protection control of which effect is the strongest among those occurred from the start of operation after the power on. |
| C71 | Protection control causes 2 | 0~127 | 1 | Displays No. of the protection control of which effect is stronger secondly among those occurred from the start of operation after the power on. |
| C72 | Protection control causes 3 | 0~127 | 1 | Displays No. of the protection control of which effect is stronger thirdly among those occurred from the start of operation after the power on. |
| C73 | Compressor error causes 1 | 0~127 | 1 | Displays No. of the error detection of which effect is the strongest among those occurred from the start of operation after the power on. |
| C74 | Compressor error causes 2 | 0~127 | 1 | Displays No. of the error detection of which effect is stronger secondly among those occurred from the start of operation after the power on. |
| C75 | Compressor error causes 3 | 0~127 | 1 | Displays No. of the error detection of which effect is stronger thirdly among those occurred from the start of operation after the power on. |
| C80 | Counter · Current cut (CM1) | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C81 | Counter · Current cut (CM2) | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C82 | Counter · Power transistor overheat (CM1) | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C83 | Counter · Power transistor overheat (CM2) | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C84 | Counter · Compressor startup failure (CM1) | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C85 | Counter · Compressor startup failure (CM2) | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C86 | Counter · Anomalous compressor by loss of synchronism (CM1) | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C87 | Counter · Anomalous compressor by loss of synchronism (CM2) | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C88 | Counter · Communication error between inverter PCB and outdoor control (CM1) | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C89 | Counter · Communication error between inverter PCB and outdoor control (CM2) | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C90 | Counter · Anomalous FMo1 | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C91 | Counter · Anomalous FMo2 | 0~255 | 1 | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C92 | Counter · Indoor-outdoor communications error | 0~255 | — | EEPROM memory. Resettable. |
| C93 | Counter · CPU reset | 0~255 | — | |

| Code No. | Contents of display | Data display range | Minimum unit | Remarks |
|-------------------------|---|---|--------------|---|
| C94 | Auto back up capable time | 0-80 | 1h | |
| C97 | Program sub-version | 0-991 | — | |
| C98 | Program POL version | 0.00-9.99 | 0.01 | |
| C99 | Auto send display | — | — | |
| P01 | Switching to operation priority | 0: (Factory default) 0, 1, 2, 3 | 1 | |
| P02 | Outdoor fan snow protection control | 0: (Factory default) 0, 1 | — | 0 : Invalid 1 : Valid |
| P03 | Outdoor fan snow protection control ON time setting | 30: (Factory default) 10,30-600(sec) | 30 | Changes to 10, 30, 60, 90 ... 600. |
| P04 | Many steps demand setting (1st step demand) | 080: (Factory default) 000,040,060,080 | — | |
| P05 | Silent mode setting | 0: (Factory default) 0 ~ 3 | 1 | |
| P06 | CNZ1 function assignment | 0: (Factory default) 0 ~ 9 | 1 | |
| P07 | CNS1 function assignment | 0-12 | 1 | Factory setting: 0 (External operation input) |
| P08 | CNS2 function assignment | 0-12 | 1 | Factory setting: 1 (Demand input) |
| P09 | CNG1 function assignment | 0-12 | 1 | Factory setting: 2 (Forced cooling/heating input) |
| P10 | CNG2 function assignment | 0-12 | 1 | Factory setting: 3 (Silent mode input) |
| P14 | Many steps demand setting. (2nd step demand) | 080: (Factory default) 000,040,060,080 | — | |
| P15 | Many steps demand setting. (3rd step demand) | 080: (Factory default) 000,040,060,080 | — | |
| P16 | Multi-system energy save control II | 0: (Factory default) 0, 1, 2, 3 | 1 | |
| P17 | After changing mode from operation prohibition mode | 0: (Factory default) 0, 1 | 1 | |
| P18 | Mode unmatched indoor unit setting in forced mode | 0: (Factory default) 0, 1 | 1 | |
| P19 | Pump-down operation by external input | 0: (Factory default) 0, 1 | 1 | |
| <New superlink setting> | | | | |
| P30 | Superlink communication status | 0, 1 | — | 0: Current Superlink 1: New Superlink |
| P31 | Start automatic address setting | | — | 0: Automatic address setting standby 1: Automatic address setting start |
| P32 | Input stating indoor address | 0: (Factory default) 1-127 | 1 | Specify the starting indoor address connected in one refrigerant system for automatic address setting. |
| P33 | Input the number of connected indoor units | 0: (Factory default) 1-24(*) | 1 | Specify the number of indoor units connected in one refrigerant system for automatic address setting. (*) Maximum connectable number of indoor units for each outdoor unit |
| P34 | Polarity definition | 0: (Factory default) 0, 1 | — | 0: Network polarity not defined 1: Network polarity defined |
| P69 | Multi-system energy save control I | 0: (Factory default) 0, 1 | 1 | |

| Code No. | Contents of display | Data display range | Minimum unit | Remarks |
|----------|--|--------------------|--------------|---------|
| AUX | Auto address setting on | | | |
| AUE | Indoor unit address No. assignment normal ending | | | |
| A01 | Indoor unit address No. assignment error 1 | | | |
| A02 | Indoor unit address No. assignment error 2 | | | |
| A03 | Indoor unit address No. assignment error 3 | | | |
| A04 | Superlink setting error | | | |

[C67] Protection control status

<Definition of signal>

Shows the status of protection control in operation currently.

If two or more controls among the following protection controls are established simultaneously, No. of the control of which number is larger is displayed.

| | Protection control status | Number |
|--------------------|--|--------|
| Ordinary control | No operation of protective control | 0 |
| | | |
| Protection control | During HP protection | 1 |
| | Spare | 2 |
| | During LP protection | 3 |
| | During discharge temperature | 4 |
| | During specific pressure protection | 5 |
| | During under-dome temperature protection | 6 |
| | During current safe protection | 7 |
| | During power transistor temperature protection | 8 |
| | | |

[C68] Compressor stop causes**<Definition of signal>**

Shows the latest compressor stop cause counted from right now.

(Excluding the ordinary stop, etc.)

Output of the No. is retained till next compressor stop cause occurs.

| | Compressor stop causes | Number |
|--|--|-----------------------|
| | No history | 0 |
| Sensor wire breakage | Tho-A | 1 |
| | Tho-R1 | 2 |
| | Tho-R2 | 3 |
| | Tho-R3 | 4 |
| | Tho-R4 | 5 |
| | Tho-D1 | 6 |
| | Tho-D2 | 7 |
| | Tho-SC | 8 |
| | Tho-H | 9 |
| | Tho-S | 10 |
| | Tho-C1 | 11 |
| | Tho-C2 | 12 |
| | Tho-P1 | 13 |
| | Tho-P2 | 14 |
| | High pressure sensor | 15 |
| | Low pressure sensor | 16 |
| System error | High pressure anomaly | 20 |
| | Low pressure anomaly | 21 |
| | Discharge temperature error (Tho-D1) | 22 |
| | Discharge temperature error (Tho-D2) | 23 |
| | Liquid flooding anomaly (CM1) | 24 |
| | Liquid flooding anomaly (CM2) | 25 |
| | Spare | 26 |
| Fan • Compressor Communication error | Outdoor DC fan motor anomaly (FMo1) | 30 |
| | Outdoor DC fan motor anomaly (FMo2) | 31 |
| | Current cut (CM1) | 32 |
| | Current cut (CM2) | 33 |
| | Power transistor overheat (CM1) | 34 |
| | Power transistor overheat (CM2) | 35 |
| | Compressor startup failure (CM1) | 36 |
| | Compressor startup failure (CM2) | 37 |
| | Communication error between inverter PCB and outdoor control (CM1) | 38 |
| | Communication error between inverter PCB and outdoor control (CM2) | 39 |
| | Anomalous compressor by loss of synchronism (CM1) | 40 |
| | Anomalous compressor by loss of synchronism (CM2) | 41 |
| | Communication error between the master unit and slave units | 42 |
| | Compressor stop by control | Operation mode change |
| Differential pressure startup prevention control | | 51 |
| Protect for heating overload | | 52 |
| Spare | | 53 |

(c) Saving of Operation Data

For the purpose to investigate the cause of trouble in the field, the operation data are always saved in the memory, and if the trouble occurs, the data writing is stopped and the operation data prior to the trouble occurrence are recorded. These data can be retrieved to personal computer through RS232C connector on the outdoor control PCB and utilized for probing the cause.

- (i) Operation data for a period of 30 minutes prior to the present operation are saved and updated sequentially.
- (ii) If an anomalous stop occurs, the data are not updated any more.
- (iii) Data are written in at 1-minute interval and following data will be transmitted to PC upon demand.

| Data | Data Range | Example |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Software version | Ascii 15 byte | KV1C100##### (#: NULL) |
| PID (program ID) | Ascii 2 byte | 5D |
| Outdoor unit capacity | Ascii 3 byte | As shown in table at right |
| Power supply frequency | Ascii 2 byte | 60 |
| Outdoor address | Ascii 2 byte | 00 ~ 3F |
| Indoor address × 16 units | Ascii 2 byte × 16 units | 40 ~ 7F |
| Indoor capacity × 16 units | Ascii 3 byte × 16 units | 022 ~ 280 |

| Outdoor unit capacity data | Outdoor unit capacity data | Remarks |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Single type | Example: 20HP - [S20] | S: Display with Horse Power of single type or single use of combination type |
| Master unit of combination type | Example: 40HP - [S40] | S: Display with Horse Power of master unit of combination type |
| Slave unit of combination type | Example: 20HP - [C20] | C: Display with Horse Power of slave unit of combination type |

- (iv) Error retention and monitoring data

< Indoor unit indicate data >

| Code No. | Write-in contents | Record data | | | | |
|----------|---|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | Data write-in range | Write-in unit | Number of bytes | Contents | |
| 00 | Indoor unit 1 Thi-A | 10~52 | 1°C | 1 | Air inlet temp. | |
| 01 | Indoor unit 1 Thi-R1 | -19~71 | 1°C | 1 | Heat exchanger temp. 1 | |
| 02 | Indoor unit 1 Thi-R2 | -19~71 | 1°C | 1 | Heat exchanger temp. 2 | |
| 03 | Indoor unit 1 Thi-R3 | -19~71 | 1°C | 1 | Heat exchanger temp. 3 | |
| 04 | Indoor unit 1 EEV | 0~470 | 1 pulse | 2 | | |
| 05 | Indoor unit I setting temperature | 0~127 | 0.5°C | 1 | 05H command | |
| 06 | Indoor unit I Operation mode/Air capacity | 0~500 | - | 2 | 0 | Not used (Data not received) |
| | | | | | 100 | Dehumidifying stop 0-speed |
| | | | | | 110 | Dehumidifying operation 0-speed |
| | | | | | 111 | Dehumidifying operation 1-speed |
| | | | | | 112 | Dehumidifying operation 2-speed |
| | | | | | 113 | Dehumidifying operation 3-speed |
| | | | | | 114 | Dehumidifying operation 4-speed |
| | | | | | 115 | Dehumidifying operation 5-speed |
| | | | | | 116 | Dehumidifying operation 6-speed |
| | | | | | 200 | Cooling stop 0-speed |
| | | | | | 210 | Cooling operation 0-speed |
| | | | | | 211 | Cooling operation 1-speed |
| | | | | | 212 | Cooling operation 2-speed |
| | | | | | 213 | Cooling operation 3-speed |
| | | | | | 214 | Cooling operation 4-speed |
| | | | | | 215 | Cooling operation 5-speed |
| | | | | | 216 | Cooling operation 6-speed |
| | | | | | 300 | Fan stop 0-speed |
| | | | | | 310 | Fan operation 0-speed |
| | | | | | 311 | Fan operation 1-speed |
| 312 | Fan operation 2-speed | | | | | |
| 313 | Fan operation 3-speed | | | | | |
| 314 | Fan operation 4-speed | | | | | |
| 315 | Fan operation 5-speed | | | | | |
| 316 | Fan operation 6-speed | | | | | |
| 400 | Heating stop 0-speed | | | | | |
| 410 | Heating operation 0-speed | | | | | |

| Code No. | Write-in contents | Record data | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Data write-in range | Write-in unit | Number of bytes | Contents |
| | | | | | 411 Heating operation 1-speed |
| | | | | | 412 Heating operation 2-speed |
| | | | | | 413 Heating operation 3-speed |
| | | | | | 414 Heating operation 4-speed |
| | | | | | 415 Heating operation 5-speed |
| | | | | | 416 Heating operation 6-speed |
| 07 | Indoor unit 1 Demand frequency | 0~255 | 1 Hz | 1 | |
| 08 | Indoor unit 1 Answer frequency | 0~255 | 1 Hz | 1 | |
| 09 | Indoor unit 1 Indoor local | — | — | 1 | Bit0 Anti-frost |
| | | | | | Bit1 Aperture command ON |
| 10 | Indoor unit 1 Thi spare | -10~52 | 1°C | 1 | Air outlet temp. |
| 11 | Indoor unit 1 Model | 0~85 | — | 1 | 0 FDT |
| | | | | | 1 FDK |
| | | | | | 2 other |
| | | | | | 3 FDE |
| | | | | | 4 FDTC |
| | | | | | 5 Outdoor air intake unit |
| | | | | | 6 Spacious area |
| | | | | | 7 Outdoor air treatment |
| 12 | Indoor unit 1 PID | — | — | 1 | |
| Data contents for indoor 2 to 16 are same as above. | | | | | |

<Outdoor unit indicate data>

| Code No. | Write-in contents | Record data | | | |
|----------|--|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|---|
| | | Data write-in range | Write-in unit | Number of bytes | Contents |
| 00 | Anomalous code | 00~99 | — | 1 | 00: No anomalous, outdoor unit all anomalous ??? |
| 01 | Address of unit where trouble occurred | 00~FF | — | 1 | 00~3F: Outdoor unit side, 40~6F: Indoor unit side |
| 02 | Tho-A Outdoor air temp. | -20~70 | A/D value | 1 | |
| 03 | Heat exchanger temp. 1 (Exit, Front) | -35~75 | A/D value | 2 | Cooling liquid side |
| 04 | Heat exchanger temp. 2 (Exit, Rear) | -35~75 | A/D value | 2 | Cooling liquid side |
| 05 | Heat exchanger temp. 3 (Entrance, Front) | -35~75 | A/D value | 2 | Cooling gas side |
| 06 | Heat exchanger temp. 4 (Entrance, Rear) | -35~75 | A/D value | 2 | Cooling gas side |
| 07 | Tho-D1 Discharge pipe temp. (CM1) | 20~140 | A/D value | 1 | |
| 08 | Tho-D2 Discharge pipe temp. (CM2) | 20~140 | A/D value | 1 | |
| 09 | Tho-C1 Under-dome temp. (CM1) | -15~90 | A/D value | 1 | |
| 10 | Tho-C2 Under-dome temp. (CM2) | -15~90 | A/D value | 1 | |
| 11 | Tho-P1 Power transistor temp. (Heat dissipation fin) | 20~140 | A/D value | 1 | |
| 12 | Tho-P2 Power transistor temp. (Heat dissipation fin) | 20~140 | A/D value | 1 | |
| 13 | Tho-S Suction pipe temp. | -35~75 | A/D value | 2 | |
| 14 | Tho-SC Subcooling coil temp. 1 | 18~73 | A/D value | 1 | Liquid pipe side |

| Code No. | Write-in contents | Record data | | | | |
|----------|--|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------|
| | | Data write-in range | Write-in unit | Number of bytes | Contents | |
| 15 | Tho-H Sub cooling coil temp.2 | -35~75 | A/D value | 2 | Suction pipe side | |
| 16 | Injection suction pipe temp.1 (spare) | -40~75 | A/D value | 2 | | |
| 17 | Receiver liquid surface detection temp.1 (spare) | -40~75 | A/D value | 2 | | |
| 18 | CT1 Current | 0~50 | A/D value | 1 | | |
| 19 | CT2 Current | 0~50 | A/D value | 1 | | |
| 20 | Inverter secondary current 1 | 0~50 | A/D value | 1 | | |
| 21 | Inverter secondary current 2 | 0~50 | A/D value | 1 | | |
| 22 | High pressure sensor | 0.00~5.00 | A/D value | 1 | | |
| 23 | Low pressure sensor | 0.00~2.00 | A/D value | 1 | | |
| 24 | Liquid pipe pressure sensor | 0.00~4.15 | A/D value | 1 | | |
| 25 | Indoor unit connection number | 0~255 | 1 unit | 1 | | |
| 26 | Indoor unit connection capacity | 0~65535 | — | 2 | | |
| 27 | Indoor unit thermostat ON number | 0~255 | 1 unit | 1 | | |
| 28 | Indoor unit cooling thermostat ON capacity | 0~65535 | — | 2 | | |
| 29 | Indoor unit heating thermostat ON capacity | 0~65535 | — | 2 | | |
| 30 | Operation mode | 0~2 | — | 1 | 0 | Stop |
| | | | | | 1 | Cooling |
| | | | | | 2 | Heating |
| 31 | Spare (Outdoor unit operation pattern) | 0~255 | 1 | 1 | Real range is 1~17 | |
| 32 | CM1 frequency | 0~130 | 1 rps | 1 | | |
| 33 | CM2 frequency | 0~130 | 1 rps | 1 | | |
| 34 | FM01 Number of rotations | 0~65535 | 10 min ⁻¹ | 2 | | |
| 35 | FM02 Number of rotations | 0~65535 | 10 min ⁻¹ | 2 | | |
| 36 | Required Hz total | 0~65535 | 1Hz | 2 | | |
| 37 | Discharge pressure saturation temp. | -50~70 | 0.1°C | 2 | | |
| 38 | Intake pressure saturation temp. | -50~70 | 0.1°C | 2 | | |
| 39 | Pressure ratio | 1.0~10.0 | 0.1 | 1 | | |
| 40 | Cooling operation subcooling | 0~50 | A/D value | 1 | | |
| 41 | Super heat of suction pipe | 0~50 | A/D value | 1 | | |
| 42 | Super heat of subcooling coil | 0~50 | A/D value | 1 | | |

| Code No. | Write-in contents | Record data | | | | | |
|----------|---|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| | | Data write-in range | Write-in unit | Number of bytes | Contents | | |
| 43 | Under-dome super heat CM1 | -32768~ -32767 | 0.01°C | 2 | | | |
| 44 | Under-dome super heat CM2 | -32768~ -32767 | 0.01°C | 2 | | | |
| 45 | Target FK | 0~65535 | 1Hz | 2 | | | |
| 46 | Inverter CM1 operation frequency | 0~255 | 1Hz | 1 | | | |
| 47 | Inverter CM2 operation frequency | 0~255 | 1Hz | 1 | | | |
| 48 | FMo1 rotation command | 0~2550 | 10 min ⁻¹ | 1 | | | |
| 49 | FMo2 rotation command | 0~2550 | 10 min ⁻¹ | 1 | | | |
| 50 | EEVH1 opening angle | 0~65535 | 1pulse | 2 | | | |
| 51 | EEVH2 opening angle | 0~65535 | 1pulse | 2 | | | |
| 52 | EEVSC opening angle | 0~65535 | 1pulse | 2 | | | |
| 53 | EEVD opening angle | 0~65535 | 1pulse | 2 | (Spare) | | |
| 54 | Target cooling low pressure of compressor | 0.00~2.00 | 0.01MPa | 1 | | | |
| 55 | Target heating high pressure of compressor | 0.00~4.15 | 0.01MPa | 2 | | | |
| 56 | Target differential temperature of heating CSST | 0~127 | 1°C | 1 | Real range is 5~30 deg | | |
| 57 | Spare | — | — | 1 | | | |
| 58 | Target super heat of outdoor unit EEVSC | 0~25.5 | 0.1°C | 1 | | | |
| 59 | Spare | — | — | 1 | | | |
| 60 | Spare | — | — | 1 | | | |
| 61 | Spare | — | — | 1 | | | |
| 62 | Output of relay | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | 52C1 | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit1 | 52C2 | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit2 | CH1 | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit3 | CH2 | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit4 | 20S | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit5 | Spare(20S) | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit6 | FMC1,2 | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit7 | Spare(FMC3) | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| 63 | Output of relay | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | SV1 | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit1 | SV2(20UF) | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit2 | Spare(SV4) | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit3 | SV6 | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit4 | SV7 | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit5 | Spare(SV8) | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit6 | Spare(SV10) | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit7 | SV11 | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| 64 | Output of relay | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | Spare(SV12) | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit1 | Spare(SV13) | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit2 | Spare | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit3 | Spare | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit4 | Spare | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit5 | CNZ1 | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit6 | CnH | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit7 | CnY | 0: OFF, 1: ON |
| 65 | Compressor 1 cumulative operating time (estimate) | 0~65535 | h | 2 | | | |

| Code No. | Write-in contents | Record data | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| | | Data write-in range | Write-in unit | Number of bytes | Contents |
| 66 | Compressor 2 cumulative operating time (estimate) | 0~65535 | h | 2 | |
| 67 | Compressor 1 start times | 0~65535 | 20 times | 2 | |
| 68 | Compressor 2 start times | 0~65535 | 20 times | 2 | |
| 69 | Control status CM1 3-minute delay timer | 0~180 | 1 second | 1 | |
| 70 | Control status CM2 3-minute delay timer | 0~180 | 1 second | 1 | |
| 71 | Control status CH compressor protection timer | 0~360 | 3 minutes | 1 | |
| 72 | Control status CH compressor protective start | 0~15 | — | 1 | 15 Protective start end |
| | | | | | 0~14 During protective start |
| 73 | Control status Oil equalization | 0~127 | — | 1 | 0 None |
| | | | | | 1 Oil equalized rotation |
| | | | | | 10 Oil equalized operation 1 |
| | | | | | 20 Oil equalized operation 2 |
| | | | | | 30 Oil equalized operation 3 |
| | | | | | 41 Oil equalized operation 4-1 |
| | | | | | 42 Oil equalized operation 4-2 |
| | | | | | 51 Oil equalized operation 5-1 |
| | | | | | 52 Oil equalized operation 5-2 |
| | | | | | 61 Oil equalized operation 6-1 |
| | | | | | 62 Oil equalized operation 6-2 |
| | | | | | 71 Oil equalized operation 7-1 |
| | | | | | 72 Oil equalized operation 7-2 |
| | | | | | 81 Oil equalized operation 8-1 |
| 82 Oil equalized operation 8-2 | | | | | |
| 74 | Control status Oil return | 0~2 | — | 1 | 0 None |
| | | | | | 1 Oil return (cooling) |
| | | | | | 2 Oil return (gas cycle) |
| 75 | Control status Defrost kinds + defrost status | 0~127 | — | 1 | 0 None |
| | | | | | 11 Thermal condition defrost status 1 |
| | | | | | 12 Thermal condition defrost status 2 |
| | | | | | 13 Thermal condition defrost status 3 |
| | | | | | 14 Thermal condition defrost status 4 |
| | | | | | 21 Strength type thermal condition defrost status 1 |
| | | | | | 22 Strength type thermal condition defrost status 2 |
| | | | | | 23 Strength type thermal condition defrost status 3 |
| | | | | | 24 Strength type thermal condition defrost status 4 |
| | | | | | 31 Time condition defrost status 1 |
| | | | | | 32 Time condition defrost status 2 |
| | | | | | 33 Time condition defrost status 3 |
| | | | | | 34 Time condition defrost status 4 |
| | | | | | 76 |
| 1 Compressor OFF | | | | | |
| 2 For 70 seconds after compressor ON | | | | | |
| 3 After 70 to 180 seconds after compressor ON | | | | | |
| 4 After 180 to 195 seconds after compressor ON | | | | | |
| 77 | Control status 1 | — | — | 1 | Bit0 Super Link communication state 0: SL I (old SL) 1: SL II (new SL) |
| | | | | | Bit1 In trial operation control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit2 In demand control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit3 Silent mode 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit4 Spare 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit5 Spare 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit6 Spare 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit7 In pump-down control at Start/Stop 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| 78 | Control status 2 | — | — | 1 | Bit0 In low outdoor temperature control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit1 In for replacement pump-down control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit2 Compressor dilution protection 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit3 Outdoor heat exchanger refrigerant purge 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit4 Indoor heat exchanger refrigerant purge 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit5 Spare 0: Normal 1: Practice |

| Code No. | Write-in contents | Record data | | | |
|----------|--|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| | | Data write-in range | Write-in unit | Number of bytes | Contents |
| | | | | | Bit6 Spare 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit7 Spare 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| 79 | Control status 3 | — | — | 1 | Bit0 Auto backup operation 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit1 Spare 0: Count 1: Count up |
| | | | | | Bit2 Spare 0: Count 1: Count up |
| | | | | | Bit3 Spare 0: Count 1: Count up |
| | | | | | Bit4 Spare 0: Count 1: Count up |
| | | | | | Bit5 Spare 0: Count 1: Count up |
| | | | | | Bit6 Spare 0: Count 1: Count up |
| | | | | | Bit7 Spare 0: Count 1: Count up |
| 81 | Backup cumulative time | 0~127 | 1 hour | 1 | |
| 82 | Check operation status | 0~2 | — | 1 | 0 Normal |
| | | | | | 1 Insufficient check operation start condition |
| | | | | | 2 Check operation warm-up |
| | | | | | 3 Check operation ON |
| | | | | | 4 Check operation stop |
| | | | | | 5 Operation valve is closed |
| | | | | | 6 Indoor unit abnormal |
| | | | | | 7 Normal ending of check operation |
| 83 | Spare | | | | |
| 84 | Control status Refrigerant quantity check | 0~127 | — | 1 | |
| 85 | Protection control status 1 | — | — | 1 | Bit0 HP protection 1 Compressor capacity control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit1 HP protection 2 Gas bypass control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit2 HP protection 3 Heating stop indoor unit slight opening control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit3 LP protection 1 Compressor capacity control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit4 LP protection 2 Compressor rising rate control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit5 LP protection 3 Outdoor unit EEV control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit6 LP protection 4 Oil separator SV control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit7 Td protection 1 Compressor capacity control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| 86 | Protection control status 2 | — | — | 1 | Bit0 Td protection 2-1 EEVSC-Td cooling control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit1 Td protection 2-2 EEVH-Td cooling control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit2 Td protection 4 Heating stop indoor unit slight opening control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit3 Td protection 5 Outdoor unit EEV control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit4 CS protection 1 Compressor capacity control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit5 Tc protection 1 Compressor capacity control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit6 Tc protection 2 Gas bypass control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit7 Tc protection 3 CM dilution protection control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| 87 | Protection control status 3 | — | — | 1 | Bit0 CM protection 1 Compressor capacity control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit1 CM protection 2 Outdoor unit EEV control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit2 PT protection 1 Compressor capacity control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit3 PT protection 2 Inverter cooling fan control 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit4 Dilution rate protection 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| 88 | Protection control causes 1 | 0~127 | — | 1 | |
| 89 | Protection control causes 2 | 0~127 | — | 1 | |

| Code No. | Write-in contents | Record data | | | |
|----------|--|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------|
| | | Data write-in range | Write-in unit | Number of bytes | Contents |
| 90 | Protection control causes 3 | 0~127 | — | 1 | |
| 91 | Compressor stop causes | 0~127 | — | 1 | |
| 92 | Compressor stop causes lapse of time | 0~255 | 1h | 1 | |
| 93 | Control status High pressure anomaly (63H1) counter | 0~5 | — | 1 | |
| 94 | Control status Low pressure anomaly (running) counter | 0~5 | — | 1 | |
| 95 | Control status Low pressure anomaly (starting) counter | 0~5 | — | 1 | |
| 96 | Control status Low pressure anomaly (stopped) counter | 0~5 | — | 1 | |
| 97 | Control status Discharge temperature error (Tho-D1) counter | 0~5 | — | 1 | |
| 98 | Control status Discharge temperature error (Tho-D2) counter | 0~5 | — | 1 | |
| 99 | Control status Cut off sensor counter | 0~5 | — | 1 | |
| 100 | Control status Liquid flooding anomaly counter | 0~3 | — | 1 | |
| 101 | Counter • Current cut (CM1) | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 102 | Counter • Current cut (CM2) | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 103 | Counter • Power transistor overheat (CM1) | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 104 | Counter • Power transistor overheat (CM2) | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 105 | Counter • Compressor startup failure (CM1) | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 106 | Counter • Compressor startup failure (CM2) | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 107 | Counter • Anomalous compressor by loss of synchronism (CM1) | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 108 | Counter • Anomalous compressor by loss of synchronism (CM2) | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 109 | Counter • Communication error between inverter PCB and outdoor control (CM1) | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 110 | Counter • Communication error between inverter PCB and outdoor control (CM2) | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 111 | Counter • Anomalous FMo1 | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 112 | Counter • Anomalous FMo2 | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 113 | Counter • Indoor-outdoor communications error | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 114 | Counter • CPU reset | 0~255 | — | 1 | |
| 115 | Compressor error causes 1 | 0~127 | — | 1 | |
| 116 | Compressor error causes 2 | 0~127 | — | 1 | |
| 117 | Compressor error causes 3 | 0~127 | — | 1 | |

| Code No. | Write-in contents | Record data | | | | | |
|----------|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| | | Data write-in range | Write-in unit | Number of bytes | Contents | | |
| 118 | INV 1 information | — | — | 1 | Version (Initial value FFh) | | |
| 119 | | — | — | 1 | DIP SW (Initial value FFh) | | |
| 120 | INV 2 information | — | — | 1 | Version (Initial value FFh) | | |
| 121 | | — | — | 1 | DIP SW (Initial value FFh) | | |
| 122 | Indoor unit control status 1 | Error causes status | — | 1 | Bit0 | Spare | 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit1 | Spare | 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit2 | Spare | 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit3 | Indoor unit cooling startup control 1 (normal) | 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit4 | Indoor unit cooling startup control 2 (prevent liquid back) | 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit5 | Indoor unit heating startup control | 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit6 | Indoor unit outlet temp. of heating control assist | 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit7 | Indoor unit refrigerant withdrawing control | 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| 123 | Indoor unit control status 2 | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | Spare | 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| | | | | | Bit1 | Spare | 0: Normal 1: Practice |
| 124 | External input | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | 63H1 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit1 | Spare | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit2 | CNS1 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit3 | CNS2 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit4 | CNG1 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit5 | CNG2 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| 125 | DIP SW [SW 3] | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | SW3-1 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit1 | SW3-2 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit2 | SW3-3 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit3 | SW3-4 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit4 | SW3-5 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit5 | SW3-6 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit6 | SW3-7 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit7 | SW3-8 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| 126 | DIP SW [SW 4] | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | SW4-1 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit1 | SW4-2 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit2 | SW4-3 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit3 | SW4-4 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit4 | SW4-5 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit5 | SW4-6 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit6 | SW4-7 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit7 | SW4-8 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| 127 | DIP SW [SW 5] | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | SW5-1 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit1 | SW5-2 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit2 | SW5-3 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit3 | SW5-4 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit4 | SW5-5 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit5 | SW5-6 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit6 | SW5-7 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit7 | SW5-8 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| 128 | DIP SW [SW 6] | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | SW6-1 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit1 | SW6-2 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit2 | SW6-3 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit3 | SW6-4 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit4 | SW6-5 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit5 | SW6-6 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit6 | SW6-7 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit7 | SW6-8 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| 129 | Jumper SW | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | J11 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit1 | J12 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit2 | J13 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit3 | J14 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit4 | J15 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| | | | | | Bit5 | J16 | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| 130 | Software SW | — | — | 1 | Bit0 | Spare | |
| | | | | | Bit1 | Spare | |
| | | | | | Bit2 | Spare | |
| | | | | | Bit3 | Outdoor fan snow protection control | |

| Code No. | Write-in contents | Record data | | | | | |
|----------|--|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------|---|--|
| | | Data write-in range | Write-in unit | Number of bytes | Contents | | |
| | | | | | Bit4 | Spare | |
| | | | | | Bit5 | Switching to heating wind temperature security priority | |
| 131 | Priority operation SW | 0,1 | — | 1 | 0 | First push priority | |
| | | | | | 1 | Last push priority | |
| 132 | Heating setting 1 (Target exit temperature) | 40~50 | 1°C | 1 | | | |
| 133 | Heating setting 2 (Target of high temperature) | 3.15~2.75 | 0.05MPa | 1 | | | |
| 134 | Heating setting 3 (Judgment temperature) | 30~38 | 1°C | 1 | | | |
| 135 | CNS1 function assignment | 0~9 | — | 1 | | | |
| 136 | CNS2 function assignment | 0~9 | — | 1 | | | |
| 137 | CNG1 function assignment | 0~9 | — | 1 | | | |
| 138 | CNG2 function assignment | 0~9 | — | 1 | | | |
| 139 | External output function assignment function assignment | 0~9 | — | 1 | | | |
| 140 | State in check operation (User's operation, limited to 255 - 1→0 only) | 0~255 | — | 1 | | | |
| 141 | Spare | | | | | | |

(2) Outdoor PCB setting

| Code | Input | Remarks |
|-------|---|---------------------|
| SW1 | Outdoor address No. (Order of 10) | |
| SW2 | Outdoor address No. (Order of 1) | |
| SW3-1 | Inspection LED reset Normal★/Reset | |
| SW3-2 | Auto backup operation None★/With | |
| SW3-4 | Refrigerant quantity check Normal★/Check | |
| SW3-5 | Check operation start Normal★/Check | |
| SW3-7 | Forced cooling/heating Normal★/Forced cooling-heating | |
| SW5-1 | Test run SW Normal★/Test run | |
| SW5-2 | Test run mode Heating★/Cooling | |
| SW5-3 | Pump down SW Normal★/Pump down | |
| SW5-5 | SL selector New SL (Auto)★/Old SL | |
| SW5-6 | Capacity measurement mode | |
| SW5-7 | Capacity measurement mode | |
| SW5-8 | Capacity measurement mode | |
| SW6-4 | High head setting Normal★/High head | |
| SW7 | Data erase/write | |
| SW8 | 7-segment display code No. increasing (order of 1) | |
| SW9 | 7-segment display code No. increasing (order of 10) | |
| SW4-1 | Model selection | See following table |
| SW4-2 | | |
| SW4-3 | | |
| SW4-4 | | |
| SW4-5 | Spare | Keep OFF |
| SW4-6 | | |
| SW4-7 | Master/slave unit setting address | See following table |
| SW4-8 | Master/slave unit setting address | |
| J11 | Power supply voltage selection | |
| J12 | Power supply voltage selection | |
| J13 | External input Level★/Pulse | |
| J14 | Defrost reset temperature Normal★/Intensive | |
| J15 | Defrost start temperature Normal★/Cold region | |
| J16 | Spare | Keep OFF |

Note (1) Jumper wires J13, J15 indicate short-circuit/open.

(2) Dip switch SW's indicate OFF/ON

(3) ★ indicates the factory setting (OFF).

■Model selection with SW4-1 SW4-4

0: OFF 1: ON

| Model (HP) | 280 (10) | 335 (12) | 400 (14) | 450 (16) | 475 (17) | 500 (18) | 560 (20) |
|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| SW4-1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| SW4-2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| SW4-3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| SW4-4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

■Master/slave setting with SW4-7, SW4-8

0: OFF 1: ON

| Outdoor unit | SW4-7 | SW4-8 |
|--------------|-------|-------|
| Master unit | 0 ★ | 0 ★ |
| Slave unit 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Slave unit 2 | 0 | 1 |

(3) Indoor PCB setting

| Code | Input | Default setting | | Remarks | |
|-------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | |
| SW1 | Indoor unit address No.(Order of 10) | 0 | | 0-9 | |
| SW2 | Indoor unit address No.(Order of 1) | 0 | | 0-9 | |
| SW3 | Outdoor unit address No.(Order of 10) | 4 | | 0-9 | |
| SW4 | Outdoor unit address No.(Order of 1) | 9 | | 0-9 | |
| SW5-1 | Superlink selection | Automatic*/Previous SL | OFF | Automatic | |
| SW5-2 | Indoor unit address No.(Order of 100) | | OFF | 0 | OFF : 0, ON : 1 |
| SW6-1 | Model selection | | As per model | See table 1 | |
| SW6-2 | | | | | |
| SW6-3 | | | | | |
| SW6-4 | | | | | |
| SW8-1 | | | | | |
| SW7-1 | Test run, Drain motor | Normal*/Test run | OFF | Normal | |
| SW7-2 | Reserved | | OFF | | keep OFF |
| SW7-3 | Spare | | OFF | | keep OFF |
| SW7-4 | Reserved | | OFF | | keep OFF |
| JSL1 | Superlink terminal spare | Normal*/switch to spare | With | Normal | |

* Default setting

■ Model selection with SW6-1 - SW6-4 and SW8-1

0 : OFF 1 : ON

| | P15 | P22 | P28 | P36 | P45 | P56 | P71 | P90 | P112 | P140 | P160 | P224 | P280 |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| SW6-1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| SW6-2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| SW6-3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| SW6-4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| SW8-1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

2. SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

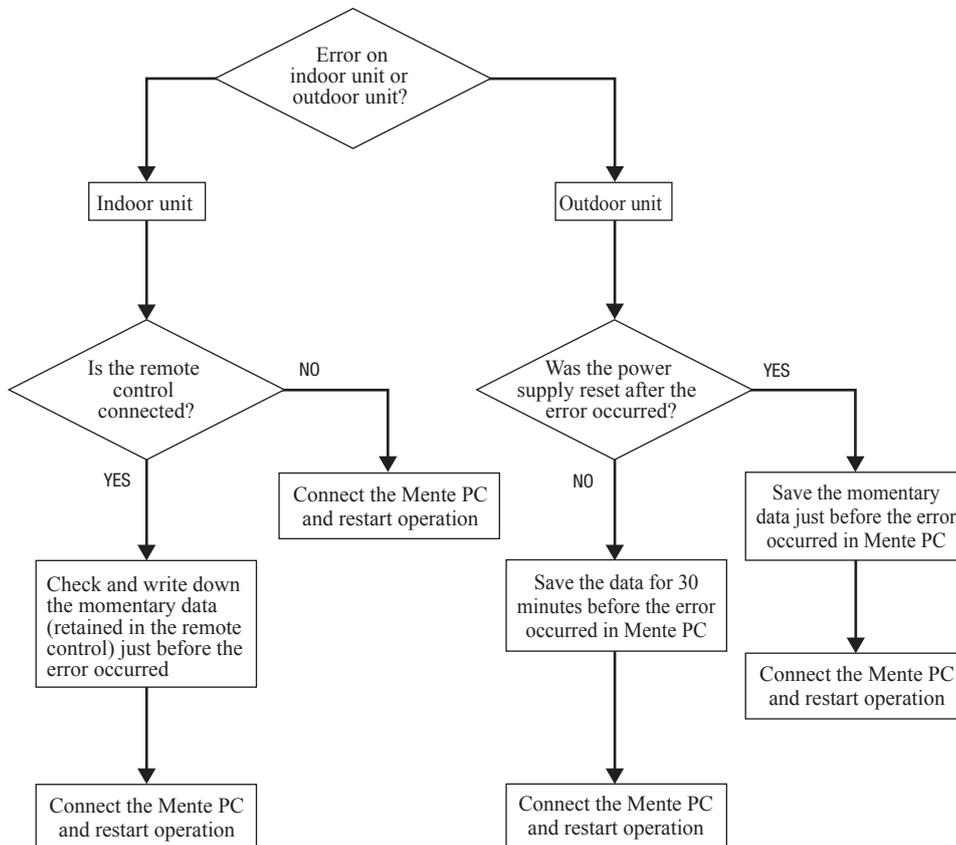
2.1 Basics of troubleshooting

Basic troubleshooting is to check/analyze/save data by connecting the Mente PC.

Whenever arriving at the site, always connect the Mente PC before starting work.

Method of error data analysis (Basic procedure)

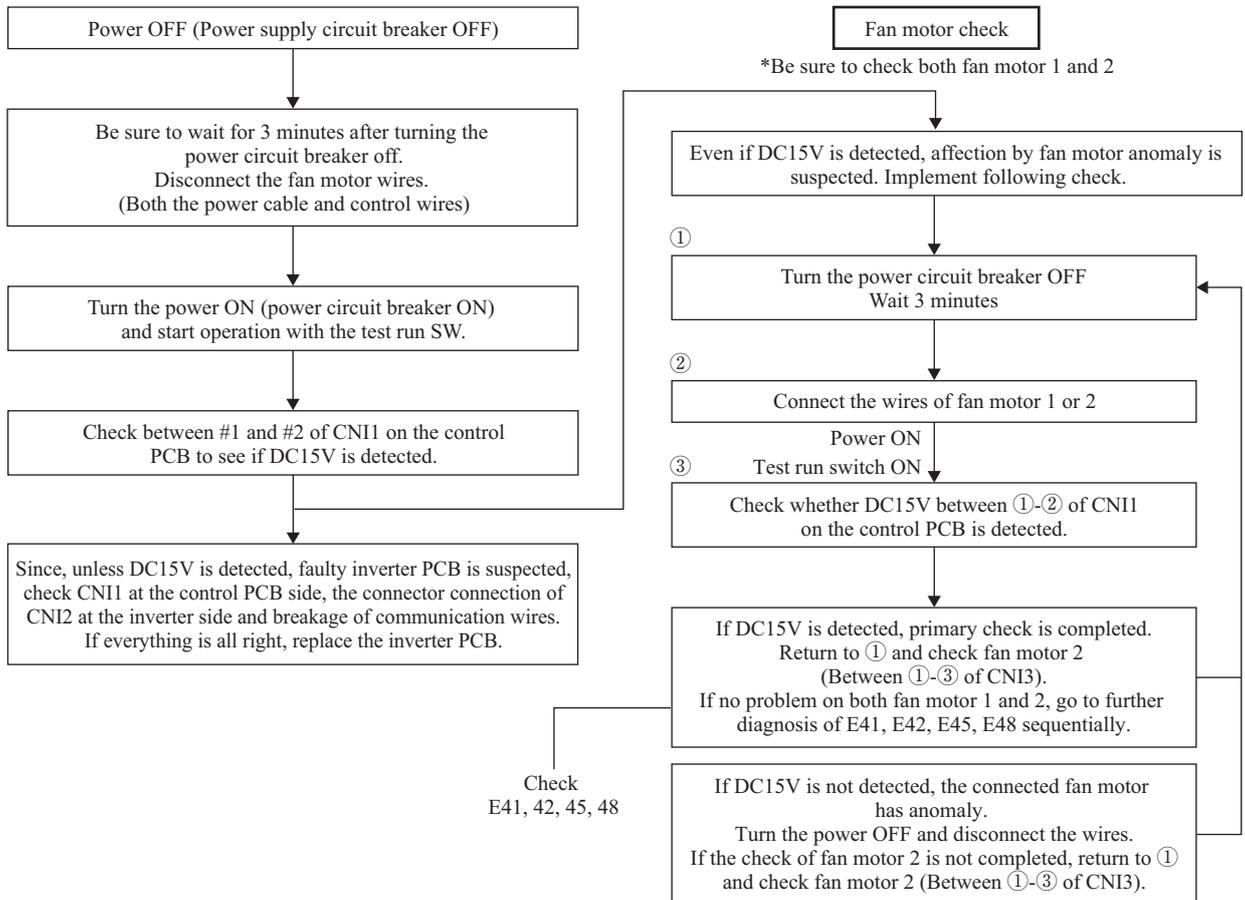
- Identify whether particular error occurred during operation or stopping.
- Is it caused by the installation conditions of outdoor/indoor unit? (Refrigerant quantity, pipe length, short-circuit, clogged filter, etc.)
- Isn't there any beginner's mistake at the installation? (Wrong address, mistake in piping or wiring, etc.)
- Is the failure related to any hardware (parts)? (SV main body, coil, capillary, check valve, sensor, etc.)
- Is it a major component?
Compressor, inverter PCB and outdoor DC fan motor
- Is it a failure of electrical component



2.2 Explanation of troubleshooting

(a) Checking DC15V on the control PCB (Step to check if the inverter PCB fails or not)

Use this to diagnose E41, E42, E45 and E48.



(b) Inspection of short-circuit on the power transistor module terminals

Disconnect the wiring of compressor and check for short-circuit with a tester.

Inspect between terminals of: P-U, P-V, P-W, N-U, N-V, N-W and P-N

It will be easier to contact the tester at the following place at each terminal.

P: P terminal of power transistor

N: N terminal of power transistor

U: End of red harness to compressor

V: End of white harness to compressor

W: End of blue harness to compressor

| Terminal (+) | Terminal (--) | Normal value (Ω) | |
|--------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|
| P | N | About 1M | Several 10 M |
| N | P | About 300-400 | Several M |
| P | U | 0 | Several 10 M |
| P | V | | |
| P | W | | |
| N | U | About 1.2M | Several 100K |
| N | V | | |
| N | W | | |
| U | P | About 1.3M | Several 100K |
| V | P | | |
| W | P | | |
| U | N | 0 | Several 10 M |
| V | N | | |
| W | N | | |

Note (1) When a measured value is 0 – a few kΩ, the element may be broken. Replace the power transistor part.

2.3 Contents of troubleshooting

(a) List of inspection displays

1) Indoor and outdoor units

| Remote control error code | 7-segment display | Name of inspection | Classification | Page |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|----------|
| E1 | – | Remote control communication error | Communication error | 85 |
| E2 | – | Duplicated indoor unit address | Address setting error | 86 |
| E3 | – | Outdoor unit signal line error | Address pairing setting error | 87 |
| E5 | – | Communication error during operation | Communication error | 88 |
| E6 | – | Indoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor anomaly (ThI-R) | Thermistor wire breakage | 89 |
| E7 | – | Indoor return air temperature thermistor anomaly (ThI-A) | Thermistor wire breakage | 90 |
| E9 | – | Drain trouble | System error | 91 |
| E10 | – | Excessive number of indoor units (more than 17 units) by controlling one remote control | Communication error | 92 |
| E11 | – | Address setting error between master and slave indoor units | Address setting error | 93 |
| E12 | – | Address setting error by mixed setting method | Address setting error | 94 |
| E16 | – | Indoor fan motor anomaly (FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTS, FDU, FDUM, FDK, FDUT71, FDFW series) | DC fan motor error | 95 |
| E18 | – | Address setting error of master and slave indoor units | Address setting error | 96 |
| E19 | – | Indoor unit operation check drain motor check mode anomaly | Setting error | 97 |
| E20 | – | Indoor fan motor speed anomaly (FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTS, FDU, FDUM, FDK, FDUT71, FDFW series) | DC fan motor error | 98 |
| E21 | – | Detective panel switch operation (FDT) | Panel switch error | 99 |
| E28 | – | Remote control temperature thermistor anomaly (The) | Thermistor wire breakage | 100 |
| E31 | E31 | Duplicated outdoor unit address No. | Address setting error | 101 |
| E32 | E32 | Open L3 Phase on power supply at primary side | Site setting error | 102 |
| E36 | E36-1, 2 | Discharge pipe temperature error (Tho-D1, D2) | System error | 103 |
| E37 | E37-1, 2 E37-4, 5 E37-5, 6 | Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor (Tho-R) and subcooling coil temperature thermistor (Tho-SC, -H) anomaly | Thermistor wire breakage | 104 |
| E38 | E38 | Outdoor air temperature thermistor anomaly (Tho-A) | Thermistor wire breakage | 105 |
| E39 | E39-1, 2 | Discharge pipe temperature thermistor anomaly (Tho-D1, D2) | Thermistor wire breakage | 106 |
| E40 | E40 | High pressure anomaly (63H1-1, 2 activated) | System error | 107 |
| E41 (E51) | E41 (E51)-1, 2 | Power transistor overheat | System error | 108 |
| E42 | E42-1, 2 | Current cut (CM1, 2) | System error | 109 |
| E43 | E43-1 E43-2 | Excessive number of indoor units connected, excessive total capacity of connection | Site setting error | 110 |
| E44 | E44-1, 2 | Liquid flooding anomaly (CM1,2) | System error | 111 |
| E45 | E45-1, 2 | Communication error between inverter PCB and outdoor control PCB | Communication error | 112 |
| E46 | E46 | Mixed address setting methods coexistent in same network | Address setting error | 113 |
| E48 | E48-1 E48-2 | Outdoor DC fan motor anomaly | DC fan motor error | 114, 115 |
| E49 | E49 | Low pressure anomaly | System error | 116 |
| E53/E55 | E53/E55-1, 2 | Suction pipe temperature thermistor anomaly (Tho-S), Under-dome temperature thermistor anomaly (Tho-C1, C2) | Thermistor wire breakage | 117 |
| E54 | E54-1 E54-2 | High pressure sensor anomaly (PSH) Low pressure sensor anomaly (PSL) | Thermistor wire breakage | 118 |
| E56 | E56-1, 2 | Power transistor temperature thermistor anomaly (Tho-P1, Tho-P2) | Thermistor wire breakage | 119 |
| E58 | E58-1, 2 | Anomalous compressor by loss of synchronism | System error | 120 |
| E59 | E59-1, 2 | Compressor startup failure (CM1, 2) | System error | 121 |
| E61 | E61-1, 2 | Communication error between the master unit and slave units | System error | 122 |
| E63 | E63 | Emergency stop | Site setting error | 123 |

(b) Troubleshooting

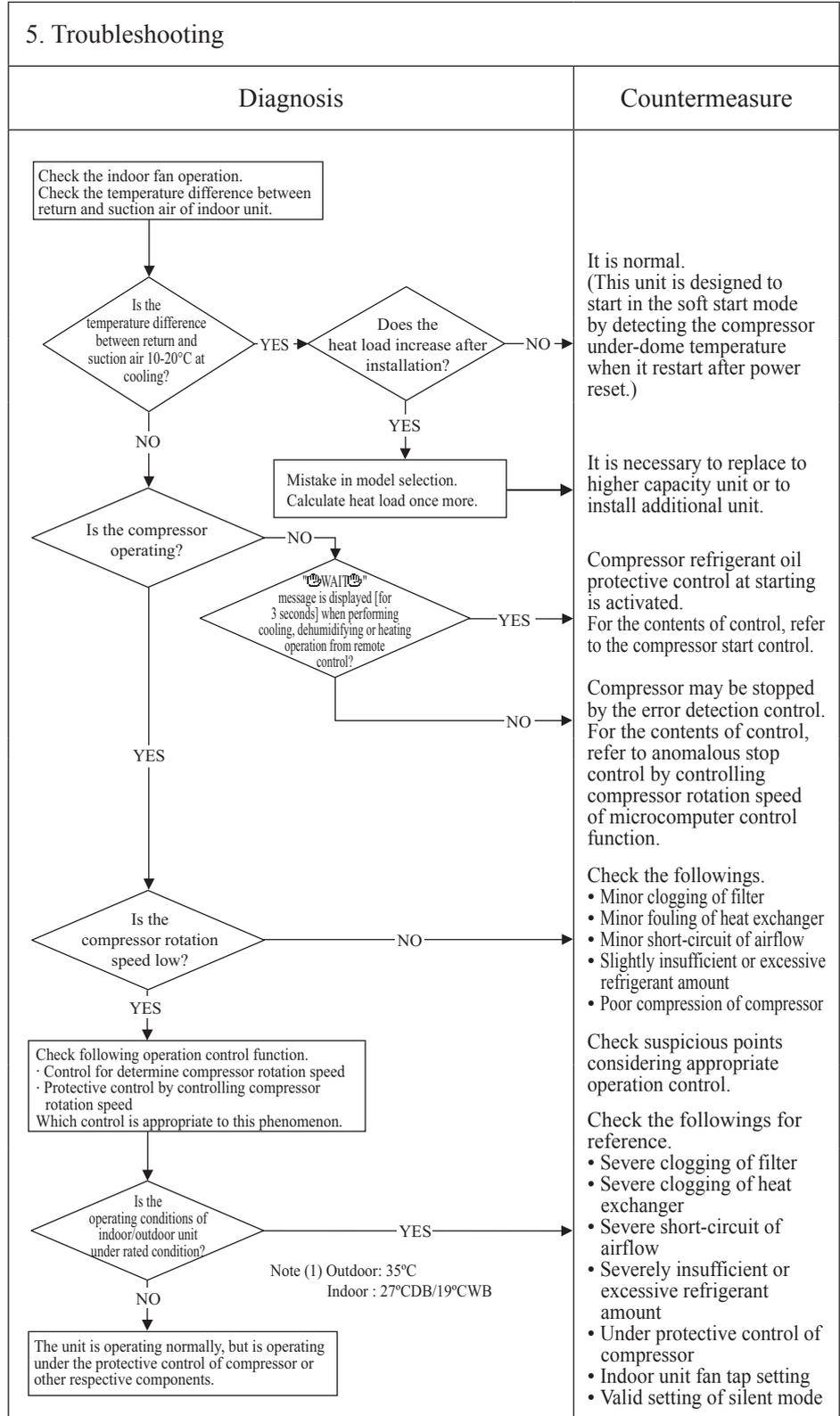
| | | | | |
|--|---------|----------------|-----------|--|
| Error code Remote control: None 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content Operates but does not cool |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|---------------------|
| 1. Applicable model |
| All models |

| |
|---------------------------|
| 2. Error detection method |
| |

| |
|---------------------------------|
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| |

| |
|---|
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poor compression of compressor Expansion valve operation anomaly |



Note:

| | | | | |
|---|---------|----------------|-----------|--|
| Error code Remote control:None 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content Operates but does not heat |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|--|
| 1. Applicable model |
| All models |
| 2. Error detection method |
| |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4-way valve anomaly • Poor compression of compressor • Expansion valve anomaly operation |

| 5. Troubleshooting | |
|---|---|
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <p>Check the indoor fan operation. Check the temperature difference between return and suction air of indoor unit.</p> <p>Is the temperature difference between return and suction air 10-30° at heating?</p> <p>NO</p> <p>Is the compressor operating?</p> <p>NO</p> <p>Is the compressor rotation speed low?</p> <p>NO</p> <p>Check following operation control function. · Control for determine compressor rotation speed · Protective control by controlling compressor rotation speed Which control is appropriate to this phenomenon.</p> <p>Is the operating conditions of indoor/outdoor unit under rated condition?</p> <p>NO</p> <p>The unit is operating normally, but is operating under the protective control of compressor or other respective components.</p> <p>Note (1) Outdoor: 7°C Indoor : 20°CDB</p> | <p>It is normal. (This unit is designed to start in the soft start mode by detecting the compressor under-dome temperature when it restart after power reset.)</p> <p>It is necessary to replace to higher capacity unit or to install additional unit.</p> <p>Compressor refrigerant oil protective control at starting is activated. For the contents of control, refer to the compressor start control.</p> <p>Compressor may be stopped by the error detection control. For the contents of control, refer to anomalous stop control by controlling compressor rotation speed of microcomputer control function.</p> <p>Check the followings. • Minor clogging of filter • Minor fouling of heat exchanger • Minor short-circuit of airflow • Slightly insufficient or excessive refrigerant amount • Poor compression of compressor</p> <p>Check suspicious points considering appropriate operation control.</p> <p>Check the followings for reference. • Severe clogging of filter • Severe clogging of heat exchanger • Severe short-circuit of airflow • Severely insufficient or excessive refrigerant amount • Under protective control of compressor • Indoor unit fan tap setting • Valid setting of silent mode</p> |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|---|
| Error code Remote control: None 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content Earth leakage breaker activated |
| | Indoor | Stays OFF | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Stays OFF | Stays OFF | |

| | | |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| <p>1. Applicable model</p> <p>All models</p> | 5. Troubleshooting | |
| <p>2. Error detection method</p> | Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <p>3. Condition of error displayed</p> | <pre> graph TD D1{Are the insulation resistance and coil resistance of compressor OK?} -- NO --> C1[Replace compressor.*] D1 -- YES --> D2{Is insulation of respective harnesses OK?} D2 -- NO --> C2[Secure insulation resistance.] D2 -- YES --> D3{Is any harness bitten between panel and casing or etc?} D3 -- YES --> C3[Secure insulation resistance.] D3 -- NO --> P1[Check the outdoor unit grounding wire and earth leakage breaker.] P1 --> P2[Check of the outdoor unit grounding wire and earth leakage breaker] </pre> <p>Check of the outdoor unit grounding wire and earth leakage breaker</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① Run an independent grounding wire from the grounding screw of outdoor unit to the grounding terminal on the distribution panel. (Do not connect to another grounding wire.) ② In order to prevent malfunction of the earth leakage breaker itself, confirm the conformity of high harmonic regulation. <p>* Insulation resistance of compressor</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately after installation or when the unit has been left for long period without power supply, the insulation resistance may drop to a few MΩ because of refrigerant migrated in the compressor. <p>When the earth leakage breaker is activated at lower insulation resistance, check the following points.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① 6 hours after power ON, check if the insulation resistance recovers to normal. When power ON, crankcase heater heat up compressor and evaporates the refrigerant migrated in the compressor. ② Check if the earth leakage breaker is conformed to higher harmonic regulation or not. <p>Since the unit has inverter, it is necessary to use components conformed to high harmonic regulation in order to prevent malfunction of earth leakage breaker.</p> | |
| <p>4. Presumable cause</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compressor anomaly • Noise | | |

Note:

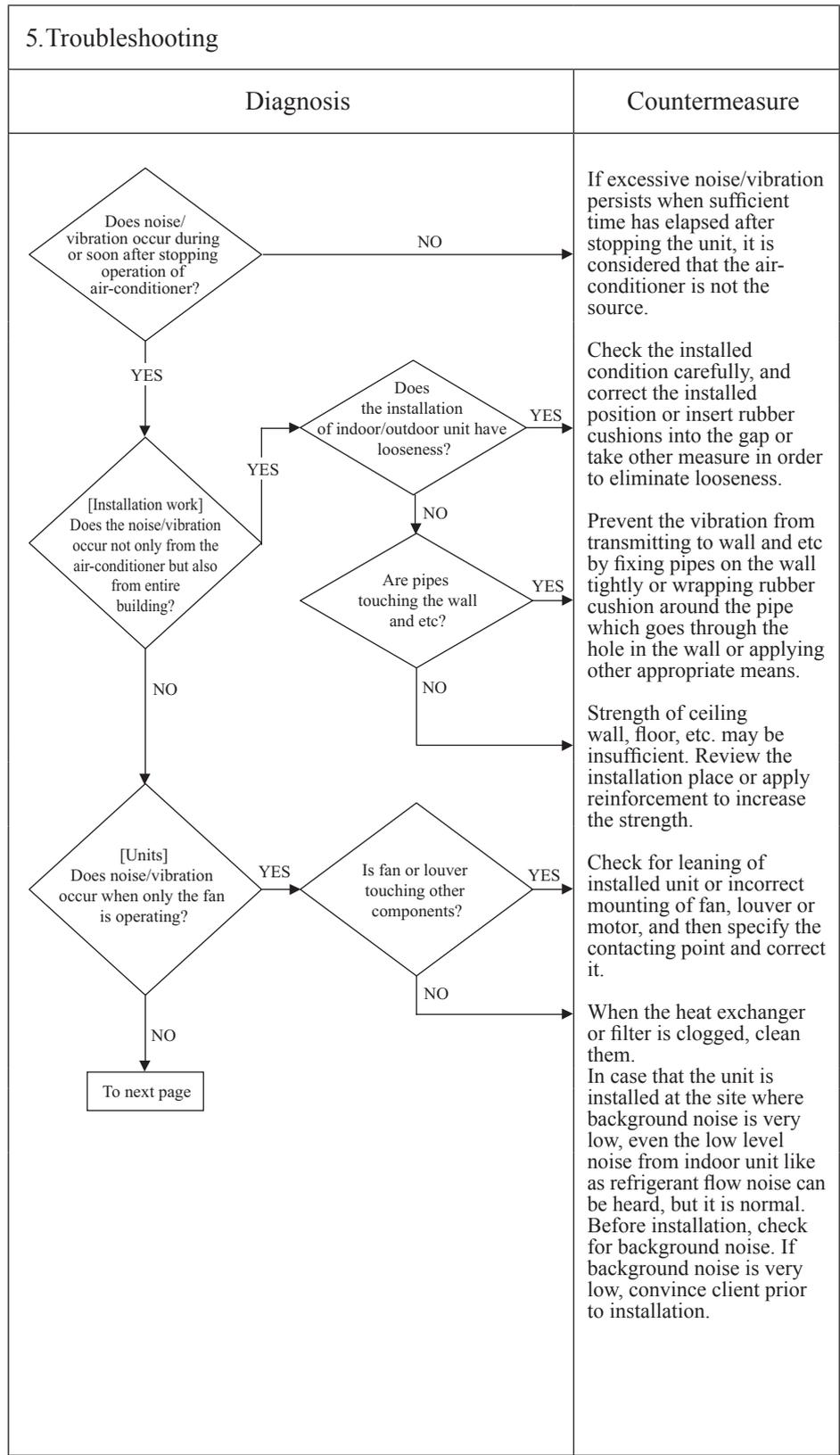
| | | | | |
|---|---------|-------|-----|---|
| Error code Remote control:None 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content Excessive noise/vibration (1/3) |
| | Indoor | - | - | |
| | Outdoor | - | - | |

1. Applicable model
All models

2. Error detection method

3. Condition of error displayed

- 4. Presumable cause**
- ① Improper installation work
 - Improper vibration-proof work at installation
 - Insufficient strength of mounting surface
 - ② Anomaly of product
 - Before/after shipment from factory
 - ③ Improper adjustment during commissioning
 - Excessive/insufficient refrigerant.



Note:

| | | | | |
|---|---------|-------|-----|---|
| Error code Remote control:None 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content <h3>Excessive noise/vibration (2/3)</h3> |
| | Indoor | - | - | |
| | Outdoor | - | - | |

| | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| <h3>1. Applicable model</h3> <p>All models</p> | <h3>5. Troubleshooting</h3> | |
| <h3>2. Error detection method</h3> | <h4>Diagnosis</h4> | <h4>Countermeasure</h4> |
| <h3>3. Condition of error displayed</h3> | | |
| <h3>4. Presumable cause</h3> | | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|---|---------|-------|-----|---|
| Error code Remote control:None 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content Excessive noise/vibration (3/3) |
| | Indoor | - | - | |
| | Outdoor | - | - | |

| | | |
|--|---|-----------------------|
| 1. Applicable model All models | 5. Troubleshooting | |
| 2. Error detection method | Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| 3. Condition of error displayed | <pre> graph TD A[From previous page] --> B{[Adjustment during commissioning] Does noise/vibration occur when the cooling/heating operation is performed under anomalous condition?} B -- YES --> C[Countermeasure] </pre> | |
| 4. Presumable cause | <p>If insufficient cooling/heating problem happens due to anomalous operating conditions at cooling/heating, followings are suspicious.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Excessive charged amount of refrigerant • Insufficient charge amount of refrigerant • Intrusion of air, nitrogen, etc. <p>In such case, it is necessary to recover refrigerant, vacuum-dry and recharge refrigerant.</p> <p>* Since there could be many causes of noise/vibration, the above may not cover all. In such case, check the conditions when, where, how the noise/vibration occurs according to following check points and ask our consultation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indoor/outdoor unit • Cooling/heating/fan mode • Startup/stop/during operation • Operating condition (Indoor/outdoor temperatures and pressures) • Time it occurred • Operation data retained by remote control or Mente PC such as compressor rotation speed, heat exchanger temperature, EEV opening degree and etc. • Tone (If available, record the noise) • Any other anomalies. | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control:None 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Louver motor anomaly</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|--|
| 1. Applicable model |
| All models |
| 2. Error detection method |
| |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Louver motor anomaly • Disconnection/breakage of LM harness • Limit switch anomaly |

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <p>▲ Check at the indoor unit side.</p> <p>Operate after waiting for more than 1 minute.</p> <pre> graph TD Start[Operate after waiting for more than 1 minute.] --> Q1{Does the louver operate when power on?} Q1 -- NO --> Q2{Is there any disconnection or breakage of LM connector?} Q2 -- YES --> C1[Correct it.] Q2 -- NO --> Q3{Is LM harness broken?} Q3 -- YES --> C2[Repair harness.] Q3 -- NO --> Q4{Is LM locked?} Q4 -- YES --> C3[Check connector (CNJ) Replace Louver Motor.] Q4 -- NO --> Q5{Does LM turn smoothly?} Q5 -- YES --> C4[Correct it.] Q5 -- NO --> Q6{Is there any problem on the connection link?} Q6 -- YES --> C5[Correct it.] Q6 -- NO --> C6[Replace indoor control PCB.] Q1 -- YES --> Q7{Is the setting of airflow direction change prohibited?} Q7 -- YES --> C7[Correct it.] Q7 -- NO --> S1[Check the remote control whether it is fixed free flow setting.] S1 --> S2[In cases of FDTW, FDTS and FDTQ It is normal if LM can be stopped by pressing LS two times.] S2 --> S3[Check how LS reacts when the power is turned OFF and ON again.] S3 -- NO --> Q8{Does the louver link press LS till crick sound can be heard?} Q8 -- YES --> C8[• LS anomaly → Replace. • Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace.] Q8 -- NO --> C9[Adjust LM lever and then check again.] S1 --> S4[In cases of FDT, FDTC, FDE and FDK Check the remote control whether it is fixed free flow setting or not.] </pre> <p style="text-align: center;">Note (1) LM: Louver motor (2) LS: Limit switch</p> | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|---|------------|--------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: None 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content Power supply system anomaly (Power supply to indoor unit PCB) |
| | Indoor | Stays OFF | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Stays OFF | 2-time flash | |

| |
|---|
| 1. Applicable model |
| All models |
| 2. Error detection method |
| |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wrong connection or breakage of connecting wires • Blown fuse • Transformer anomaly • Indoor power PCB anomaly • Broken harness • Indoor control PCB anomaly |

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| | <p>Outdoor Noise filter PCB anomaly → Replace it.</p> <p>Wrong wiring or broken wires between outdoor and indoor units.</p> <p>Indoor power PCB anomaly → Replace it.</p> <p>Replace FM, LM and etc.</p> <p>Replace fuse.</p> <p>Indoor power PCB anomaly → Replace it.</p> <p>Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it.</p> <p>Replace transformer.</p> <p>Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it.</p> |

Note:

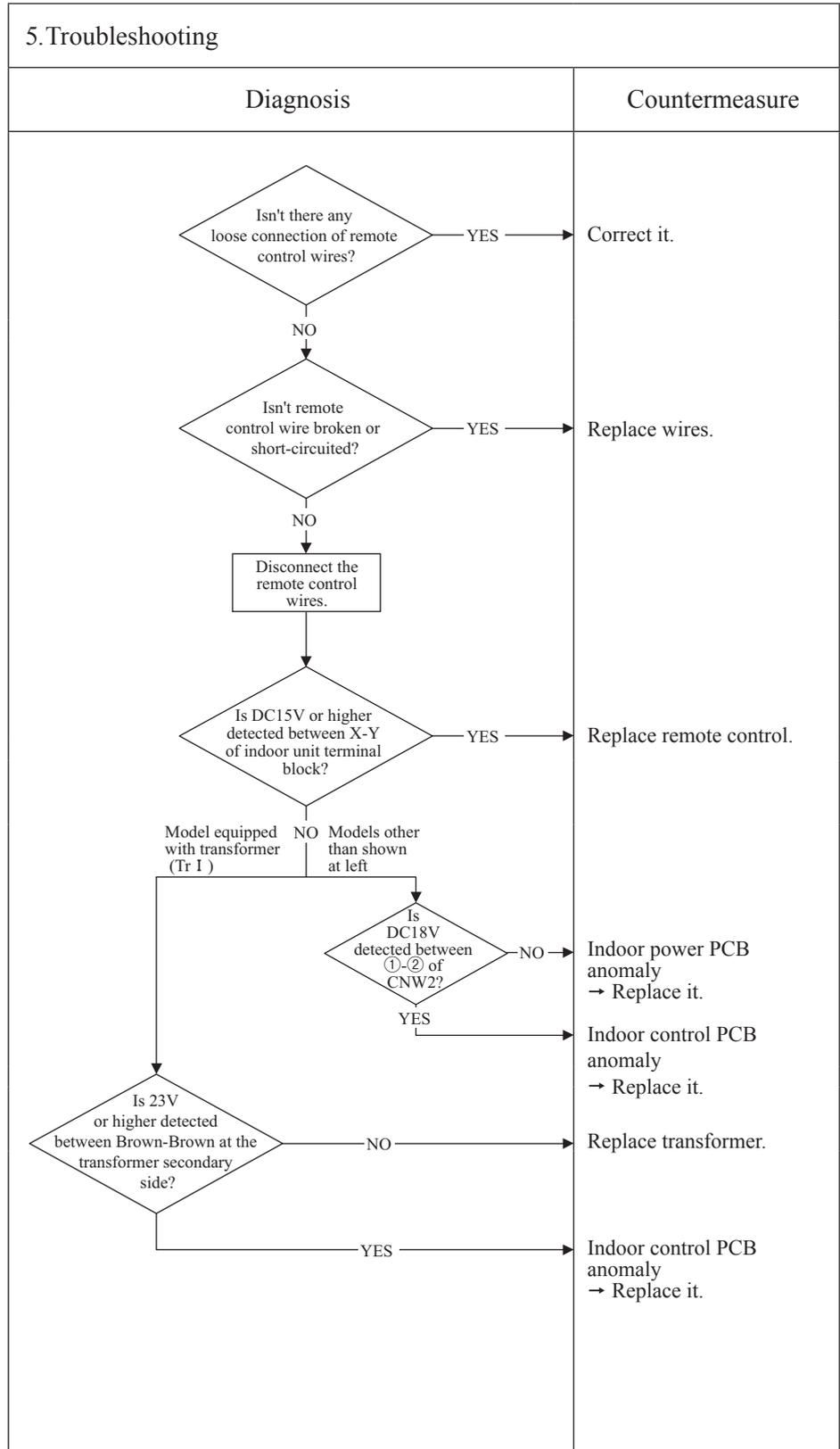
| | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------|----------------|---|
| Error code Remote control:None 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content Power supply system error (Power supply to remote control) |
| | Indoor | Stays OFF | Keeps lighting | |
| | Outdoor | Stays OFF | Keeps lighting | |

| |
|---------------------------|
| 1.Applicable model |
| All models |

| |
|---------------------------------|
| 2.Error detection method |
| |

| |
|--|
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| |

| |
|--|
| 4.Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remote control wire breakage/short-circuit • Remote control anomaly • Malfunction by noise • Indoor power PCB anomaly • Broken harness • Indoor control PCB anomaly |



Note:

| | | | | | |
|---|---------|----------------|----------------|---------|-----------|
| Error code Remote control: WAIT 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content | WAIT (1) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Keeps flashing | | |

1. Applicable model

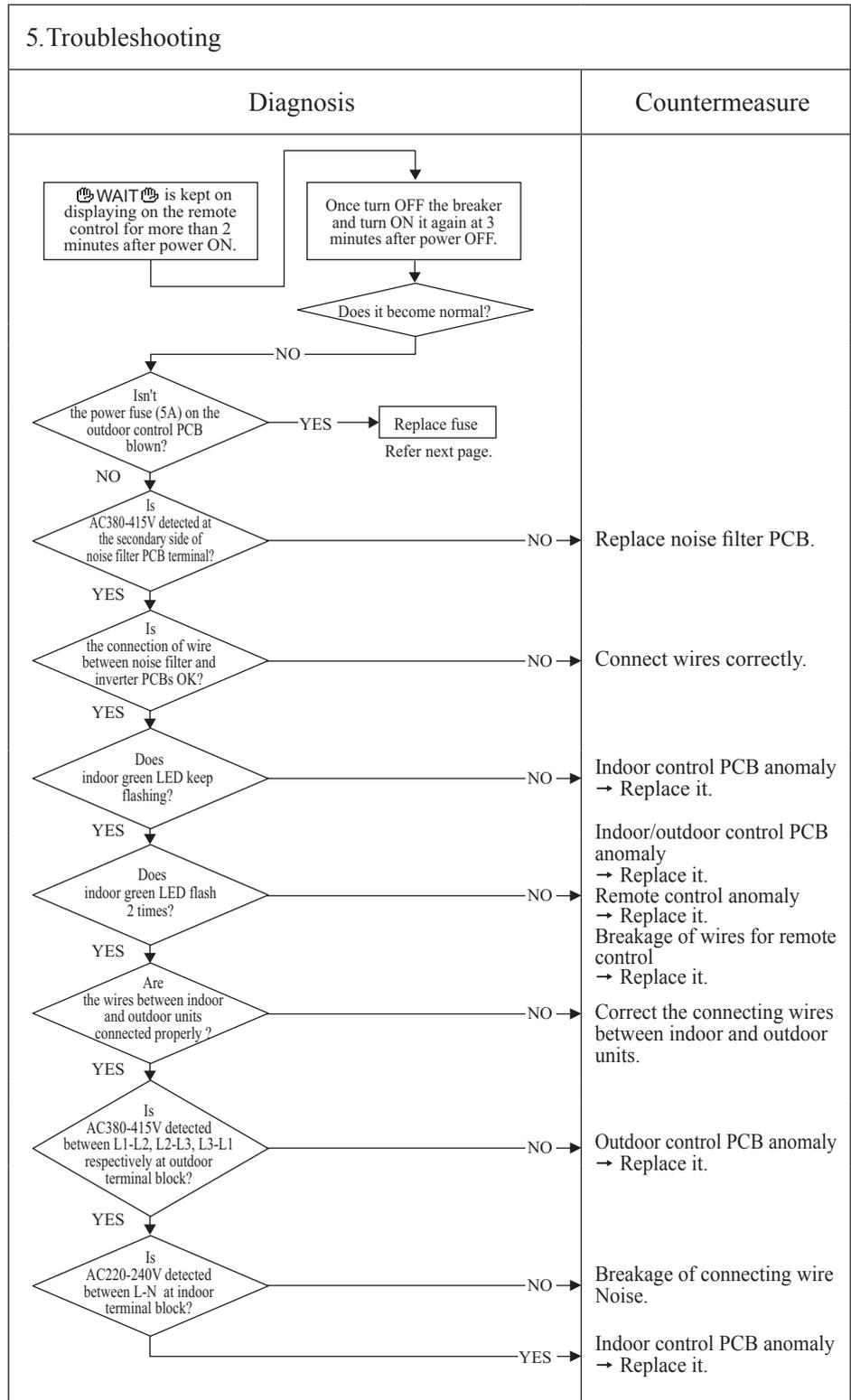
All models

(In case that WAIT is kept on displaying on the remote control for more than 2 minutes after power ON.)

2. Error detection method

3. Condition of error displayed

- 4. Presumable cause**
- Fuse blown
 - Noise filter anomaly
 - Anomalous connection of wire between PCBs
 - Indoor control PCB anomaly
 - Remote control anomaly
 - Breakage of connecting wires of remote control
 - Outdoor control PCB anomaly



Note: (1) When anomaly occurs during establishing communication between indoor and outdoor unit, error code E5 is displayed (outdoor red LED flash 2-times).
 In case of E5, the way of troubleshooting is same as above mentioned (except for checking of connecting wire).
 When reset the power after E5 occurs, if this anomaly recurs, WAIT is displayed on remote control. If power ON/OFF is repeated in a short period (within 1 minute), WAIT may be displayed. In such case, please wait for 3 minute after the power breaker OFF.

(2) If any error is detected 30 minutes after displaying “ WAIT ” on the remote control, the display changes to “INSPECT I/U”.

| | | | | |
|--|---------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| Error code Remote control: WAIT 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Keeps flashing | |

WAIT (2)

| |
|--|
| 1. Applicable model All models (In case of fuse blown, how to check the unit before replacement of fuse.) |
| 2. Error detection method |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| 4. Presumable cause <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fuse blown • Noise filter anomaly • Anomalous connection of wire between PCBs • Indoor control PCB anomaly • Remote control anomaly • Breakage of connecting wires of remote control • Outdoor control PCB anomaly |

| 5. Troubleshooting | |
|--|----------------|
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD Q1{Isn't there any short circuit between phases of noise filter?} Q2{Isn't there any crack or damage on power transistor module or diode stack?} Q3{Isn't there any anomaly on reactor?} A1[Replace noise filter] A2[Replace inverter PCB] A3[Replace reactor] CM[Replace fuse.] Q1 -- YES --> A1 Q1 -- NO --> Q2 Q2 -- YES --> A2 Q2 -- NO --> Q3 Q3 -- YES --> A3 Q3 -- NO --> CM </pre> | Replace fuse. |

Note:

| | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------------|----------------|---------|----------|
| Error code Remote control: WAIT 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content | WAIT (3) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Keeps flashing | | |

| |
|--|
| 1. Applicable model |
| All models (No display on the remote control after power ON.) |
| 2. Error detection method |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fuse blown • Noise filter anomaly • Anomalous connection of wire between PCBs • Indoor control PCB anomaly • Remote control anomaly • Breakage of connecting wires of remote control • Outdoor control PCB anomaly |

| 5. Troubleshooting | |
|--|--|
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD Start[No display on the remote control after power ON.] --> Q1{Does indoor green LED keep flashing?} Q1 -- NO --> Q2{Is the fuse on indoor control PCB OK?} Q2 -- NO --> C1[Fuse blown → Replace fuse.] Q2 -- YES --> Q3{Is AC18V or higher detected between Red-Red at secondary side of indoor transformer? (1)} Q3 -- NO --> C2[Transformer anomaly.] Q3 -- YES --> Note1[Note (1) Model equipped with transformer (Tr1) only] Note1 --> Q4{Is DC10-11V between X-Y at indoor control PCB side when removing remote control?} Q4 -- NO --> C3[Remote control wire short-circuited.] Q4 -- YES --> C4[Remote control anomaly.] Q1 -- YES --> Q5{Does outdoor red LED flash 2-times?} Q5 -- NO --> C5[Indoor control PCB anomaly. Remote control anomaly. Breakage of connecting wires of remote control.] Q5 -- YES --> Q6{Is the connecting wires between indoor and outdoor units connected properly?} Q6 -- NO --> C6[Correct the connecting wires properly.] Q6 -- YES --> Q7{Is AC380-415V detected between L1-L2, L2-L3, L3-L1 respectively at outdoor terminal block?} Q7 -- NO --> C7[Outdoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it.] Q7 -- YES --> Q8{Is AC220-240V detected between L-N at indoor terminal block?} Q8 -- NO --> C8[Breakage of connecting wire Noise.] Q8 -- YES --> C9[Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it.] </pre> | <p>Fuse blown → Replace fuse.</p> <p>Transformer anomaly.</p> <p>Remote control wire short-circuited.</p> <p>Remote control anomaly.</p> <p>Indoor control PCB anomaly. Remote control anomaly. Breakage of connecting wires of remote control.</p> <p>Correct the connecting wires properly.</p> <p>Outdoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it.</p> <p>Breakage of connecting wire Noise.</p> <p>Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it.</p> |

Note:

| | | | | |
|---|---------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| Error code Remote control: WAIT 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Keeps flashing | |

WAIT (4)

| |
|--|
| 1. Applicable model All models (In case that WAIT is kept on displaying on the remote control for more than 2 minutes after power ON.) |
| 2. Error detection method |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| 4. Presumable cause <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fuse blown • Noise filter anomaly • Anomalous connection of wire between PCBs • Indoor control PCB anomaly • Remote control anomaly • Breakage of connecting wires of remote control • Outdoor control PCB anomaly |

| 5. Troubleshooting | |
|--------------------|--|
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| | Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it. Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it. Remote control anomaly → Replace it. Breakage of wires for remote control → Replace it. Correct the connecting wires between indoor and outdoor units. Outdoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it. Breakage of connecting wire Noise. Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it. |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Error code Remote control: WAIT 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content |
| | Indoor | Stays OFF | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Stays OFF | Stays OFF | |

WAIT (5)

| |
|--|
| 1. Applicable model All models (In case that LED on outdoor control PCB stays OFF.) |
| 2. Error detection method |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| 4. Presumable cause <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fuse blown • Noise filter anomaly • Anomalous connection of wire between PCBs • Indoor control PCB anomaly • Remote control anomaly • Breakage of connecting wires of remote control • Outdoor control PCB anomaly |

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| In case that LED on outdoor control PCB stays OFF. From previous page. | |
| | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Error code Remote control: WAIT 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content |
| | Indoor | Stays OFF | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Stays OFF | Stays OFF | |

WAIT (6)

1. Applicable model

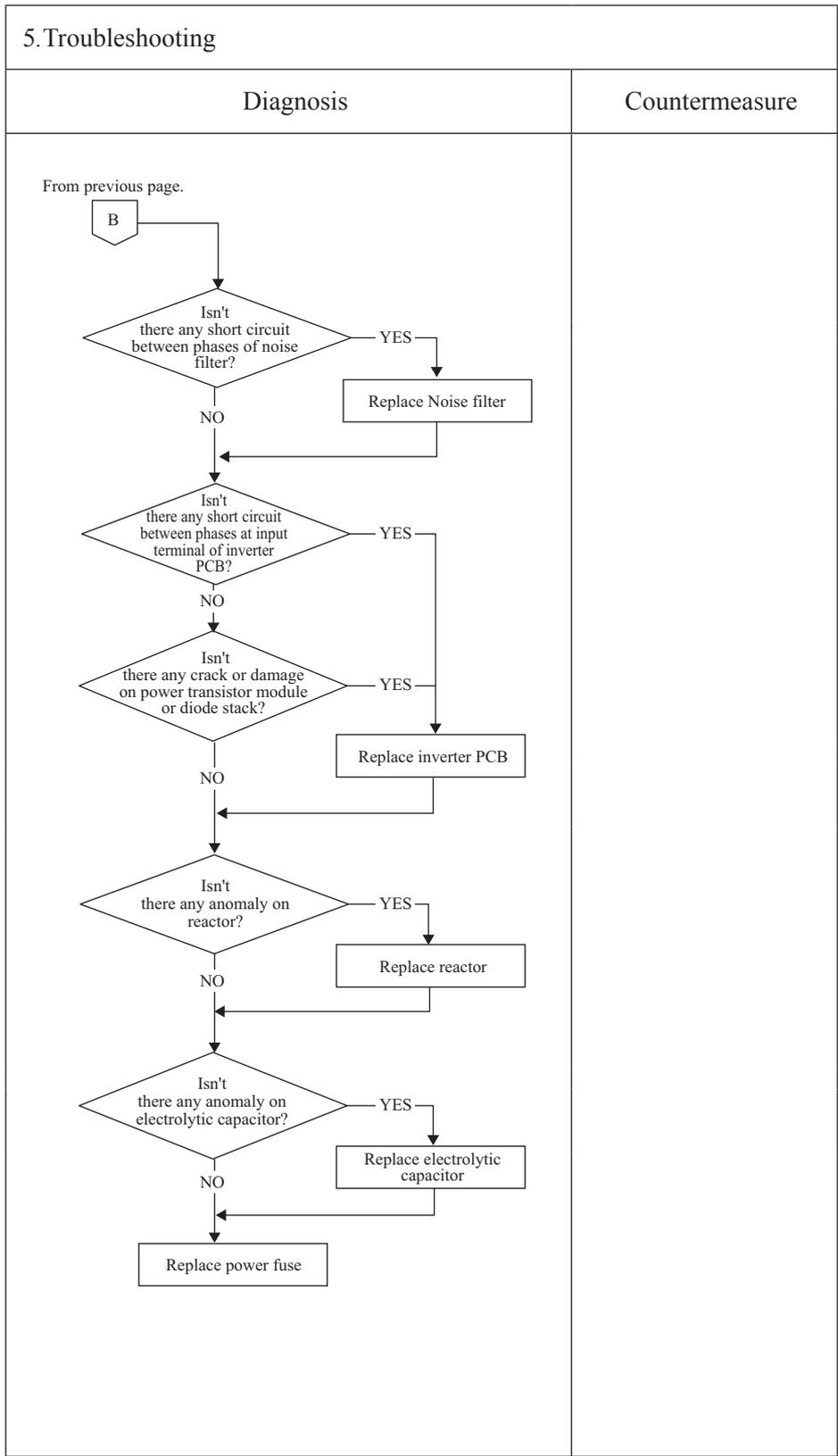
All models

(In case of fuse blown, how to check the unit before replacement of fuse.)

2. Error detection method

3. Condition of error displayed

- 4. Presumable cause**
- Fuse blown
 - Noise filter anomaly
 - Anomalous connection of wire between PCBs
 - Indoor control PCB anomaly
 - Remote control anomaly
 - Breakage of connecting wires of remote control
 - Outdoor control PCB anomaly



Note:

| | | | | |
|---|---------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| Error code Remote control:[No display] 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content [No display] |
| | Indoor | Stays OFF | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Stays OFF | Stays OFF | |

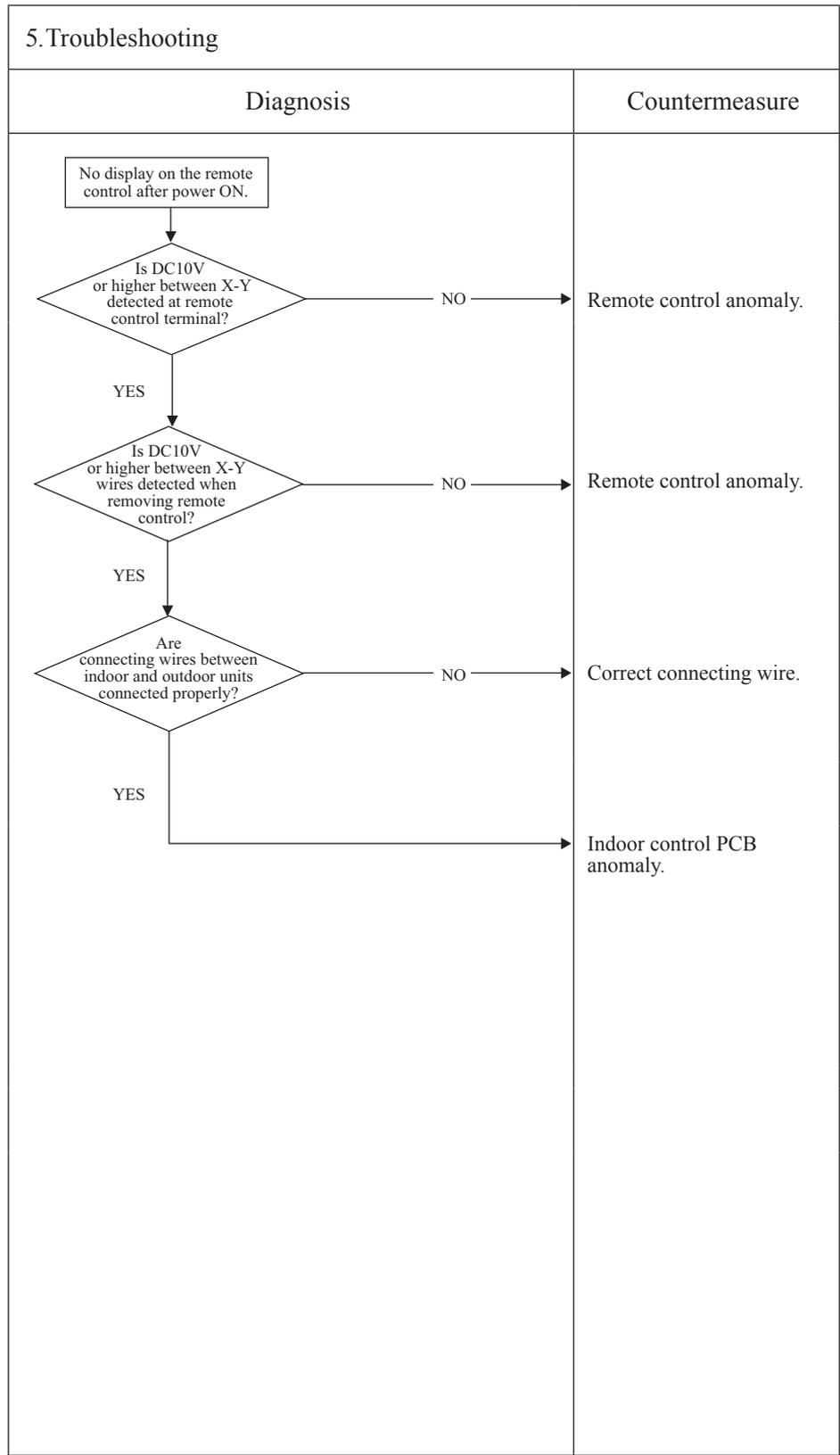
1. Applicable model

All models
(No display on the remote control after power ON.)

2. Error detection method

3. Condition of error displayed

- 4. Presumable cause**
- Fuse blown
 - Noise filter anomaly
 - Anomalous connection of wire between PCBs
 - Indoor control PCB anomaly
 - Remote control anomaly
 - Breakage of connecting wires of remote control
 - Outdoor control PCB anomaly



Note:

| | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E1 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Remote control communication error</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|---|
| 1. Applicable model All models |
| 2. Error detection method When normal communication between remote control and indoor unit is interrupted for more than 2 minutes. (Detectable only with the remote control.) |
| 3. Condition of error displayed Same as above |
| 4. Presumable cause <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anomalous communication circuit between remote control and indoor unit. • Noise |

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD Q1{Is it possible to reset normally by the power supply reset? (2)} Q1 -- YES --> C1[Malfunction by temporary noise. Check peripheral environment.] Q1 -- NO --> P1[Turn SW7-1 OFF. → ON Disconnect the wire (3) between indoor and outdoor units.] P1 --> P2[Reset power supply] P2 --> Q2{Does the drain pump start automatically at one minutes after power ON?} Q2 -- YES --> C2[Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it.] Q2 -- NO --> C3[Remote control anomaly → Replace it.] Note2[Note (2) Does the remote control displays "Internal check ON" even after 3 minutes?] </pre> | |

Note: If the indoor unit cannot communicate normally with the remote control for 180 seconds, the indoor unit PCB starts to reset automatically.

| | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|----------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E2 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Duplicated indoor unit address</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Keeps flashing | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|----------------------------|
| 1. Applicable model |
| All models |

| |
|--|
| 2. Error detection method |
| More than 129 indoor units are connected in the same Superlink system. Duplicated indoor unit address |

| |
|--|
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| Same as above |

| |
|--|
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of connected indoor units exceeds the limitation. • Duplicated indoor unit address • Indoor control PCB anomaly |

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD D1{Is the number of connected indoor units up to 128 units?} D2{Is the different address No. assigned to each indoor unit?} P1[Reset the power supply and restart.] C1[Caution: Unless the power supply is reset, addresses will not be confirmed.] D3{Is E2 displayed?} D1 -- NO --> C1_1[Review number of connected units.] D1 -- YES --> D2 D2 -- NO --> C1_2[Correct indoor unit address setting.] D2 -- YES --> P1 P1 --> C1 C1 --> D3 D3 -- NO --> C1_3[Implement test run.] D3 -- YES --> C1_4[Replace indoor control PCB. *] </pre> | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E3/5 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Outdoor unit signal line error</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | 2-time flash | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|----------------------------|
| 1. Applicable model |
| All models |

| |
|--|
| 2. Error detection method |
| No outdoor unit exists in the same Superlink system. |

| |
|--|
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| Same as above |

| |
|---|
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power is not supplied to the outdoor unit • Unmatch of pairing between indoor and outdoor units • Indoor control PCB anomaly • Outdoor control PCB anomaly • Missing local wiring |

| | |
|---|---|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <p>E3 is a communication error that occurs when communication between indoor and outdoor units is not established at all. Once the communication between indoor and outdoor units is established, it changes to E5. In both cases, check signal line wired locally.</p> | |
| Reset the power supply and restart. | |
| Does E3/E5 occurs? | NO → Temporary malfunction by noise. Identify the source of noise and correct it. |
| YES | |
| Is protective fuse for the Superlink circuit blown? | YES → Change to spare circuit. |
| NO | |
| Is the LED on indoor control PCB OK? | NO → Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it. |
| YES | |
| Is the power supply to outdoor unit OK? | NO → Correct it. |
| YES | |
| Is the outdoor unit address set on the indoor unit OK? | NO → Correct it. |
| YES | |
| Is the Superlink communication wire connection OK? | NO → Correct it. |
| YES | Outdoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it. |

Note:

| | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E5 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content Communication error during operation |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | *See below | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | 2-time flash | |

1. Applicable model

All models

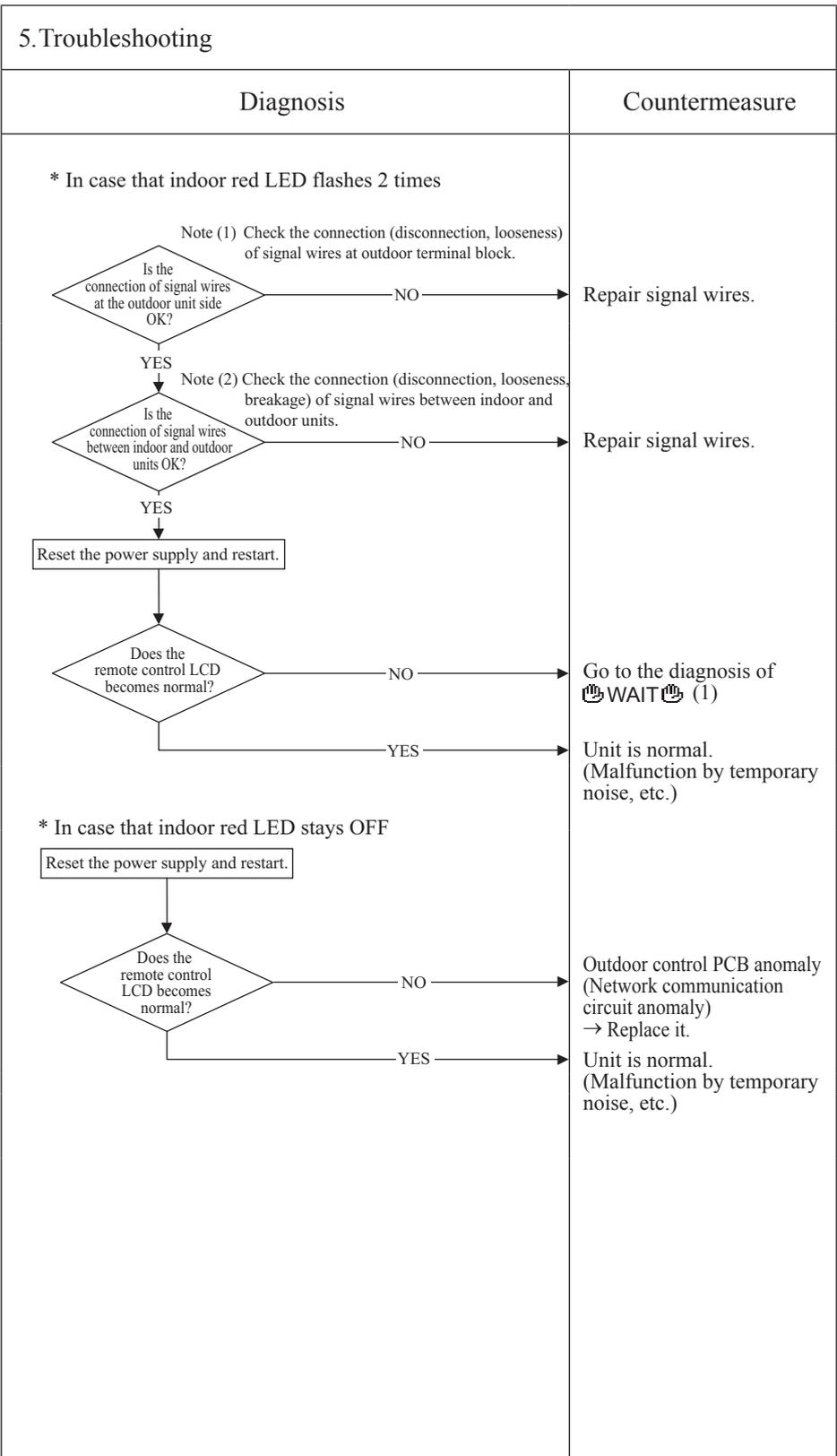
2. Error detection method

When the communication between indoor and outdoor units is interrupted for more than 2 minutes.

3. Condition of error displayed

When this anomaly is detected during operation.

- 4. Presumable cause**
- Unit address No. setting error
 - Remote control wires broken
 - Poor connection/disconnection of remote control wires
 - Indoor control PCB anomaly



Note: When the pump down switch is turned on, communication between indoor and outdoor units is cancelled so that "Communication error E5" will be displayed on the remote control and indoor control PCB, but this is normal.

| | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E6 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content Indoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor anomaly (ThI-R) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

1. Applicable model

All models

2. Error detection method

Detection of anomalously low temperature (resistance) of ThI-R1, R2, R3.

3. Condition of error displayed

- If -50°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously, compressor stops. After 3-minutes delay, the compressor is restarted automatically, but if this anomaly occurs again within 60 minutes after the initial detection.
- Or if 70°C or higher is detected for 5 seconds continuously.

4. Presumable cause

- Anomalous connection of indoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor
- Indoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor anomaly
- Indoor control PCB anomaly

5. Troubleshooting

| Diagnosis | Countermeasure | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|---|----|----|----|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|-----|--|
| <pre> graph TD Q1{Is the connector of thermistor connected properly?} -- NO --> C1[Insert the connector securely.] Q1 -- YES --> Q2{Are the characteristics of thermistor OK? *1} Q2 -- NO --> C2[Replace thermistor. (ThI-R)] Q2 -- YES --> C3[Replace indoor control. PCB] </pre> <p>*1 Check several times to prove any poor connection</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Temperature-resistance characteristics of indoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor (ThI-R1, R2, R3)</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Approximate data from the graph</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Resistance (kΩ)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>25</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>30</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>40</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>50</td><td>2.5</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Temperature (°C) | Resistance (kΩ) | 0 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 20 | 7 | 25 | 5 | 30 | 4 | 40 | 3 | 50 | 2.5 | |
| Temperature (°C) | Resistance (kΩ) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 2.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E7 7-segment display: - | LED | Green | Red | Content Indoor return air temperature thermistor anomaly (ThI-A) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

1. Applicable model

All models

2. Error detection method

Detection of anomalously low temperature (resistance) of ThI-A.

3. Condition of error displayed

- If -50°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously, compressor stops. After 3-minutes delay the compressor is restarted automatically, but if this anomaly occurs again within 60 minutes after the initial detection.
- Or if 48°C or higher is detected for 5 seconds continuously.

4. Presumable cause

- Anomalous connection of indoor return air temperature thermistor
- Indoor return air temperature thermistor anomaly
- Indoor control PCB anomaly

5. Troubleshooting

| Diagnosis | Countermeasure | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|-----|--|
| <pre> graph TD Q1{Is the connector of thermistor connected properly?} -- NO --> C1[Insert the connector securely.] Q1 -- YES --> Q2{Are the characteristics of thermistor OK? *1} Q2 -- NO --> C2[Replace thermistor (ThI-A).] Q2 -- YES --> C3[Replace indoor control PCB.] </pre> <p>Regarding the characteristics of the thermistor, see the following chart.</p> <p>Temperature-resistance characteristics of indoor return air temperature thermistor (ThI-A)</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Temperature-resistance characteristics of indoor return air temperature thermistor (ThI-A)</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Temperature sensor resistance (kΩ)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>25</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>30</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>40</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>50</td><td>2.5</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*1 Check several times to prove any poor connection</p> | Temperature (°C) | Temperature sensor resistance (kΩ) | 0 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 20 | 7 | 25 | 5 | 30 | 4 | 40 | 3 | 50 | 2.5 | |
| Temperature (°C) | Temperature sensor resistance (kΩ) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 2.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E9 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Drain trouble</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|---|
| 1. Applicable model FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTQ, FDTS, FDR, FDU, FDUM, and FDUT series |
| 2. Error detection method Float switch is activated. |
| 3. Condition of error displayed If the float switch OPEN is detected for 3 seconds continuously or if float switch connector is disconnected or wire broken. |
| 4. Presumable cause <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indoor control PCB anomaly Mistake in setting of float switch Mistake in setting of humidifier drain motor interlock Mistake in setting of optional equipment Mistake in drain piping Drain motor anomaly Disconnection/breakage of drain motor wires |

| 5. Troubleshooting | |
|---|---|
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD Start[Check the error data in the remote control.] --> Q1{Is there any overflow?} Q1 -- NO --> Q2{Is DC 12V detected at CN1 connector?} Q2 -- YES --> C1[Check float switch.] Q2 -- NO --> Q3{Is the CN1 connected firmly?} Q3 -- NO --> C2[Check the connection of CN1. If it is loose, connect it securely.] Q3 -- YES --> Q4{Is there any anomaly on the optional equipment?} Q4 -- YES --> C3[Check optional equipment] Q4 -- NO --> C4[Replace indoor control PCB.] Q1 -- YES --> Q5{Is the humidifier connected?} Q5 -- NO --> C4 Q5 -- YES --> Q6{Is the humidifier Drain Motor interlocked by the indoor unit function setting of remote control?} Q6 -- YES --> Step1[Drain motor ON from the remote control.] Step1 --> Q7{Does the drain motor operate?} Q7 -- YES --> Q8{Is the drain piping unclogged? Is the drain pipe slope OK?} Q8 -- YES --> C5[Check drain motor.] Q8 -- NO --> C6[Correct it.] Q7 -- NO --> Q9{Is AC220/240V or DC12V detected at CNR?} Q9 -- YES --> C7[Check the wiring of drain motor.] Q9 -- NO --> C8[Indoor control PCB or power PCB (FDTC) anomaly -> Replace it.] </pre> | <p>Check float switch.</p> <p>Check the connection of CN1. If it is loose, connect it securely.</p> <p>Check optional equipment</p> <p>Replace indoor control PCB.</p> <p>Correct setting to "Humidifier drain motor interlock".</p> <p>Indoor control PCB or power PCB (FDTC) anomaly → Replace it.</p> <p>Check the wiring of drain motor.</p> <p>Correct it.</p> <p>Check drain motor.</p> |

Note: When this anomaly occurs at power ON, disconnection of connector or breakage of wire of float switch is suspected. Check and correct it (or replace it, if necessary).

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E10 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content Excessive number of indoor units (more than 17 units) by controlling one remote control |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

1. Applicable model

All models

2. Error detection method

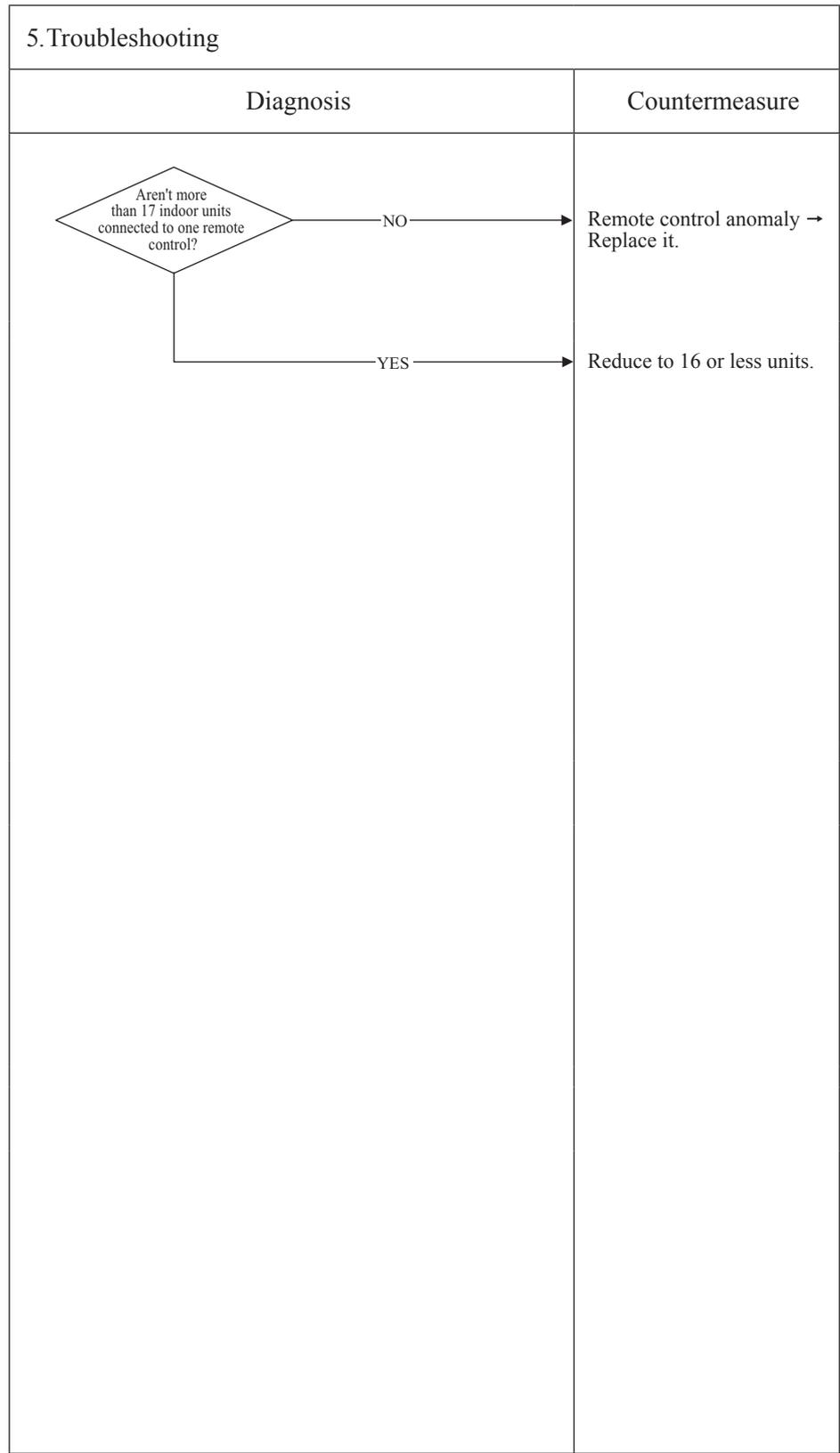
When it detects more than 17 of indoor units connected to one remote control.

3. Condition of error displayed

Same as above

4. Presumable cause

- Excessive number of indoor units connected.
- Remote control anomaly.



Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E11 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content Address setting error between master and slave indoor units |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|----------------------------|
| 1. Applicable model |
| All models |

| |
|---|
| 2. Error detection method |
| IU address has been set using the “Master IU address set” function of remote control. |

| |
|--|
| 3. Condition of Error displayed |
| Same as above |

| |
|----------------------------|
| 4. Presumable cause |
| Same as above |

| | |
|--|--|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <div style="text-align: center;"> <pre> graph TD A[E11 occurs] --> B{Is "Master IU address set" function of remote control used?} B -- YES --> C[Countermeasure] </pre> </div> <p>In case the wiring is below and “Master IU address set” is used, E11 is appeared.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> | |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · In cases of RC-E5 Return address No. to “IU ...” using [▲] or [▲] button. · In cases of RC-EX1A Menu → Next → IU settings → Select IU |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E16 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content Indoor fan motor anomaly (FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTS, FDU, FDUM, FDK, FDUT71, FDFW series) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|--|
| 1. Applicable model FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTS, FDU, FDUM, FDK, FDUT71, FDFW series only |
| 2. Error detection method Detected by revolution speed of indoor fan motor. |
| 3. Condition of error displayed When actual revolution speed of indoor fan motor drops to lower than 200min ⁻¹ for 30 seconds continuously, the compressor and the indoor fan motor stop. After 2-seconds delay, fan motor starts again automatically, but if this anomaly occurs 4 times within 60 minutes after the initial detection. |
| 4. Presumable cause <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indoor fan motor anomaly • Foreign matter at rotational area of fan propeller • Fan motor anomaly • Dust on control PCB • Blown fuse • External noise, surge |

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|-------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E18 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Address setting error of master and slave indoor units</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | 1-ime flash | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|---------------------------|
| 1.Applicable model |
| All models |

| |
|--|
| 2.Error detection method |
| (1) When the address setting for the master indoor unit is not existing in the same Superlink system. (2) When the address setting for the slave indoor unit is set for the master indoor unit redundantly. |

| |
|---------------------------------------|
| 3.Condition of Error displayed |
| Same as above |

| |
|---|
| 4.Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Address setting error of the master indoor unit ▪ No power supply to the master indoor unit ▪ No connection of Superlink signal wires between master and slave indoor unit. |

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| 5.Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD Q1{Is the address setting for the master indoor unit correct?} -- NO --> C1[Correct the address setting of the master indoor unit] Q1 -- YES --> Q2{Is the power surely supplied to the master indoor unit?} Q2 -- NO --> C2[Supply the power to the master indoor unit] Q2 -- YES --> Q3{Are the Superlink signal wires connected between master and slave indoor units?} Q3 -- NO --> C3[Connect the Superlink signal wires correctly.] Q3 -- YES --> C4["Indoor control PCB anomaly → Replace it (Firstly replace PCB on the slave indoor unit. If it is not recovered, replace PCB on the master indoor unit as well.)"] </pre> | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E19 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content Indoor unit operation check, drain motor check mode anomaly |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|----------------------------|
| 1. Applicable model |
| All models |

| |
|----------------------------------|
| 2. Error detection method |
| E19 occurs |

| |
|--|
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| Same as above |

| |
|--|
| 4. Presumable cause |
| Mistake in SW7-1 setting (Due to forgetting to turn OFF SW7-1 after indoor operation check) |

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD Start[E19 occurs when the power ON] --> Decision{Is SW7-1 on the indoor control PCB ON?} Decision -- YES --> Countermeasure1[Turn SW7-1 on the indoor control PCB OFF and reset the power.] Decision -- NO --> Countermeasure2[Indoor control PCB anomaly (Anomalous SW7) -> Replace.] </pre> | |

Note: Indoor operation check/drain pump check mode
 If the power is ON after SW7-1ON, indoor operation check/drain pump check mode can be established.
 1) When the communication between remote control and indoor PCB is established 15 seconds after power ON, it goes to indoor operation check.
 2) When the communication between remote control and indoor PCB is not established, it goes to drain pump check. (CnB connector should be open before power ON.)

| | | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E20 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content Indoor fan motor rotation speed anomaly (In case of FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTS, FDU, FDUM, FDK, FDUT71, FDFW series) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|---|
| 1. Applicable model |
| FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTS, FDU, FDUM, FDK, FDUT71, FDFW series only |
| 2. Error detection method |
| Detected by rotation speed of indoor fan motor |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| When the actual fan rotation speed does not reach to the speed of [required speed –50(FDU:-500)min ⁻¹] after 2 minutes have been elapsed since the fan motor rotation speed command was output, the unit stops by detecting indoor fan motor anomaly. |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indoor fan motor anomaly • Foreign matter at rotational area of fan propeller • Fan motor anomaly • Dust on control PCB • Blown fuse • External noise, surge |

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD D1{Does any foreign matter intervene in rotational area of fan propeller?} -- YES --> C1[Remove foreign material.] D1 -- NO --> D2{Does the fan rotate smoothly when turned by hand?} D2 -- YES --> D3{Is DC280V detected between ①-④ (①-③) of fan motor connector CNM?} D2 -- NO --> C2[Replace the fan motor.] D3 -- YES --> D4{Is the fuse F3(F4) or F202 blown?} D3 -- NO --> D5{Does it become normal?} D4 -- YES --> C3[Replace fan motor and power PCB.] D4 -- NO --> D5 D5 -- YES --> C4[Malfunction by temporary noise] D5 -- NO --> C5[Replace fan motor. (If the anomaly persists after replacing the fan motor, replace the indoor control PCB.)] P1[Reset the power supply and restart.] --> D5 </pre> <p>Note (1) ④(③) for GND (2) Valve in () are for the model FDFW and FDK</p> | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E21 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Defective panel switch operation (FDT)</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

| |
|----------------------------|
| 1. Applicable model |
| FDT series only |

| |
|---|
| 2. Error detection method |
| Panel switch (PS) has detected Open for more than 1 second. |

| |
|--|
| 3. Condition of Error displayed |
| Same as above |

| |
|---|
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defective panel switch • Disconnection of wiring • Defective indoor control PCB |

| | |
|--|--|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD Q1{Is grill opened?} -- YES --> C1[Reset the error and close the grill.] Q1 -- NO --> Q2{Does matter improve if panel switch is turned ON forcibly after resetting error?} Q2 -- YES --> C2[Insufficient push on the panel switch at the internal face of grill → Attach 3 mm thick rubber sheet at the section where the panel switch touches the inside of grill. Close then the grill.] Q2 -- NO --> Q3{Are connectors at right inserted properly?} Q3 -- NO --> C3[Disconnected, poorly connected connectors → Reinsert properly.] Q3 -- YES --> Q4{Is there continuity between #1 - #4 of CNV on indoor control PCB when panel switch operation is checked?} Q4 -- NO --> C4[• Defective panel switch or incorrect panel switch wiring → Replace panel switch. • Broken wire between panel PCB (CNV) → Correct or replace wire.] Q4 -- YES --> C5[Defective indoor control PCB → Replace indoor control PCB.] </pre> | <p>Reset the error and close the grill.</p> <p>Insufficient push on the panel switch at the internal face of grill → Attach 3 mm thick rubber sheet at the section where the panel switch touches the inside of grill. Close then the grill.</p> <p>Disconnected, poorly connected connectors → Reinsert properly.</p> <p>• Defective panel switch or incorrect panel switch wiring → Replace panel switch. • Broken wire between panel PCB (CNV) → Correct or replace wire.</p> <p>Defective indoor control PCB → Replace indoor control PCB.</p> |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E28 7-segment display: – | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Remote control temperature thermistor anomaly (Thc)</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

1. Applicable model

All models

2. Error detection method

Detection of anomalously low temperature (resistance) of Thc.

3. Condition of error displayed

- If -50°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously, compressor stops. After 3-minutes delay, the compressor is restarted automatically, but if this anomaly occurs again within 60 minutes after the initial detection.

4. Presumable cause

- Anomalous connection of remote control temperature thermistor
- Remote control temperature thermistor anomaly
- Remote control PCB anomaly

5. Troubleshooting

| Diagnosis | Countermeasure | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|
| <pre> graph TD Q1{Is the connector of thermistor connected properly?} -- NO --> C1[Insert the connector securely.] Q1 -- YES --> T1[Regarding the characteristics of the thermistor, see the following table.] T1 --> Q2{Are the characteristics of thermistor OK? Is the thermistor wire OK *1} Q2 -- NO --> C2[Replace thermistor (Thc).] Q2 -- YES --> C3[Replace indoor control PCB.] </pre> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>*1 Check several times to prove any poor connection.</p> <p>Temperature-resistance characteristics of remote control temperature thermistor (Thc).</p> <table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Resistance (kΩ)</th> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Resistance (kΩ)</th> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Resistance (kΩ)</th> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Resistance (kΩ)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>65</td><td>14</td><td>33</td><td>30</td><td>16</td><td>46</td><td>8.5</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>62</td><td>16</td><td>30</td><td>32</td><td>15</td><td>48</td><td>7.8</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>59</td><td>18</td><td>27</td><td>34</td><td>14</td><td>50</td><td>7.3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>53</td><td>20</td><td>25</td><td>36</td><td>13</td><td>52</td><td>6.7</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>48</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>38</td><td>12</td><td>54</td><td>6.3</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>44</td><td>24</td><td>21</td><td>40</td><td>11</td><td>56</td><td>5.8</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>40</td><td>26</td><td>19</td><td>42</td><td>9.9</td><td>58</td><td>5.4</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>36</td><td>28</td><td>18</td><td>44</td><td>9.2</td><td>60</td><td>5.0</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | | Temperature (°C) | Resistance (kΩ) | 0 | 65 | 14 | 33 | 30 | 16 | 46 | 8.5 | 1 | 62 | 16 | 30 | 32 | 15 | 48 | 7.8 | 2 | 59 | 18 | 27 | 34 | 14 | 50 | 7.3 | 4 | 53 | 20 | 25 | 36 | 13 | 52 | 6.7 | 6 | 48 | 22 | 23 | 38 | 12 | 54 | 6.3 | 8 | 44 | 24 | 21 | 40 | 11 | 56 | 5.8 | 10 | 40 | 26 | 19 | 42 | 9.9 | 58 | 5.4 | 12 | 36 | 28 | 18 | 44 | 9.2 | 60 | 5.0 |
| Temperature (°C) | Resistance (kΩ) | Temperature (°C) | Resistance (kΩ) | Temperature (°C) | Resistance (kΩ) | Temperature (°C) | Resistance (kΩ) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 65 | 14 | 33 | 30 | 16 | 46 | 8.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 62 | 16 | 30 | 32 | 15 | 48 | 7.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 59 | 18 | 27 | 34 | 14 | 50 | 7.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 53 | 20 | 25 | 36 | 13 | 52 | 6.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 48 | 22 | 23 | 38 | 12 | 54 | 6.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 44 | 24 | 21 | 40 | 11 | 56 | 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 40 | 26 | 19 | 42 | 9.9 | 58 | 5.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | 36 | 28 | 18 | 44 | 9.2 | 60 | 5.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note: After 10 seconds has elapsed since remote control temperature thermistor was switched from invalid to valid, E28 will not be displayed even if the thermistor harness is disconnected or broken. However, in such case, the indoor return air temperature thermistor (Thi-A) will be valid instantly instead of the remote control temperature thermistor (Thc). Please note that even though the remote control temperature thermistor (Thc) is valid, the displayed return air temperature on the remote control LCD shows the value detected by the indoor return air temperature thermistor (Thi-A), not by the remote control temperature thermistor (Thc).

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E31 7-segment display: E31 | LED | Green | Red | Content Duplicated outdoor unit address No. |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |

| |
|---|
| 1. Applicable model Outdoor unit |
| 2. Error detection method When the microcomputer of outdoor control PCB recognizes the duplicated address No. by scanning all addresses of outdoor units in the same Superlink system. |
| 3. Condition of error displayed When duplicated outdoor unit address No. exists in the same Superlink system. |
| 4. Presumable cause <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mistake in the address setting of outdoor units More than 129 indoor units connected [Maximum number can be set by address switch is 128 units] No setting of Master/Slave setting switch for combination use |

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD A[Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.] --> B[Reset the power supply and restart operation.] B --> C{Does E31 recur?} C -- NO --> D[Test run *No action is taken because it is judged that the power reset is not done after changing address.] C -- YES --> E[Check outdoor address Nos. in the same Superlink system.] E --> F{Does the same address No. exist?} F -- YES --> G[Correct address.] F -- NO --> H[Replace outdoor control PCB. *] H --> I[* Before replacement, please confirm whether the rotary switch for address setting is not damaged. (It was experienced that No. 5 on rotary switch was not recognized.)] </pre> | |

Note: After taken above measure, reset the power and confirm no error is displayed occurs.
 Unless the power is reset after changing address, the set address will not be confirmed.
 In case of combination use, set the same address to both master and slave units. Distinction of master or slave unit is done by setting SW4-7 and 4-8. (Refer the instruction manual and technical manual for details)

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E32 7-segment display: E32 | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Open L3 Phase on power supply at primary side</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |

| |
|--|
| 1. Applicable model |
| Outdoor unit |
| 2. Error detection method |
| By Checking the power supply voltage at primary side of the outdoor control PCB. (Check only L3 phase) |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| When the power supply voltage between L1-N or L2-N becomes 0V and/or the current of L3 decrease to 0A. |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anomalous power supply at primary side • Outdoor control PCB anomaly. |

| | |
|---|--|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <pre> graph TD A[Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.] --> B{Is the power supply voltage (between phases) at the primary side OK?} B -- NO --> C[Propose an improvement to the customer.] B -- YES --> D[Reset the power supply and restart operation.] D --> E{Does E32 recur?} E -- YES --> F[Replace outdoor control PCB.] E -- NO --> G[Restart operation] G --> H{Does E32 recur?} H -- YES --> I[Check the connection of wire.] H -- NO --> J[Wait and see without taking any action.] </pre> | <p>Check and save the data of operating condition. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation or stopping. (It will be useful to persuade the customer why an improvement of power supply is required by showing these data.)</p> <p>Propose an improvement to the customer.</p> <p>Check it, as much as possible, under the operating conditions for 30 minutes before error occurred.</p> <p>Replace outdoor control PCB.</p> <p>Check the connection of wire.</p> <p>Wait and see without taking any action.</p> |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E36 7-segment display: E36-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content Discharge pipe temperature error (Tho-D1, D2) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *2 | |

*1 E36-1: Tho-D1, E36-2: Tho-D2 *2 E36-1: 1-time flash, E36-2: 2-time flash

| |
|---|
| 1. Applicable model |
| Outdoor unit |
| 2. Error detection method |
| When anomalously high temperature is detected by the discharge pipe temperature thermistor (Tho-D1, D2). |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| When 130°C or higher is detected by the discharge temperature thermistor, the compressor stops. After 3 minutes delay, the compressor starts again automatically, but if this anomaly occurs 2 times within 60 minutes after the initial detection, or 130°C or higher is detected continuously for 60 minutes. |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discharge pipe temperature anomaly SV1, 2 (liquid refrigerant by-pass valve) anomaly <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breakage of coil Faulty main body. Outdoor control PCB anomaly Insufficient amount of refrigerant Insufficient airflow volume Short-circuit of airflow |

| | |
|---|---|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> | |
| Is the unit installation environment within the range of limitation? | NO → Propose an improvement to the customer. YES → Are the refrigerant amount and piping length OK? |
| Are the refrigerant amount and piping length OK? | NO → Adjust the refrigerant amount properly. (Check whether the refrigerant amount is insufficient or not.) (Check the gas leakage) YES → Is the insertion of the thermistor connector into the connector on outdoor control PCB OK? |
| Is the insertion of the thermistor connector into the connector on outdoor control PCB OK? | NO → Insert connector securely. YES → Is the discharge pipe temperature thermistor OK? |
| Is the discharge pipe temperature thermistor OK? | NO → Check if the characteristics are correct by referring the characteristics chart of E39. And if necessary, replace the discharge pipe temperature thermistor. YES → Reset the power supply and restart operation. |
| Does the error recur when restarting? | NO → Wait and see. Continue to obtain data, if possible. (Keep connecting the Mente PC) YES → Is there AC220-240V of output signal for SV1, 2 from outdoor control PCB? |
| Is there AC220-240V of output signal for SV1, 2 from outdoor control PCB? | NO → Replace outdoor control PCB. YES → Is the coil of SV1, 2 energized? |
| Is the coil of SV1, 2 energized? | NO → Replace the coil SV1, 2. YES → Does the refrigerant flow through SV1, 2 main body? |
| Does the refrigerant flow through SV1, 2 main body? | NO → Replace the SV1, 2 main body. (If there is no refrigerant in liquid line, charge refrigerant additional) YES → Check refrigerant amount again. |

Note:

| | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E37 7-segment display: E37-1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6*1 | LED | Green | Red | Content Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor (Tho-R) and subcooling coil temperature thermistor (Tho-SC, -H) anomaly |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | * 1 | |

*1 E37-1: 1-time flash (Tho-R1), E37-2: 2-time flash (Tho-R2), E37-3: 3-time flash (Tho-R3), E37-4: 4-time flash (Tho-R4), E37-5: 5-time flash (Tho-SC), E37-6: 6-time flash (Tho-H)

| |
|---|
| 1. Applicable model |
| Outdoor unit |
| 2. Error detection method |
| Detection of anomalously low temperature (resistance) of Tho-R or Tho-SC or Tho-H. |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If -50°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 2-minutes to 2-minutes 20-seconds after the compressor ON, the compressor stops. And after 3-minutes delay, the compressor starts again automatically, but if this anomalous temperature is detected 3 times within 40 minutes after the initial detection. If -50°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 20 seconds after power ON. |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Broken thermistor harness or the internal wire of sensing section (Check the molded section as well) Disconnection of thermistor harness connection (connector). Outdoor control PCB anomaly. |

| 5. Troubleshooting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------------|--|---|----|----|----|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <pre> graph TD A{Is the connector of thermistor connected properly?} -- NO --> B[Insert the connector securely.] A -- YES --> C{Are the characteristics of thermistor OK? *2} C -- NO --> D[Replace thermistor. (Tho-SC, Tho-H, Tho-R)] C -- YES --> E[Replace outdoor control PCB.] </pre> | <p>Check and save the data of operating conditions. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation or stopping. Check the sensed value. Compare the temperature on Mente PC with actual measured value.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>*2 Check several times to prove any poor connection</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor (Tho-R1-R4) Subcooling coil thermistor (Tho-SC, Tho-H) Temperature-resistance characteristics</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Temperature-resistance characteristics</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td>25</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>30</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>40</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>50</td><td>2</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | | Temperature (°C) | Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ) | 0 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 20 | 6 | 25 | 5 | 30 | 4 | 40 | 3 | 50 | 2 |
| Temperature (°C) | Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E38 7-segment display: E38 | LED | Green | Red | Content Outdoor air temperature thermistor anomaly (Tho-A) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |

1. Applicable model

Outdoor unit

2. Error detection method

Detection of anomalously low temperature (resistance) of Tho-A

3. Condition of error displayed

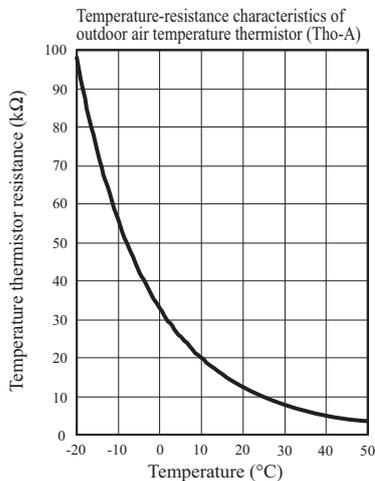
- If -30°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 2-minutes to 2-minutes 20-seconds after the compressor ON, the compressor stops. And after 3-minutes delay, the compressor starts again automatically, but if this anomalous temperature is detected 3 times within 40 minutes after the initial detection.
- If -30°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 20 seconds after power ON.

4. Presumable cause

- Broken thermistor harness or the internal wire of sensing section (Check the molded section as well)
- Disconnection of thermistor harness connection (connector).
- Outdoor control PCB anomaly.

5. Troubleshooting

| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
|---|---|
| <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <pre> graph TD Q1{Is the connector of thermistor connected properly?} -- NO --> C1[Insert the connector securely.] Q1 -- YES --> Q2{Are the characteristics of thermistor OK?*1} Q2 -- NO --> C2[Replace thermistor (Tho-A).] Q2 -- YES --> C3[Replace outdoor control PCB.] </pre> <p>*1 Check several times to prove any poor connection</p> | <p>Check and save the data of operating condition. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation or stopping. Check the sensed value. Compare the temperature on Mente PC with actual measured value.</p> |



Note:

| | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E39 7-segment display: E39-1, 2*1 | LED | Green | Red | Content Discharge pipe temperature thermistor anomaly (Tho-D1, D2) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *2 | |

*1 E39-1: Tho-D1, E39-2: Tho-D2, *2 E39-1: 1-time flash, E39-2: 2-time flash

| <p>1. Applicable model</p> <p>Outdoor unit</p> | <p>5. Troubleshooting</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Diagnosis</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Countermeasure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <pre> graph TD Q1{Is the connector of thermistor connected properly?} -- NO --> C1[Insert the connector securely.] Q1 -- YES --> Q2{Are the characteristics of thermistor OK? *3} Q2 -- NO --> C2[Replace thermistor (Tho-D1 or D2).] Q2 -- YES --> C3[Replace outdoor control PCB.] </pre> </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <p>Check and save the data of operating condition. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation or stopping. Check the sensed value. Compare the temperature on Mente PC with actual measured value.</p> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*3 Check several times to prove any poor connection</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Temperature-resistance characteristics of discharge pipe temperature thermistor (Tho-D1, D2)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <caption>Temperature-resistance characteristics of discharge pipe temperature thermistor (Tho-D1, D2)</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>180</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>100</td></tr> <tr><td>40</td><td>60</td></tr> <tr><td>60</td><td>40</td></tr> <tr><td>80</td><td>30</td></tr> <tr><td>100</td><td>25</td></tr> <tr><td>120</td><td>22</td></tr> <tr><td>140</td><td>21</td></tr> <tr><td>160</td><td>20</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Diagnosis | Countermeasure | <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <pre> graph TD Q1{Is the connector of thermistor connected properly?} -- NO --> C1[Insert the connector securely.] Q1 -- YES --> Q2{Are the characteristics of thermistor OK? *3} Q2 -- NO --> C2[Replace thermistor (Tho-D1 or D2).] Q2 -- YES --> C3[Replace outdoor control PCB.] </pre> | <p>Check and save the data of operating condition. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation or stopping. Check the sensed value. Compare the temperature on Mente PC with actual measured value.</p> | Temperature (°C) | Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ) | 0 | 180 | 20 | 100 | 40 | 60 | 60 | 40 | 80 | 30 | 100 | 25 | 120 | 22 | 140 | 21 | 160 | 20 |
|--|---|-----------|----------------|--|--|------------------|--|---|-----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <pre> graph TD Q1{Is the connector of thermistor connected properly?} -- NO --> C1[Insert the connector securely.] Q1 -- YES --> Q2{Are the characteristics of thermistor OK? *3} Q2 -- NO --> C2[Replace thermistor (Tho-D1 or D2).] Q2 -- YES --> C3[Replace outdoor control PCB.] </pre> | <p>Check and save the data of operating condition. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation or stopping. Check the sensed value. Compare the temperature on Mente PC with actual measured value.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Temperature (°C) | Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 180 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 60 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | 40 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80 | 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 120 | 22 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 140 | 21 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 160 | 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

3. Condition of error displayed

- If 3°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 10-minutes to 10-minutes 20-seconds after the compressor ON, the compressor stops. And after 3-minutes delay, the compressor starts again automatically, but if this anomalous temperature is detected 3 times within 40 minutes after the initial detection.

4. Presumable cause

- Broken thermistor harness or the internal wire of sensing section. (Check the molded section as well)
- Disconnection of thermistor harness connection (connector)
- Outdoor control PCB anomaly.

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E40 7-segment display: E40 | LED | Green | Red | Content High pressure anomaly (63H1-1, 2 activated) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |

1. Applicable model

Outdoor unit

2. Error detection method

When high pressure switch 63H1-1 or 63H1-2 is activated.

- 3. Condition of error displayed**
- If high pressure exceeds 4.15MPa
 - If 63H1-1, 2 is activated 5 times within 60 minutes
 - If 63H1-1, 2 is activated for 60 minutes continuously

- 4. Presumable cause**
- Short-circuit of airflow at condenser side of heat exchanger/Disturbance of airflow/Clogging filter/Fan motor anomaly
 - Disconnection of high pressure switch connector
 - Breakage of high pressure switch harness
 - Closed service valves
 - High pressure sensor anomaly
 - High pressure switch anomaly

5. Troubleshooting

| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
|--|--|
| <p>Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</p> <pre> graph TD Q1{Was 63H1 or 63H1-2 activated at 4.15MPa or higher?} Q2{Does the sensed value of the high pressure sensor show 4.15MPa? (Normal?) } Q3{Are the 63H1-1, 2 OK? Are the connector and/or harness OK? } Q4{Are the service valves fully open? } Q5{Is it stop at 4.15MPa of gauge pressure? } Q6{Is there any clogging in the refrigerant circuit? } Q1 -- YES --> Q3 Q1 -- NO --> Q2 Q2 -- YES --> Q3 Q2 -- NO --> CM1 Q3 -- YES --> Q4 Q3 -- NO --> CM2 Q4 -- YES --> Q5 Q4 -- NO --> CM3 Q5 -- YES --> Q6 Q5 -- NO --> CM4 Q6 -- YES --> CM5 Q6 -- NO --> CM6 </pre> | <p>Check and save the data of operating condition. Check the sensed value of high pressure sensor when the 63H1-1, 2 is activated. Check whether the high pressure switch is activated at the sensed value of high pressure sensor.</p> <p>High pressure sensor anomaly is suspicious. Check high pressure sensor itself according to the troubleshooting procedure of E54, after restarting operation. (If the high pressure sensor [PSH] fails, replace it)</p> <p>If the connector is disconnected or the harness is broken, correct it. Also check whether the high pressure switch is properly mounted or not. Check the open N phase on power supply</p> <p>Open operation valve.</p> <p>Check it, as much as possible, under the operating conditions for 30 minutes before error occurred.</p> <p>Replace outdoor control PCB.</p> <p>Remove clogs.</p> <p>Check items (condenser side):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Filter clogging • Airflow volume (Fan motor) • Short-circuit of airflow |

Note: If the error does not recur, connect the Maintenance PC and continue to collect data.

| | | | | |
|---|---------|----------------|-----------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E41(E51) 7-segment display: E41(E51)-1, 2*1 | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Power transistor overheat</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *2 | |

*1 E41-1 (E51-1) : CM1, E41-2 (E51-2) : CM2 *2 E41-1 (E51-1) : 1-time flash, E41-2 (E51-2) : 2-time flash

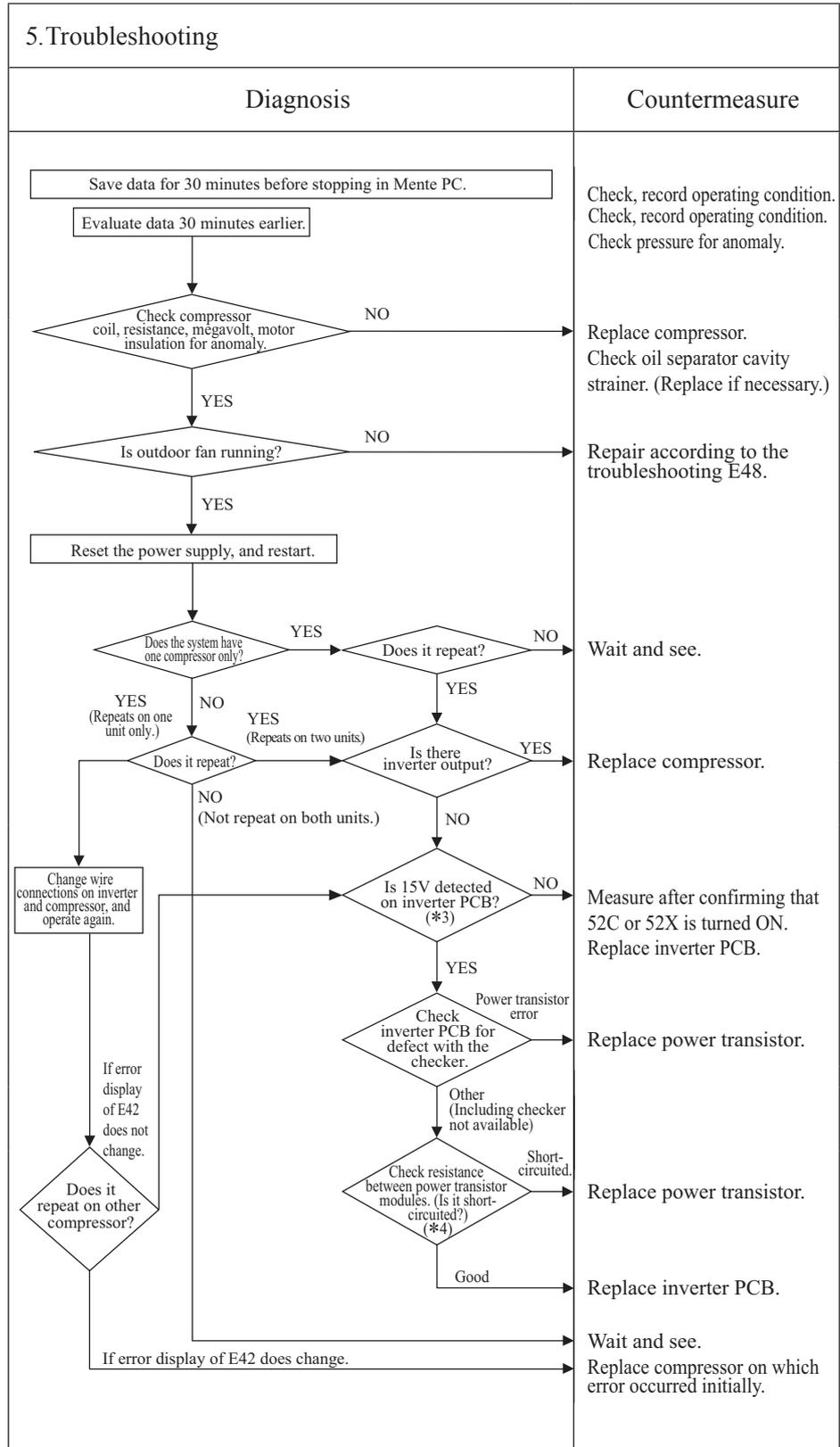
| <p>1. Applicable model</p> <p>Outdoor unit</p> | <p>5. Troubleshooting</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Diagnosis</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Countermeasure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <p>Check, record operating condition. Check power transistor temperature. Check operations of outdoor fan, inverter cooling fan. Repair according to the troubleshooting E48.</p> <p>Wait and see. (Continue, if possible, and record data.)</p> <p>If it fails to run even in ON range, check voltage at connector (*1) on control PCB. If AC 230V is detected, replace inverter cooling fan. If it shows 0V, replace control PCB. Inverter cooling fan runs under following condition.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <p>Power transistor sensor temperatures 1, 2</p> <p>Connect sensors securely.</p> <p>Replace power transistor sensor.</p> <p>Measure after confirming that 52C or 52X is turned ON. Replace inverter PCB.</p> <p>Coat power transistor with silicon sufficiently, and fix on radiator fin securely.</p> <p>Replace power transistor.</p> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Diagnosis | Countermeasure | <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> | <p>Check, record operating condition. Check power transistor temperature. Check operations of outdoor fan, inverter cooling fan. Repair according to the troubleshooting E48.</p> <p>Wait and see. (Continue, if possible, and record data.)</p> <p>If it fails to run even in ON range, check voltage at connector (*1) on control PCB. If AC 230V is detected, replace inverter cooling fan. If it shows 0V, replace control PCB. Inverter cooling fan runs under following condition.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <p>Power transistor sensor temperatures 1, 2</p> <p>Connect sensors securely.</p> <p>Replace power transistor sensor.</p> <p>Measure after confirming that 52C or 52X is turned ON. Replace inverter PCB.</p> <p>Coat power transistor with silicon sufficiently, and fix on radiator fin securely.</p> <p>Replace power transistor.</p> |
|--|--|-----------|----------------|---|--|
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure | | | | |
| <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> | <p>Check, record operating condition. Check power transistor temperature. Check operations of outdoor fan, inverter cooling fan. Repair according to the troubleshooting E48.</p> <p>Wait and see. (Continue, if possible, and record data.)</p> <p>If it fails to run even in ON range, check voltage at connector (*1) on control PCB. If AC 230V is detected, replace inverter cooling fan. If it shows 0V, replace control PCB. Inverter cooling fan runs under following condition.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <p>Power transistor sensor temperatures 1, 2</p> <p>Connect sensors securely.</p> <p>Replace power transistor sensor.</p> <p>Measure after confirming that 52C or 52X is turned ON. Replace inverter PCB.</p> <p>Coat power transistor with silicon sufficiently, and fix on radiator fin securely.</p> <p>Replace power transistor.</p> | | | | |
| <p>2. Error detection method</p> <p>E41 is displayed on 7-segment LED.</p> | | | | | |
| <p>3. Condition of error displayed</p> <p>Anomalously high temperature of power transistor is detected 5 times within 60 minutes (E41). Or it is detected for 15 minutes continuously (E51).</p> | | | | | |
| <p>4. Presumable cause</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power transistor anomaly • Power transistor temperature thermistor anomaly • Inverter PCB anomaly • Outdoor fan motor anomaly • Anomalous cooling fan motor for inverter | | | | | |

Note: *1 Measurement position: Between ① – ③ pins of CNN8
 *2 Measuring position: Between + and – of C19
 If it fails to repeat, connect the Mente PC, and continue to collect data.

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E42 7-segment display: E42-1, 2* | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Current cut (CM1, CM2)</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *2 | |

*1 E42-1: CM1, E42-2: CM2 *2 E42-1: 1-time flash, E42-2: 2-time flash

| |
|---|
| 1. Applicable model |
| Outdoor unit |
| 2. Error detection method |
| When anomalously high output current of inverter is detected by the current sensor mounted in the power transistor. |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| When 88A or higher output current of inverter is detected 4 times within 15 minutes. |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compressor anomaly • Leakage of refrigerant • Power transistor module anomaly • Anomalous power supply for inverter PCB • Outdoor fan motor anomaly |



Note: *3 Measurement position: Between + and - of C19
 *4 Measurement position: Check resistance between P-U, P-V, P-W, N-U, N-V, N-W, P-N. (Disconnect compressor wires before measurement).
 If it fails to repeat, connect the Mente PC, and continue to collect data.

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E43 7-segment display: E43-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content Excessive number of indoor units connected, excessive total capacity of connection |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *1 | |

*1 E43-1/1-time flash: Excessive number of indoor units connected, E43-2/2-time flash: Excessive capacity of connection

| | | |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| 1. Applicable model Outdoor unit | 5. Troubleshooting | |
| 2. Error detection method When the number of connected indoor units exceeds the limitation. When the total capacity of connected indoor units exceeds the limitation. | Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| 3. Condition of error displayed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excessive number of connected indoor units Excessive total capacity of connected indoor units The total capacity of connected indoor units exceeds the limitation | <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px; text-align: center;">Reset the power.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px; text-align: right;"> Caution: Address will not be confirmed, unless the power is reset after changing address. </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Is E43 displayed?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">NO →</p> <p style="text-align: center;">YES ↓</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px; text-align: center;"> Does the number of indoor units connected and/or total capacity exceed limitation? </div> <p style="text-align: center;">NO →</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> Check the connected number of indoor units with 7-segment display code C50 or Mente PC with reference to the utilities drawing. (Check not only one system, but also other systems) </div> <p style="text-align: center;">NO ↓</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px; text-align: center;"> Are there any indoor units which is not expected to exist in that signal line? </div> <p style="text-align: center;">NO ↓</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px; text-align: center;"> Check the resistance between A and B of signal line as well. </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> General checking of indoor/outdoor unit addresses by means of: ◇ Outdoor unit: Mente PC, 7-Segment display and rotary switch (SW1, 2) ◇ Indoor unit: Remote control, rotary switch (SW1, 2, 3, 4) * It is recommended to use means other than the rotary switch which could be defective. </div> </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Test run.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">No action is taken because it is judged that the power reset was not done after changing address.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Check indoor unit addresses and correct.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">In case that total capacity of connected indoor units exceeds the limitation, if tentative operation is required turn ON the dip switch SW5-4 on the outdoor control PCB. (However since this tentative solution could cause trouble, be sure to correct it as soon as possible)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Signal wire may be connected to other outdoor unit system.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Correct the signal wire.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Correct addresses. (Either one of addresses is wrong.)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">If the address corrected with rotary switch is still wrong, replace control PCB. (Defective rotary switch)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">* Before replacement, please confirm whether the rotary switch for address setting is not damaged. (It was experienced that No. 5 on rotary switch was not recognized.)</p> </div> </div> | |
| 4. Presumable cause <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mistake in setting of indoor/outdoor unit addresses Mistake in signal wire connection | | |

Note: After completing the above procedure, reset the power and confirm that the error display does not recur. Unless the power is reset for both indoor unit and outdoor unit, the set addresses will not be confirmed.

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E44 7-segment display: E44-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content Liquid flooding anomaly (CM1, CM2) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *2 | |

*1 E44-1: CM1, E44-2 : CM2 *2 E44-1: 1-time flash, E45-2: 2-time flash

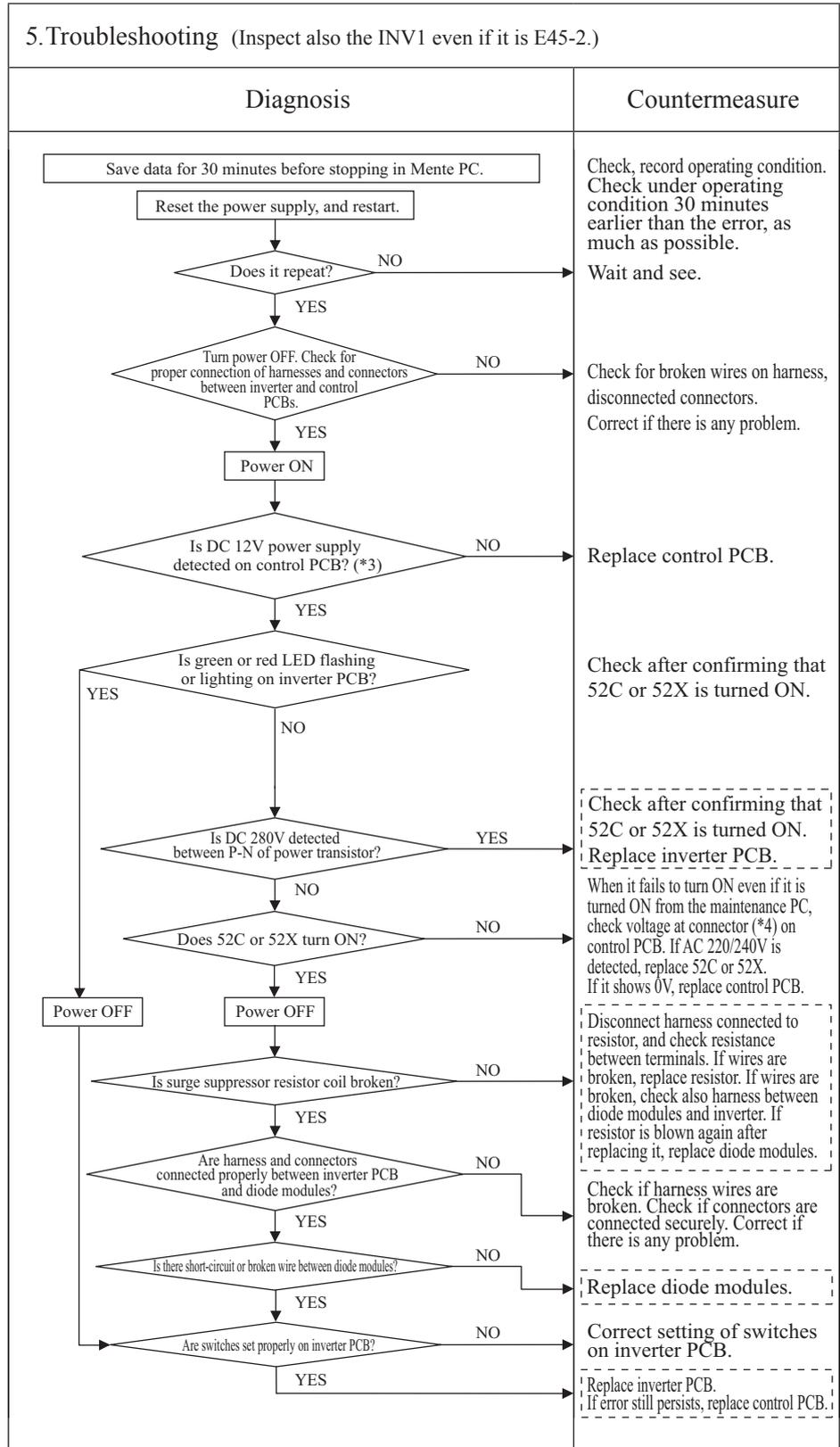
| 1. Applicable model Outdoor units | 5. Troubleshooting <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Diagnosis</th> <th>Countermeasure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;"> Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC. </td> </tr> <tr> <td> Are there any wrong connection of refrigerant piping and/or signal wiring? · Check the numbers of connected indoor units recognized by outdoor unit in comparison with those numbers in utility drawing. </td> <td> YES → Correct the connection of refrigerant piping and/or signal wiring properly. </td> </tr> <tr> <td> Are there any excessive refrigerant charged at site? · Check the calculation result of additional refrigerant charging amount and the record of additional refrigerant charged amount. </td> <td> YES → Adjust refrigerant amount properly. </td> </tr> <tr> <td> Are there any leakage of refrigerant through valve sheet of SV1, 2? · Check the temperature difference between before and after SV1, 2. </td> <td> YES → Replace SV1, 2. Replace the coil of SV1, 2. </td> </tr> <tr> <td> Are there any fault in subcooling coil circuit? · Check whether the EEVSC is kept open (at cooling mode) · Check whether the thermistor of Tho-H is inserted in the thermistor holder properly. · Check whether the characteristics of Tho-H and PSL is OK. </td> <td> YES → <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace EEVSC. Check the coil of EEVSC → Replace the coil of EEVSC Replace Tho-H. Replace PSL. </td> </tr> <tr> <td> Is the superheat control of indoor unit OK at cooling mode? · Check whether the indoor EEV is kept open or not. · Check whether ThI-R1, R2, R3 are installed at proper position or the characteristics of them are OK. · Check whether the air filter is clogged. · Check whether the indoor fan rotates. </td> <td> NO → <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace indoor EEV. Check the coil of EEV → Replace the coil of EEV. Check the installed position of ThI-R1, R2, R3 → Replace ThI-R, if necessary. Check the air filter. Check the connection of indoor fan motor connector. Replace indoor fan motor * By checking ThI-R1, R2, R3 from indoor unit operation data of Mente PC, specify the indoor unit which tends to be liquid flooding (ThI-R3=ThI-R2 shows the probability of liquid flooding) </td> </tr> <tr> <td> Is the superheat control of outdoor unit OK at heating mode? · Check whether EEVH1 is kept open or not. · Check whether Tho-R1, R2, R3, R4 are installed at proper position or the characteristics of them is OK. · Check whether the characteristics of PSL are OK. · Check whether the fin of outdoor heat exchanger is clogged with snow, ice or dust. · Check whether the outdoor fan rotates. </td> <td> NO → <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace EEVH1, 2. Check the coil of EEVH1, 2 → Replace the coil of EEVH1, 2. Check the installed position of Tho-R1, R2, R3 → Replace Tho-R, if necessary. Clean the fin of outdoor heat exchanger. Check the connection of outdoor fan motor connector Replace outdoor fan motor. </td> </tr> <tr> <td> Is the characteristics of Tho-C1, 2 OK? </td> <td> NO → Replace Tho-C1, 2. YES → Correct the data with Mente PC and ask our consultation. </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Diagnosis | Countermeasure | Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC. | | Are there any wrong connection of refrigerant piping and/or signal wiring? · Check the numbers of connected indoor units recognized by outdoor unit in comparison with those numbers in utility drawing. | YES → Correct the connection of refrigerant piping and/or signal wiring properly. | Are there any excessive refrigerant charged at site? · Check the calculation result of additional refrigerant charging amount and the record of additional refrigerant charged amount. | YES → Adjust refrigerant amount properly. | Are there any leakage of refrigerant through valve sheet of SV1, 2? · Check the temperature difference between before and after SV1, 2. | YES → Replace SV1, 2. Replace the coil of SV1, 2. | Are there any fault in subcooling coil circuit? · Check whether the EEVSC is kept open (at cooling mode) · Check whether the thermistor of Tho-H is inserted in the thermistor holder properly. · Check whether the characteristics of Tho-H and PSL is OK. | YES → <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace EEVSC. Check the coil of EEVSC → Replace the coil of EEVSC Replace Tho-H. Replace PSL. | Is the superheat control of indoor unit OK at cooling mode? · Check whether the indoor EEV is kept open or not. · Check whether ThI-R1, R2, R3 are installed at proper position or the characteristics of them are OK. · Check whether the air filter is clogged. · Check whether the indoor fan rotates. | NO → <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace indoor EEV. Check the coil of EEV → Replace the coil of EEV. Check the installed position of ThI-R1, R2, R3 → Replace ThI-R, if necessary. Check the air filter. Check the connection of indoor fan motor connector. Replace indoor fan motor * By checking ThI-R1, R2, R3 from indoor unit operation data of Mente PC, specify the indoor unit which tends to be liquid flooding (ThI-R3=ThI-R2 shows the probability of liquid flooding) | Is the superheat control of outdoor unit OK at heating mode? · Check whether EEVH1 is kept open or not. · Check whether Tho-R1, R2, R3, R4 are installed at proper position or the characteristics of them is OK. · Check whether the characteristics of PSL are OK. · Check whether the fin of outdoor heat exchanger is clogged with snow, ice or dust. · Check whether the outdoor fan rotates. | NO → <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace EEVH1, 2. Check the coil of EEVH1, 2 → Replace the coil of EEVH1, 2. Check the installed position of Tho-R1, R2, R3 → Replace Tho-R, if necessary. Clean the fin of outdoor heat exchanger. Check the connection of outdoor fan motor connector Replace outdoor fan motor. | Is the characteristics of Tho-C1, 2 OK? | NO → Replace Tho-C1, 2. YES → Correct the data with Mente PC and ask our consultation. |
|---|---|---|----------------|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| Diagnosis | | Countermeasure | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Are there any wrong connection of refrigerant piping and/or signal wiring? · Check the numbers of connected indoor units recognized by outdoor unit in comparison with those numbers in utility drawing. | | YES → Correct the connection of refrigerant piping and/or signal wiring properly. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Are there any excessive refrigerant charged at site? · Check the calculation result of additional refrigerant charging amount and the record of additional refrigerant charged amount. | | YES → Adjust refrigerant amount properly. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Are there any leakage of refrigerant through valve sheet of SV1, 2? · Check the temperature difference between before and after SV1, 2. | YES → Replace SV1, 2. Replace the coil of SV1, 2. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Are there any fault in subcooling coil circuit? · Check whether the EEVSC is kept open (at cooling mode) · Check whether the thermistor of Tho-H is inserted in the thermistor holder properly. · Check whether the characteristics of Tho-H and PSL is OK. | YES → <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace EEVSC. Check the coil of EEVSC → Replace the coil of EEVSC Replace Tho-H. Replace PSL. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Is the superheat control of indoor unit OK at cooling mode? · Check whether the indoor EEV is kept open or not. · Check whether ThI-R1, R2, R3 are installed at proper position or the characteristics of them are OK. · Check whether the air filter is clogged. · Check whether the indoor fan rotates. | NO → <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace indoor EEV. Check the coil of EEV → Replace the coil of EEV. Check the installed position of ThI-R1, R2, R3 → Replace ThI-R, if necessary. Check the air filter. Check the connection of indoor fan motor connector. Replace indoor fan motor * By checking ThI-R1, R2, R3 from indoor unit operation data of Mente PC, specify the indoor unit which tends to be liquid flooding (ThI-R3=ThI-R2 shows the probability of liquid flooding) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Is the superheat control of outdoor unit OK at heating mode? · Check whether EEVH1 is kept open or not. · Check whether Tho-R1, R2, R3, R4 are installed at proper position or the characteristics of them is OK. · Check whether the characteristics of PSL are OK. · Check whether the fin of outdoor heat exchanger is clogged with snow, ice or dust. · Check whether the outdoor fan rotates. | NO → <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace EEVH1, 2. Check the coil of EEVH1, 2 → Replace the coil of EEVH1, 2. Check the installed position of Tho-R1, R2, R3 → Replace Tho-R, if necessary. Clean the fin of outdoor heat exchanger. Check the connection of outdoor fan motor connector Replace outdoor fan motor. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Is the characteristics of Tho-C1, 2 OK? | NO → Replace Tho-C1, 2. YES → Correct the data with Mente PC and ask our consultation. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Error detection method When 5°C or lower of the under-dome temperature superheat is detected for 15 minutes continuously or for 30 minutes continuously. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Condition of error displayed When above anomaly is detected 3 times within 90 minutes. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Presumable cause <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unmatching of refrigerant piping and/or signal wiring Overcharging of refrigerant Anomalous control of superheat Anomalous circuit of liquid refrigerant by-pass Anomalous refrigerant circuit of subcooling coil Under-dome temperature (Tho-D1, 2) anomaly | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note: If the error does not recur, connect the Mente PC and continue to collect data.

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E45 7-segment display: E45-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Communication error between inverter PCB and outdoor control PCB</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *2 | |

*1 E45-1: INV1, E45-2: INVI *2 E45-1: 1-time flash, E45-2: 2-time flash

| |
|--|
| 1. Applicable model |
| Outdoor unit |
| 2. Error detection method |
| E45 is displayed on 7-segment LED. |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| When the communication between inverter PCB and outdoor control PCB is not established. |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signal wire anomaly • Outdoor control PCB anomaly • Inverter PCB anomaly • Rush current prevention resistor anomaly • Defective 52C or 52X • Defective diode module |



Note: *3 Measurement position: Between + and - of C21
 *4 Measurement position: Between pins ① - ③ of CNM1, CNM2 (CNM2 for systems having 2 units of compressor only)
 If it fails to repeat, connect the Mente PC, and continue to collect data.

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E46 7-segment display: E46 | LED | Green | Red | Content Mixed address setting methods coexistent in same network |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |

1. Applicable model

Outdoor unit

2. Error detection method

If the signal line of a outdoor unit system applied automatic address setting is connected to other outdoor unit system. (Detected at indoor unit side)

3. Condition of error displayed

Same as above.

4. Presumable cause

- Mistake in the address setting
- Mistake in the connection of signal wire

5. Troubleshooting

| Diagnosis | Countermeasure | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--------|--------|----------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|-----|--------|---|
| <p>Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</p> <p>Reset power supply and restart.</p> <p>Does E46 recur?</p> <p>NO</p> <p>YES</p> <p>Isn't the signal line of a outdoor unit system applying automatic address setting connected to other outdoor unit system?</p> <p>YES</p> <p>NO</p> <p>If signal line is connected to more than 2 outdoor unit systems, address setting should be done by manually.</p> <p>Is E46 still displayed?</p> <p>NO</p> <p>YES</p> <p>Turn ON the power of each outdoor unit one by one and search the outdoor unit that can start up with automatic address setting.</p> <p><Reference> Error display at mixed address setting</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td></td> <td>Auto</td> <td>Manual</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Auto address setting</td> <td>E31</td> <td>E46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Manual address setting</td> <td>E46</td> <td>Normal</td> </tr> </table> | | Auto | Manual | Auto address setting | E31 | E46 | Manual address setting | E46 | Normal | <p>Check and save the data of operating conditions. Check the address setting method of faulty network whether it is automatic setting or manual setting.</p> <p>Caution: Unless the power is reset after changing address, the set address will not be confirmed.</p> <p>Test run. * No action is taken because it is judged that the power rest is not done after changing address.</p> <p>Correct signal line. *In case of automatic address setting, signal line cannot be connected to other outdoor unit system.</p> <p>Test run.</p> <p>Replace outdoor control PCB*. (Rotary switch anomaly)</p> <p>* Before replacement, please confirm whether the rotary switch for address setting is not damaged. (It was experienced that No.5 on rotary switch was not recognized)</p> |
| | Auto | Manual | | | | | | | | |
| Auto address setting | E31 | E46 | | | | | | | | |
| Manual address setting | E46 | Normal | | | | | | | | |

Note: After completing the above procedure, reset the power and confirm that the error display does not recur. Unless the power is reset for both indoor unit and outdoor unit, the set addresses will not be confirmed.

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E48 7-segment display: E48-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Outdoor DC fan motor anomaly(1/2)</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *1 | |

*1 E48-1: 1-time flash (FMO1), E48-2 : 2-time flash (FMO2)

| <p>1. Applicable model</p> <p>Outdoor unit</p> | <p>5. Troubleshooting (Inspect also the fan motor 2 even if it is E48-1.) (Inspect also the fan motor 1 even if it is E48-2.)</p> | | | | |
|---|---|-----------|----------------|--|--|
| <p>2. Error detection method</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If 400 min⁻¹ or lower of the fan rotation command and the state of overcurrent are detected for 10 times continuously. (CNFAN terminal: Between 5-2 pins ... Hi output ⇒ Overcurrent Lo output ⇒ Normal) • If 100 min⁻¹ of the actual fan rotation speed is detected for 30 seconds. | <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 60%;">Diagnosis</th> <th style="width: 40%;">Countermeasure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <p>Replace fan motor.</p> <p>Replace inverter PCB on 1 line. ⇒ When inverter PCB is replaced, check also items further than ※2 (see next page) (Checking of blown surge suppressor resistor coil and short-circuit on power transistor and diode).</p> <p>Replace fan motor.</p> <p>Replace fan motor.</p> <p>Replace faulty fan motor. If it changes E48-1 to E48-2 ⇒ Replace. If it changes E48-2 to E48-1 ⇒ Replace.</p> <p>Replace inverter PCB.</p> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Diagnosis | Countermeasure | | <p>Replace fan motor.</p> <p>Replace inverter PCB on 1 line. ⇒ When inverter PCB is replaced, check also items further than ※2 (see next page) (Checking of blown surge suppressor resistor coil and short-circuit on power transistor and diode).</p> <p>Replace fan motor.</p> <p>Replace fan motor.</p> <p>Replace faulty fan motor. If it changes E48-1 to E48-2 ⇒ Replace. If it changes E48-2 to E48-1 ⇒ Replace.</p> <p>Replace inverter PCB.</p> |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure | | | | |
| | <p>Replace fan motor.</p> <p>Replace inverter PCB on 1 line. ⇒ When inverter PCB is replaced, check also items further than ※2 (see next page) (Checking of blown surge suppressor resistor coil and short-circuit on power transistor and diode).</p> <p>Replace fan motor.</p> <p>Replace fan motor.</p> <p>Replace faulty fan motor. If it changes E48-1 to E48-2 ⇒ Replace. If it changes E48-2 to E48-1 ⇒ Replace.</p> <p>Replace inverter PCB.</p> | | | | |
| <p>3. Condition of error displayed</p> <p>Speed of 400 min⁻¹ or less is commanded, and state of overcurrent is communicated.</p> | <p>4. Presumable cause</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broken or disconnected wire • Faulty fan motor • Defective inverter PCB • Defective control PCB • Defective power transistor • Defective diode module • Defective surge suppressor resistor | | | | |

Note: ※1 Measurement position: Between pins 2-3 of IC3 on control PCB
If it fails to repeat, connect the Mente PC, and continue to collect data.

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E48 7-segment display: E48-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Outdoor DC fan motor anomaly(2/2)</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *1 | |

*1 E48-1: 1-time flash (FMO1), E48-2 : 2-time flash (FMO2)

| | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|--|
| 1. Applicable model | 5. Troubleshooting (Inspect also the fan motor 2 even if it is E48-1.) (Inspect also the fan motor 1 even if it is E48-2.) | | |
| Outdoor unit | Diagnosis | Countermeasure | |
| 2. Error detection method | <pre> graph TD Start[From previous page] --> PowerOFF[Power OFF] PowerOFF --> D1{Does speed command voltage of control PCB rise gradually and stabilize after a rise of several V?} D1 -- NO --> C1[Replace control PCB.] D1 -- YES --> D2{Is surge suppressor resistor coil blown on any line?} D2 -- NO --> C2[Replace surge suppressor resistor on the line. (Disconnect harness from resistor, and measure resistance between terminals.)] D2 -- YES --> D3{Is power transistor or diode module short-circuited?} D3 -- NO --> C3[Replace power transistor or diode module on poorly insulated line. (For check method of short-circuit, see page 67.)] D3 -- YES --> C4[Replace No. 1 or 2 fan motor.] </pre> | | |
| 3. Condition of error displayed | Speed of 400 min ⁻¹ or less is commanded, and state of overcurrent is communicated. | | |
| 4. Presumable cause | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broken or disconnected wire • Faulty fan motor • Defective inverter PCB • Defective control PCB • Defective power transistor • Defective diode module • Defective surge suppressor resistor | | |

Note: ※1 Measurement position: Between pins 2-3 of IC3 on control PCB
 If it fails to repeat, connect the Mente PC, and continue to collect data.

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E49 7-segment display: E49 | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Low pressure anomaly</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |

1. Applicable model

Outdoor unit

2. Error detection method

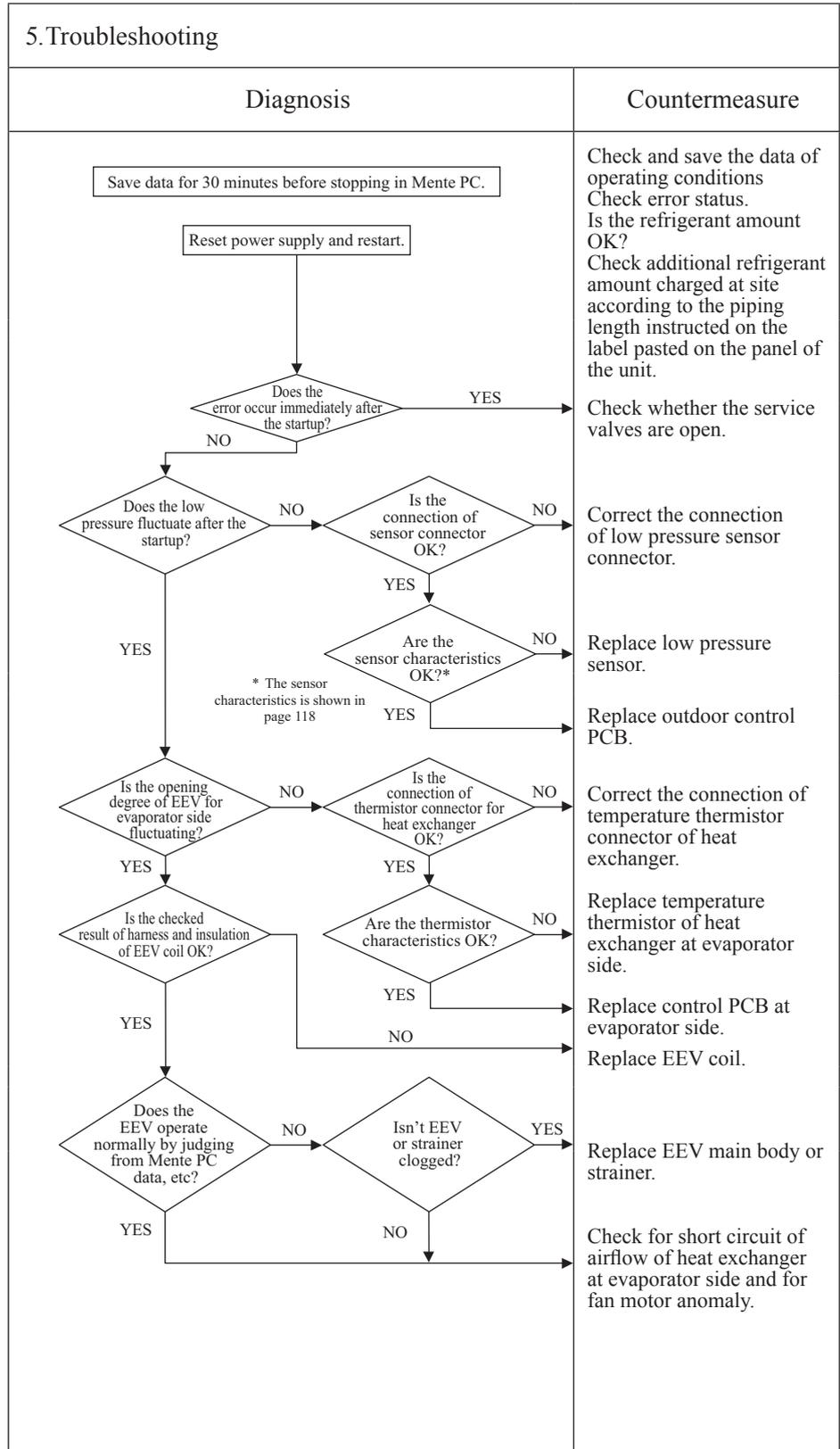
Detection of anomalously low pressure.

3. Condition of error displayed

- At start up after power on:
When the low pressure sensor detects lower than 0.003MPa for 60 seconds continuously. And if this anomaly occurs 2 times.
- During operation:
When the low pressure sensor detects 0.134MPa or lower for 30 seconds continuously. And if this anomaly occurs 5 times within 60 minutes.

4. Presumable cause

- Low pressure sensor (PSL) anomaly
- Service valves closed
- EEV anomaly (EEV closed)
- Insufficient refrigerant amount
- Clogging at EEV or strainer



Note: Check whether the indoor unit is connected to other outdoor Superlink network.
If the error does not recur, connect the Mente PC and continue to collect data.

| | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E53/E55*1 7-segment display: E53/E55-1, 2 | LED | Green | Red | Content Suction pipe temperature thermistor anomaly (Tho-S), Under-dome temperature thermistor anomaly (Tho-C1, C2) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *2 | |

*1 E55-1 : Tho-C1, E55-2: Tho-C2 *2 E53 : E53·E55-1-time flash, E55-2: 2-time flash

| | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| <p>1. Applicable model</p> <p>Outdoor unit</p> | 5. Troubleshooting | | |
| <p>2. Error detection method</p> <p>Detection of anomalously low temperature (resistance) of Tho-S or Tho-C1, C2.</p> | Diagnosis | | Countermeasure |
| <p>3. Condition of error displayed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if -50°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 2 minutes to 2 minutes 20 seconds after compressor ON, compressor stops. When the compressor is restarted automatically after 3-minutes delay, if this anomaly occurs 3 times within 40 minutes. | <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <pre> graph TD Q1{Is the connector of thermistor connected properly?} -- NO --> C1[Insert the connector securely.] Q1 -- YES --> Q2{Are the characteristics of thermistor OK? ※1} Q2 -- NO --> C2[Replace thermistor. (Tho-S or Tho-C1, C2)] Q2 -- YES --> C3[Replace outdoor control PCB.] </pre> | | <p>Check and save the data of operating conditions. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation or stopping. Check the sensed value. Compare the temperature on Mente PC with actual measured value.</p> |
| <p>4. Presumable cause</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Broken thermistor harness or the internal wire of sensing section (Check the molded section as well) Disconnection of thermistor harness connection (connector) Outdoor control PCB anomaly | <p>※1 Check several times to prove any poor connection.</p> | | |
| | <p>Temperature-resistance characteristics of suction pipe temperature thermistor (Tho-S)</p> | | <p>Temperature-resistance characteristics of under-dome temperature thermistor (Tho-C1, C2)</p> |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E54 7-segment display: E54-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content High pressure sensor anomaly (PSH) Low pressure sensor anomaly (PSL) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *1 | |

*1 E54-1: 1-time flash (PSL), E54-2 : 2-time flash (PSH)

| |
|---|
| 1. Applicable model |
| Outdoor unit |
| 2. Error detection method |
| Detection of anomalous pressure (voltage) of PSH or PSL. [Operation range High pressure : 0-4.15MPa Low pressure : 0-1.7MPa] |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| If anomalous sensor output voltage (0V or lower or 3.49V or higher) is detected for 5 seconds within 2 minutes to 2 minutes 20 seconds after the compressor ON. |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broken sensor harness • Disconnection of sensor harness connection (connector) • Sensor (PSH, PSL) anomaly • Outdoor control PCB anomaly • Anomalous installation conditions • Insufficient airflow volume • Excessive or insufficient refrigerant amount |

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <p>Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</p> <p>Check the data for 30 minutes before stopping.</p> <p>Is anomalous pressure detected?</p> <p>NO → Reset the power and restart operation.</p> <p>YES → Is the connector of the sensor inserted properly to the connector on the outdoor control PCB?</p> <p>NO → Insert the connector securely and restart operation.</p> <p>YES → Does E54 recur?</p> <p>NO → Temporary malfunction by noise. Correct if the source of noise is specified.</p> <p>YES → Does the pressure converted from the sensor output voltage match the actual pressure measure by pressure gauge?</p> <p>NO → Replace sensor (PSH, PSL)</p> <p>YES → Replace outdoor control PCB.</p> | |
| <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>High pressure sensor output characteristics</p> <p>Output voltage (V)</p> <p>Pressure (MPa)</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Low pressure sensor output characteristics</p> <p>Output voltage (V)</p> <p>Pressure (MPa)</p> </div> </div> <p>Sensor output Black (GND) – White; Output voltage (Black – Red; DC5V)</p> | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E56 7-segment display: E56-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content Power transistor temperature thermistor anomaly (Tho-P1, P2) |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *1 | |

*1 E56-1/1-time flash: Tho-P1 anomaly, E56-2/2-time flash: Tho-P2-anomaly

| <p>1. Applicable model</p> <p>Outdoor unit</p> | <p>5. Troubleshooting</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Diagnosis</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Countermeasure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <p style="text-align: center;">※1 Check several times to prove any poor connection.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Temperature-resistance characteristics of power transistor temperature thermistor (Tho-P1, P2)</p> <table border="1" style="display: none;"> <caption>Approximate data from the graph</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>180</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>100</td></tr> <tr><td>40</td><td>50</td></tr> <tr><td>60</td><td>25</td></tr> <tr><td>80</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>100</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>120</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>140</td><td>6</td></tr> </tbody> </table> </div> </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <p>Check and save the data of operating condition. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation or stopping. Check the sensed value. Compare the temperature of Mente PC data with actual measured value.</p> <p>Insert the connector securely.</p> <p>Replace power transistor temperature thermistor (Tho-P1, P2).</p> <p>Replace outdoor control PCB.</p> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Diagnosis | Countermeasure | <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <p style="text-align: center;">※1 Check several times to prove any poor connection.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Temperature-resistance characteristics of power transistor temperature thermistor (Tho-P1, P2)</p> <table border="1" style="display: none;"> <caption>Approximate data from the graph</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>180</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>100</td></tr> <tr><td>40</td><td>50</td></tr> <tr><td>60</td><td>25</td></tr> <tr><td>80</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>100</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>120</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>140</td><td>6</td></tr> </tbody> </table> </div> | Temperature (°C) | Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ) | 0 | 180 | 20 | 100 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 25 | 80 | 15 | 100 | 10 | 120 | 8 | 140 | 6 | <p>Check and save the data of operating condition. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation or stopping. Check the sensed value. Compare the temperature of Mente PC data with actual measured value.</p> <p>Insert the connector securely.</p> <p>Replace power transistor temperature thermistor (Tho-P1, P2).</p> <p>Replace outdoor control PCB.</p> |
|--|---|--|----------------|--|------------------|--|----|-----|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|---|---|-----|---|---|
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <p style="text-align: center;">※1 Check several times to prove any poor connection.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Temperature-resistance characteristics of power transistor temperature thermistor (Tho-P1, P2)</p> <table border="1" style="display: none;"> <caption>Approximate data from the graph</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>180</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>100</td></tr> <tr><td>40</td><td>50</td></tr> <tr><td>60</td><td>25</td></tr> <tr><td>80</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>100</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>120</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>140</td><td>6</td></tr> </tbody> </table> </div> | Temperature (°C) | Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ) | 0 | 180 | 20 | 100 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 25 | 80 | 15 | 100 | 10 | 120 | 8 | 140 | 6 | <p>Check and save the data of operating condition. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation or stopping. Check the sensed value. Compare the temperature of Mente PC data with actual measured value.</p> <p>Insert the connector securely.</p> <p>Replace power transistor temperature thermistor (Tho-P1, P2).</p> <p>Replace outdoor control PCB.</p> | | | | |
| Temperature (°C) | Temperature thermistor resistance (kΩ) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 180 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80 | 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 120 | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 140 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>2. Error detection method</p> <p>Detection of anomalously low temperature (resistance) of Tho-P1, P2.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>3. Condition of error displayed</p> <p>When the outdoor air temperature is above 0°C, if -10°C or lower is detected for 20 seconds continuously within 10 minutes to 10 minutes 30 seconds after compressor ON, compressor stops. When the compressor is restarted automatically after 3-minutes delay, if this anomaly occurs 3 times within 40 minutes.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>4. Presumable cause</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broken thermistor harness or the internal wire of sensing section (Check the molded section as well) • Disconnection of thermistor harness connection (connector) • Outdoor control PCB anomaly | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Error code Remote control: E58 7-segment display: E58-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Anomalous compressor by loss of synchronism</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *2 | |

*1 E58-1: CM1, E58-2: CM2 *2 E58-1: 1-time flash, E58-2: 2-time flash

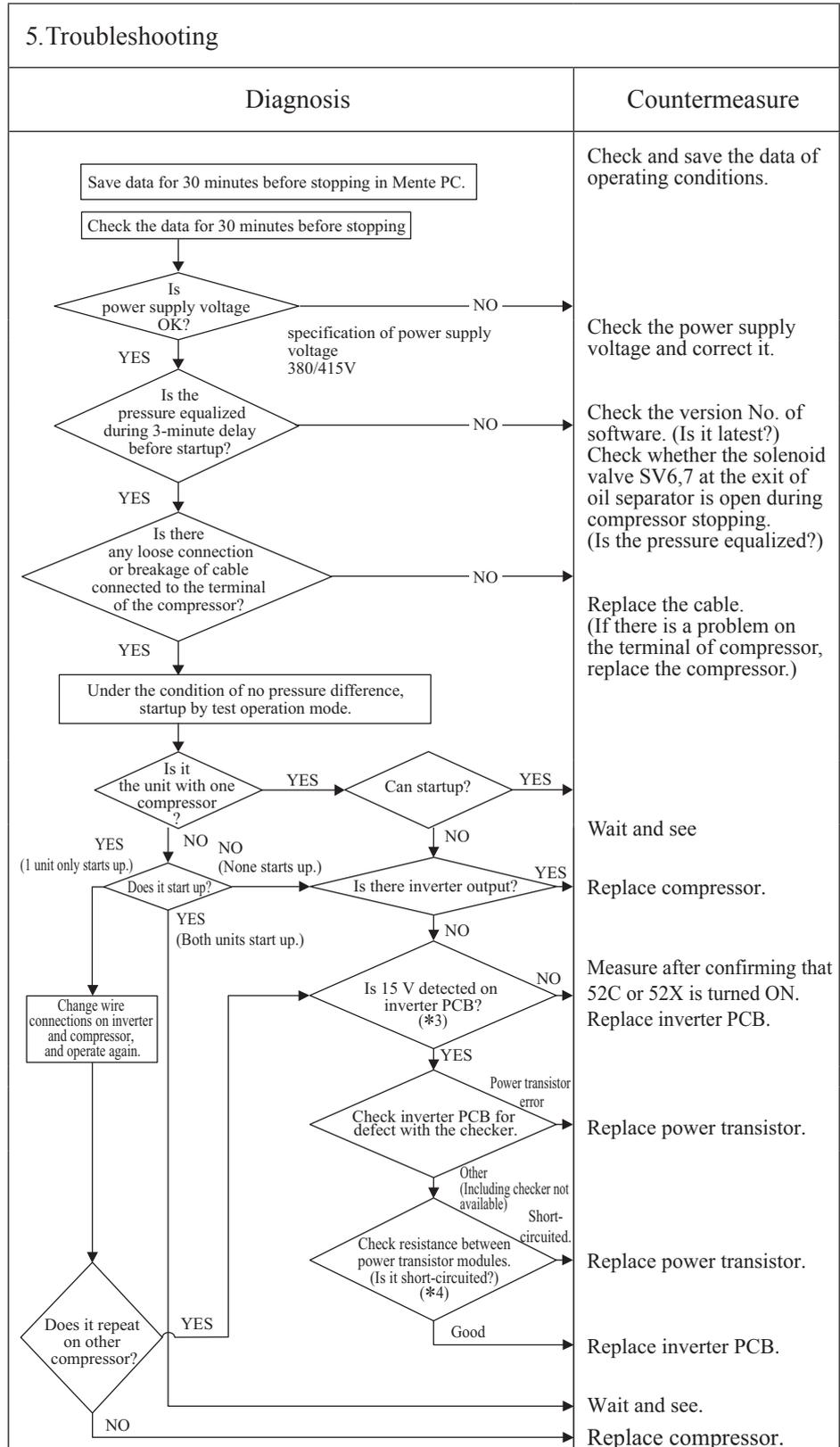
| | | | |
|--|---|--|-----------------------|
| 1. Applicable model | 5. Troubleshooting | | |
| Outdoor unit | Diagnosis | | Countermeasure |
| 2. Error detection method | <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Evaluate data 30 minutes earlier.</div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Is it initial startup within 1 hour after power ON? <div style="float: right;">YES →</div> </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Is there record of replacement of inverter PCB? <div style="float: right;">YES →</div> </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Is there poor connection on wires to compressor terminals? <div style="float: right;">NO →</div> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Turn power ON (after 1 hour if possible), and operate again.</div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Does the system have one compressor only? <div style="float: right;">YES →</div> </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Does it repeat? <div style="float: right;">NO →</div> </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Does it repeat? <div style="float: right;">YES →</div> </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Is there inverter output? (*3) <div style="float: right;">YES →</div> </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Is 15 V detected on inverter PCB? <div style="float: right;">NO →</div> </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Check inverter PCB for defect with the checker. <div style="float: right;">Power transistor error →</div> </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Check resistance between power transistor modules. (Is it short-circuited?) (*4) <div style="float: right;">Short-circuited. →</div> </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Does it repeat on other compressor? <div style="float: right;">YES →</div> </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"> Does it repeat? <div style="float: right;">NO →</div> </div> | | |
| 3. Condition of error displayed | Check, record operating condition. Coolant may be stagnated. Wait for approx. 1 hour after power ON before restarting operation. (Supply power to crankcase to evaporate liquid coolant in compressor.) Model setting may be wrong. Check setting of dip switches. Replace wires. (If terminal block at compressor side is faulty, replace compressor.) Wait and see. Replace compressor. Measure after confirming that 52C or 52X is turned ON. Replace power transistor. Replace power transistor. Replace inverter PCB. Wait and see. Replace compressor. | | |
| 4. Presumable cause | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insufficient time elapsed after the power supplied, before compressor startup. (Startup the compressor without crankcase heater ON) • Compressor anomaly • Inverter PCB anomaly • Power transistor anomaly | | |

Note: *3 Measurement position: Between + and - of C19
 *4 Measurement position: Check resistance between P-U, P-V, P-W, N-U, N-V, N-W, P-N. (Disconnect wires from compressor beforehand.)
 If it fails to repeat, connect the Mente PC, and continue to collect data.

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E59 7-segment display: E59-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Compressor startup failure (CM1,CM2)</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *2 | |

*1 E59-1: CM1, E59-2: CM2 *2 E59-1: 1-time flash, E59-2: 2-time flash

| |
|--|
| 1. Applicable model |
| Outdoor unit |
| 2. Error detection method |
| When it fails to change over to the operation for rotor position detection of compressor motor. (If the compressor speed cannot increase 11Hz or higher) |
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| If the compressor fails to startup for 20 times (10 patterns x 2 times) continuously. |
| 4. Presumable cause |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Anomalous voltage of power supply Anomalous components for refrigerant circuit Inverter PCB anomaly Loose connection of connector or cable Compressor anomaly (Motor or bearing) |



Note: *3 Measurement position: Between + and - of C19
 *4 Measurement position: Check resistance between P-U, P-V, P-W, N-U, N-V, N-W, P-N. (Disconnect wires from compressor beforehand.)
 If it fails to repeat, connect the Mente PC, and continue to collect data.

| | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E61 7-segment display: E61-1, 2 *1 | LED | Green | Red | Content Communications error between the master unit and slave units |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | *1 | |

*1 E61-1/1-time flash: Slave unit 1, E61-2/2-time flash: Slave unit 2

| | | | |
|--|---|-----------------------|--|
| 1. Applicable model | 5. Troubleshooting | | |
| Outdoor unit | Diagnosis | Countermeasure | |
| 2. Error detection method | <pre> graph TD Q1{Is the address setting of master and slave outdoor units OK?} Q1 -- NO --> C1[Correct.] Q1 -- YES --> R1[Reset the power supply and restart operation.] R1 --> Q2{Is E61 occur?} Q2 -- NO --> C2[Replace the outdoor unit PCB.] Q2 -- YES --> C3[Anomalous noise, etc.] </pre> | | |
| E61 is displayed on 7-segment LED. | | | |
| 3. Condition of error displayed | | | |
| When the communication between master unit and slave units is not established. | | | |
| 4. Presumable cause | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signal wire anomaly • Outdoor control PCB anomaly • Inverter PCB anomaly • Rush current prevention resistor anomaly | | |

Note:

| | | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| Error code Remote control: E63 7-segment display: E63 | LED | Green | Red | Content <h2 style="text-align: center;">Emergency stop</h2> |
| | Indoor | Keeps flashing | Stays OFF | |
| | Outdoor | Keeps flashing | 1-time flash | |

| |
|----------------------------|
| 1. Applicable model |
| Indoor unit |

| |
|---|
| 2. Error detection method |
| When ON signal is inputted to the CnT terminal of indoor control PCB. |

| |
|--|
| 3. Condition of error displayed |
| Same as above |

| |
|----------------------------|
| 4. Presumable cause |
| Factors for emergency stop |

| | |
|--|---|
| 5. Troubleshooting | |
| Diagnosis | Countermeasure |
| <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Save data for 30 minutes before stopping in Mente PC.</div> <pre> graph TD A{Is the remote controller setting of Emergency Stop "Valid"?} -- NO --> B[Replace remote control PCB.] A -- YES --> C{Is ON signal inputted to the CnT terminal of indoor control PCB?} C -- NO --> D[Replace indoor control PCB.] C -- YES --> E[Check the cause of emergency stop. (It is better to have the data for 30 minutes before stopping, when instructing the installer)] </pre> | |
| | Check and save the data of operating conditions. Check the conditions whether it occurs immediately after the power on or during operation. |

Note: Indoor unit detected emergency stop signal gives command "all stop"

2.4 Outdoor unit control PCB replacement procedure

PCB012D046A

Precautions for Safety

- Since the following precaution is the important contents for safety, be sure to observe them.

WARNING and CAUTION are described as follows:

-  **WARNING** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which will result in death or serious injury if proper safety procedures and instructions are not adhered to.
-  **CAUTION** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which may result in minor or moderate injury if proper safety procedures and instructions are not adhered to.

WARNING

- Securely replace PCB according to this following instruction.
If PCB is incorrectly replace, it will cause an electric shock or fire.
- Be sure to check that the power source for the outdoor unit is turned OFF before replacing PCB, The PCB replacement under current-carrying will cause an electric shock.
- After finishing PCB replacement, check that wiring is correctly connected with the PCB before power distribution.
If the PCB is incorrectly replaced, it will cause an electric shock or fire.

CAUTION

- Bundle the wiring so as not to tense because it will cause an electric shock.

Exchange the control PCB according to the following procedure.

1. Exchange the PCB **after elapsing 3 minutes from power OFF.**

(Be sure to measure voltage (DC) and check that the voltage is discharged sufficiently. (Refer to Fig.1))

2. Disconnect the connectors from the PCB.
3. Disconnect the blue wiring passing through CT1 and CT2 on the PCB before exchanging the PCB.
4. Match the setting switches (SW1-6) and jumper wires (J11-J16) with the former PCB.
5. Tighten up a screw after passing blue wiring through CT1 and CT2 of the changed. (If the CT2 is not assembled, only CT1.)
6. Connect the connectors to the PCB. (Confirm the **connectors are not half inserted.**)

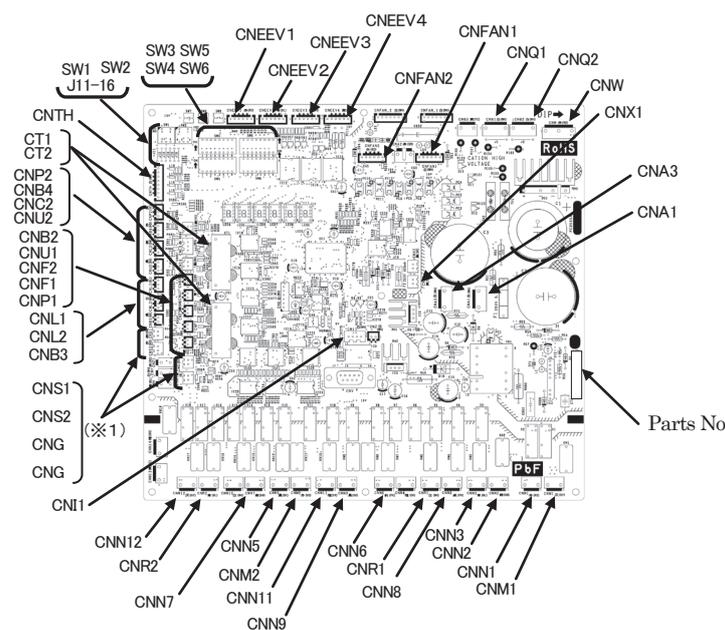


Fig.1 Parts arrangement

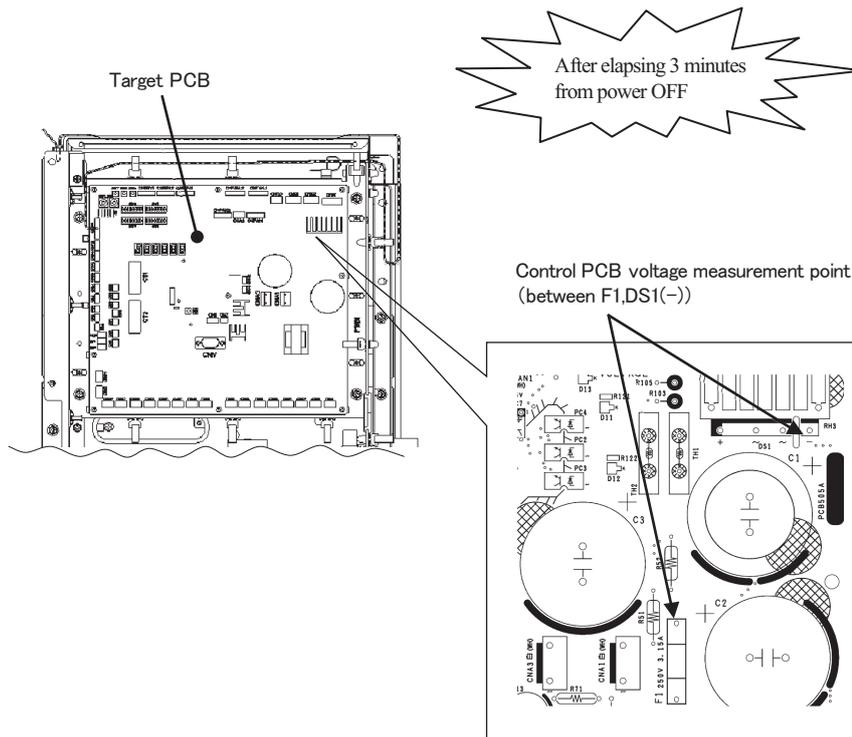


Fig.2 Voltage measurement points

※1 : Reuse the parts used before the PCB exchange.

※2 : Because spare PCB is commonized, by the model , extra connectors is implemented, compared with the former PCB.

When connecting the connectors after exchanging the PCB, Check the color and name of the connectors, please note the faulty connections.

2.5 Outdoor unit inverter PCB replacement procedure

PCB012D057B

Precautions for Safety

- Since the following precaution is the important contents for safety, be sure to observe them.

WARNING and CAUTION are described as follows:

- | | |
|--|---|
|  WARNING | Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which will result in death or serious injury if proper safety procedures and instructions are not adhered to. |
|  CAUTION | Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which may result in minor or moderate injury if proper safety procedures and instructions are not adhered to. |

WARNING

- Securely replace PCB according to this procedure.
If the PCB is incorrectly replace, it will cause an electric shock or fire.
- Be sure to check that the power source for the outdoor unit is turned OFF before replacing the substrate.
The PCB replace under current-carrying will cause an electric shock of fire.
- After finishing the PCB replacement, check that wiring is correctly connected with the PCB before power distribution. If the PCB is incorrectly replaced, it will cause an electric shock or fire.

CAUTION

- Bundle the wiring so as not to tense because it will cause an electric shock.

Exchange the inverter PCB according to the following procedure.

1. Exchange the PCB after elapsing 3 minutes from power OFF.
(Be sure to measure voltage (DC) of two place ((A),(B)) and check that the voltage is discharged sufficiently.)
(Refer to Fig 3)
2. Disconnect the connectors from the PCB.
3. Exchange the PCB.
4. Match the setting switches (JSW10,11) with the former PCB.
5. Connect the connectors , wiring , and snubber capacitor .(Confirm the connectors are not half inserted.)

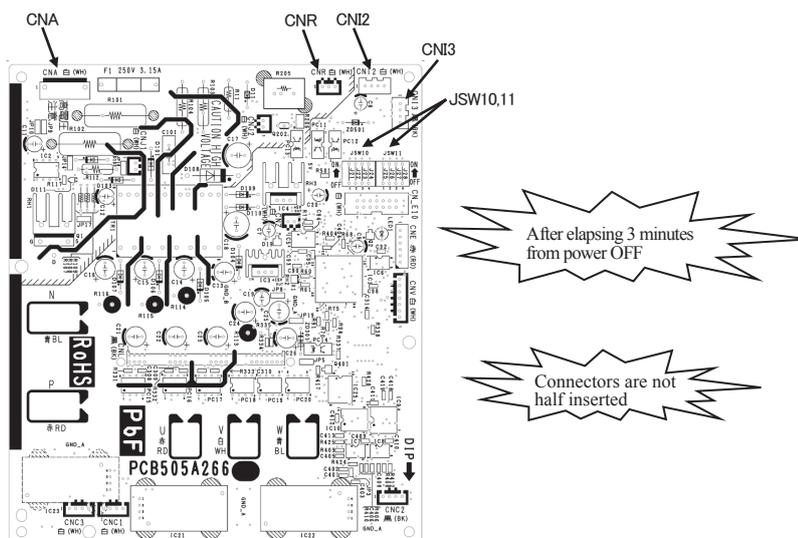


Fig.1 Parts arrangement

(A) Control PCB voltage measurement points

(B) Inverter PCB (INV1,2) voltage measurement points

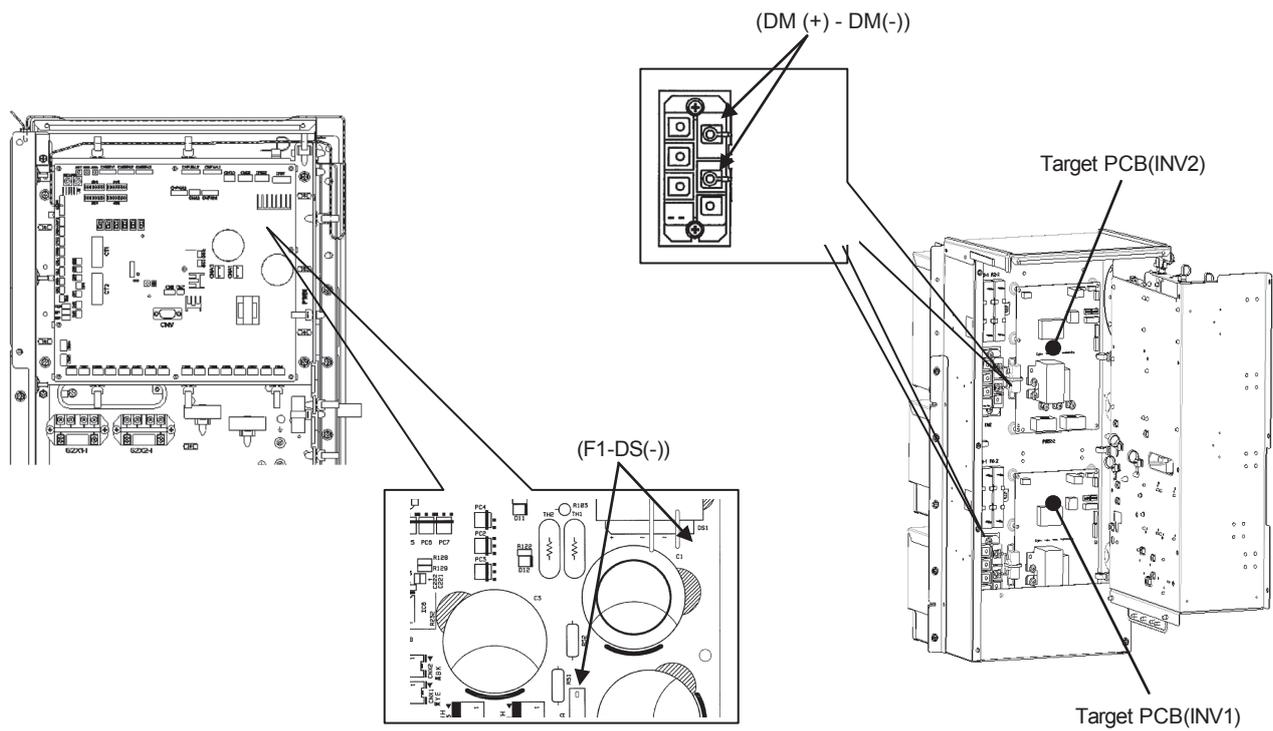
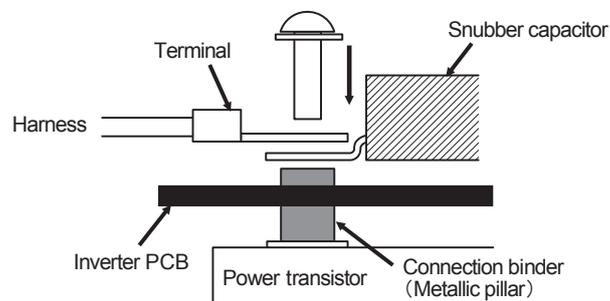


Fig.2 Voltage measurement points



Procedure on tightening harness (snubber capacitor) and power transistor with screw. A metallic connection binder is set in each hole of the inverter PCB of "P", "N", "U", "V", and "W" beforehand. Then tighten the harness (snubber capacitor) and the power transistor with the screw together.
 (Set the harness wires to be fixed to "U" and "W" with screws in respective holes after passing them through IC21 and 22.)
 (Connect snubber capacitor with "P" and "N".)

Fig.3 Installation method to power transistor

2.6 Outdoor unit transistor module replacement procedure

PCB012D043

Precautions for Safety

- Since the following precaution is the important contents for safety, be sure to observe them.

WARNING and CAUTION are described as follows:



WARNING

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which will result in death or serious injury if proper safety procedures and instructions are not adhered to.



CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which may result in minor or moderate injury if proper safety procedures and instructions are not adhered to.

⚠ WARNING

- Securely exchange the transistor module according to this procedure. If the transistor module is incorrectly exchanged, it will cause an electric shock or fire.
- Be sure to check that the power source for the outdoor unit is turned OFF before exchanging the transistor module. The transistor module exchange under current-carrying will cause an electric shock.
- After finishing the transistor module exchange, check that wiring is correctly connected with the transistor module before power distribution. If the transistor module is incorrectly exchanged, it will cause an electric shock or fire.

⚠ CAUTION

- Band the wiring so as not to tense because it will cause an electric shock.

Exchange the transistor module according to the following procedure.

- Exchange the transistor module **after elapsing 3 minutes from power OFF.**
(Be sure to measure voltage (DC) on both capacitor terminals (P, N of transistor module or connector terminals of fan motor power etc.) , **and check that the voltage is discharged sufficiently.**)
- Disassemble the control box.
- Disconnect with the wire (U, V, W, P, N) to the transistor module. (Refer to Fig.1 Parts arrangement view)
- Pull up the inverter PCB from transistor module. Remove transistor module after removing the screw for transistor module.
- Attach the transistor module. Coat the transistor module where its reverse-side all over with accessories silicone grease uniformly.
- Set the inverter PCB with make sure of connect connector.
- Connect with the wire (U, V, W, P, N) to the transistor module.
- Assemble the control box as before.

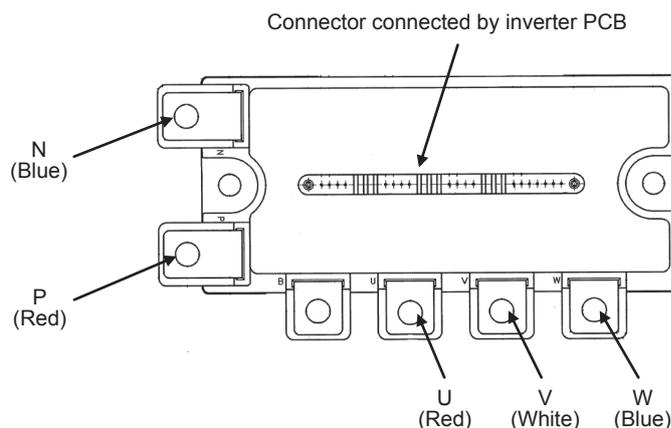


Fig.1 Parts arrangement view

■ Function of Dip switch for control (SW3, 4, 5)

- SW3 (Function setting)

| Switch | | Function | |
|--------|-----|----------------------------|--|
| SW3-1 | ON | Inspection LED reset | |
| | OFF | Normal | |
| SW3-2 | ON | Backup operation | |
| | OFF | Normal | |
| SW3-4 | ON | Refrigerant quantity check | |
| | OFF | Normal | |
| SW3-5 | ON | Check operation start | |
| | OFF | Normal | |
| SW3-7 | ON | Forced cooling/heating | |
| | OFF | Normal | |

■ Function of Jumper wire (J13, 15) (With: Shorted / None: Opened)

| Jumper | | Function | |
|--------|------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| J13 | With | External input | Level input |
| | None | External input | Pulse input |
| J15 | With | Defrost start temperature | Normal |
| | None | Defrost start temperature | Cold weather region |

- SW4 (Model selection)

| Model | SW4 | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| FDC280 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| FDC335 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |
| FDC400 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |
| FDC450 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF |
| FDC475 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| FDC500 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF |
| FDC560 | ON | ON | ON | OFF |

- SW4 (Master/Slave setting)

| Outdoor unit | SW4-7 | SW4-8 |
|--------------|-------|-------|
| Master | OFF | OFF |
| Slave 1 | ON | OFF |
| Slave 2 | OFF | ON |

- SW5 (Function setting)

| | ON/OFF | Function | |
|-------|--------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| SW5-1 | ON | Test run switch | test run |
| | OFF | Test run switch | Normal |
| SW5-2 | ON | Test run operation mode | Cooling |
| | OFF | Test run operation mode | Heating |
| SW5-3 | ON | Pump down switch | Pump down |
| | OFF | Pump down switch | Normal |
| SW5-5 | ON | Superlink protocol : Previous SL | |
| | OFF | Superlink protocol : New SL | |

- SW7,8,9 (Function setting)

| Switch | Function | | |
|--------|--------------------------|--|-------------|
| SW7 | Data erase/data write | | |
| SW8 | 7-segment display No. UP | | order of 1 |
| SW9 | 7-segment display No. UP | | order of 10 |

■ Function of Connection

(1) Control PCB input

| Mark | Connector | Function |
|--------------|-----------|--|
| Tho-A | CNTH | Outdoor air thermistor |
| Tho-R1 | CNTH | Heat exchanger thermistor 1 (Exit, Front) |
| Tho-R2 | CNB2 | Heat exchanger thermistor 2 (Exit, Rear) |
| Tho-R3 | CNB3 | Heat exchanger thermistor 3 (Inlet, Front) |
| Tho-R4 | CNB4 | Heat exchanger thermistor 4 (Inlet, Rear) |
| Tho-D1 | CNTH | Discharge pipe thermistor 1(CM1) |
| Tho-D2 | CNC2 | Discharge pipe thermistor 2(CM2) |
| Tho-C1 | CNU1 | Under-dome thermistor 1(CM1) |
| Tho-C2 | CNU2 | Under-dome thermistor 2(CM2) |
| Tho-P1 | CNP1 | Power transistor thermistor 1(CM1) |
| Tho-P2 | CNP2 | Power transistor thermistor 2(CM2) |
| Tho-S | CNTH | Suction pipe thermistor |
| Tho-SC | CNF1 | Subcooling coil thermistor 1 |
| Tho-H | CNF2 | Subcooling coil thermistor 2 |
| CT1 | | Current sensor (CM1) |
| CT2 | | Current sensor (CM2) |
| PSH | CNL1 | High pressure sensor |
| PSL | CNL2 | Low pressure sensor |
| 63H1-1 | CHQ1 | High pressure switch (CM1) |
| 63H1-2 | CHQ2 | High pressure switch (CM2) |
| | CNS1 | External operation input |
| | CNS2 | Demand input |
| | CNG1 | Forced operation input cooling/heating |
| | CNG2 | Silent mode input |
| Power source | CNW | Open phase detection 380-415V |

(2) Control PCB output

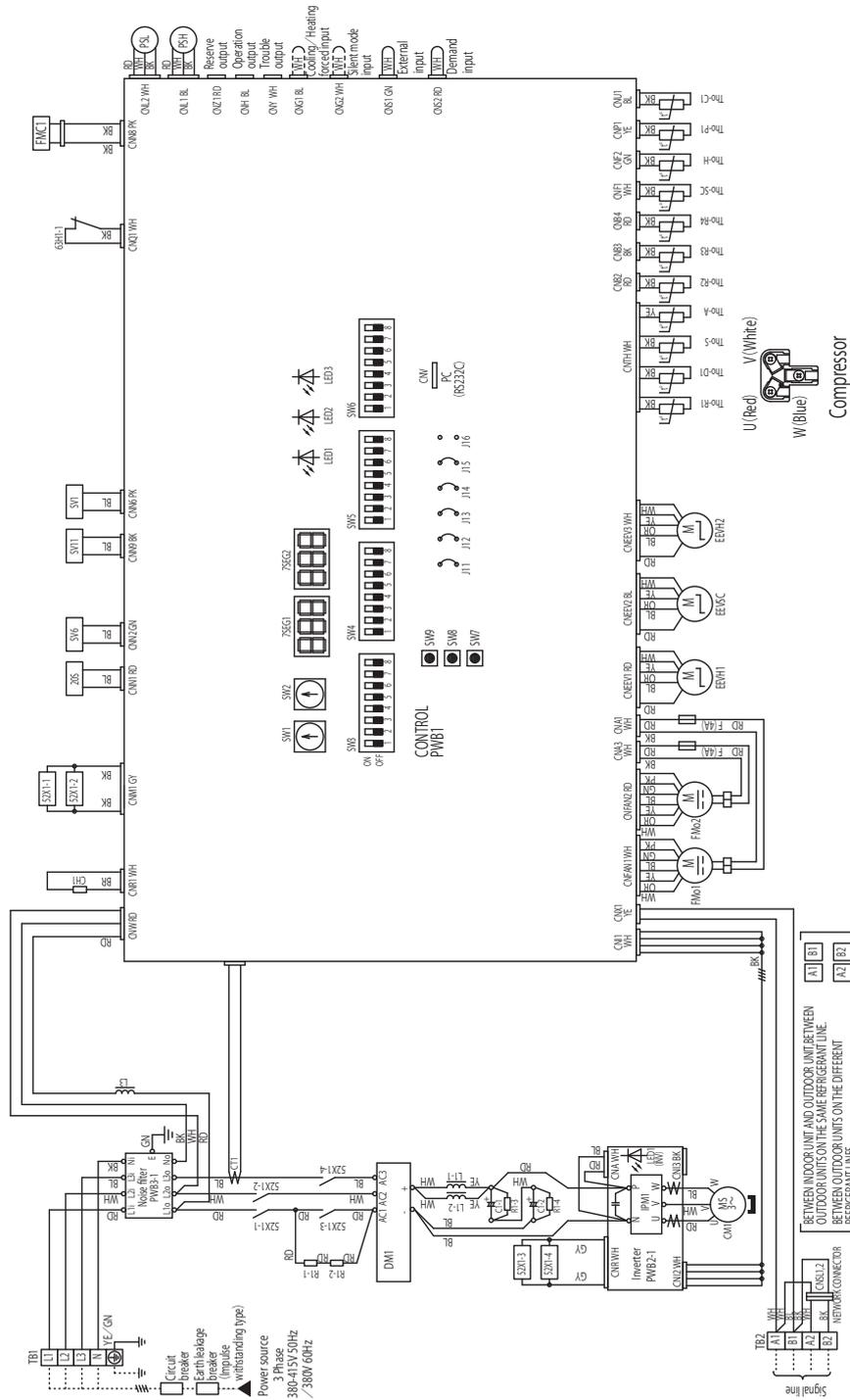
| Mark | Connector | Function |
|--------------|-----------|---|
| 52X1 | CNM1 | Solenoid for CM1 |
| 52X2 | CNM2 | Solenoid for CM2 |
| 20S | CNN1 | 4-way valve |
| SV6 | CNN2 | Solenoid valve (oil return CM1) |
| SV7 | CNN3 | Solenoid valve (oil return CM2) |
| SV1 | CNN6 | Solenoid valve (CM1:liquid bypass) |
| SV2 | CNN7 | Solenoid valve (CM2:liquid bypass) |
| FMC1,2 | CNN8 | Fan for IPM |
| SV11 | CNN9 | Solenoid valve (gas bypass) |
| CH1 | CNR1 | Crankcase heater (CM1) |
| CH2 | CNR2 | Crankcase heater (CM2) |
| 52XR | CnH | Operation output |
| 52XE | CnY | Error output |
| | CnZ1 | Spare |
| | CnE | RAM Checker output |
| | CnV | For servicing (for rewriting soft ware) |
| LED1 | | Inspection (Red) |
| LED2 | | Inspection (Green) |
| LED3 | | For service (Green) |
| 7 SEG 1 | | 7-segment LED1 (function indication) |
| 7 SEG 2 | | 7-segment LED2 (data indication) |
| EEVH1 | CNEEV1 | EEVH1 for heating (Front) |
| EEVH2 | CNEEV3 | EEVH2 for heating (Rear) |
| EEVSC | CNEEV2 | EEV-SC for Subcooling coil |
| Power source | CNA1,3 | Fan motor |

(3) Control PCB input/output

| Mark | Connector | Function |
|------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| FM01 | CNFAN1-1 | DC 15 V output (Vcc) |
| | -2 | Reverse turn detection output (REV) |
| | -3 | Speed command output (Vsp) |
| | -4 | RPM monitor input (FG) |
| | -5 | Over-current error input (OverC) |
| | -6 | GND |
| FM02 | CNFAN2-1 | DC 15 V output (Vcc) |
| | -2 | Reverse turn detection output (REV) |
| | -3 | Speed command output (Vsp) |
| | -4 | RPM monitor input (FG) |
| | -5 | Over-current error input (OverC) |
| | -6 | GND |
| | CnI1 | Inverter protocol |
| | CnX1 | Superlink protocol |
| | CnX2 | Spare for Superlink protocol |

3. ELECTRICAL WIRING

Models FDC280KXZE1, 335KXZE1
FDCS280KXZE1 335KXZE1



Color mark

| Mark | Color |
|-------|----------------|
| T81-2 | Black |
| BL | Blue |
| BR | Brown |
| GN | Green |
| GY | Gray |
| OR | Orange |
| RD | Red |
| WH | White |
| YE | Yellow |
| PK | Pink |
| VE/GN | Yellow / Green |

| Mark | Parts name |
|--------|--|
| T81-2 | Terminal block |
| T81-3 | External air thermometer |
| T81-4 | Under-dome thermometer |
| T81-5 | Discharge pipe thermometer |
| T81-6 | Sub-cooling coil thermometer 2 |
| T81-7 | Power transistor thermometer |
| T81-8 | Heat exchanger thermometer (exhaust) |
| T81-9 | Heat exchanger thermometer (inlet) |
| T81-10 | Heat exchanger thermometer (inlet) |
| T81-11 | Suction pipe thermometer |
| T81-12 | 4-way valve |
| T81-13 | Solenoid for CM |
| T81-14 | High pressure switch (for protection) |
| T81-15 | High pressure switch (for protection) |
| T81-16 | 7-segment L.E.D. function (indication) |
| T81-17 | 7-segment L.E.D. data (indication) |

| Mark | Parts name |
|---------|--|
| SW4-1~4 | Model setting |
| SW4-5 | Spare |
| SW4-6 | Spare |
| SW4-7 | Address setting switch (master +slave) |
| SW4-8 | Address setting switch (master +slave) |
| SW5-1 | ON Trial operation |
| SW5-2 | OFF Regular operation |
| SW5-3 | ON Trial operation mode / cooling |
| SW5-4 | OFF Trial operation mode / heating |
| SW5-5 | ON Pump down operation |
| SW5-6 | OFF Regular operation |
| SW5-7 | ON Super Link communication |
| SW5-8 | OFF Super Link communication |
| SW5-9 | Spare |
| SW5-10 | Spare |
| SW5-11 | High Head |
| SW5-12 | Standard |
| SW7 | Data clear / insert |
| SW8 | 7-segment indicate (unit's place) |
| SW9 | 7-segment indicate (ten's place) |

| Mark | Parts name |
|---------|--|
| PSH | High pressure sensor |
| PLS | Low pressure sensor |
| PWB1 ~3 | Printed wiring board (PCB) |
| R11 ~14 | Rush current suppression resistor |
| SV1 | Solenoid valve (CM bypass) |
| SV6 | Solenoid valve (oil separator (CM1)) |
| SV7 | Solenoid valve (gas bypass) |
| SW1 | Address setting SW outdoor unit No.1 (digit) |
| SW2 | Address setting SW outdoor unit No.2 (digit) |
| SW3-1 | ON Auto backup reset |
| SW3-2 | OFF Regular operation |
| SW3-3 | Spare |
| SW3-4 | ON Refrigerant quantity check |
| SW3-5 | OFF Regular operation |
| SW3-6 | ON Check operation |
| SW3-7 | OFF Regular operation |
| SW3-8 | ON Forced cooling / heating |
| SW3-9 | OFF Regular operation |
| SW3-10 | Spare |

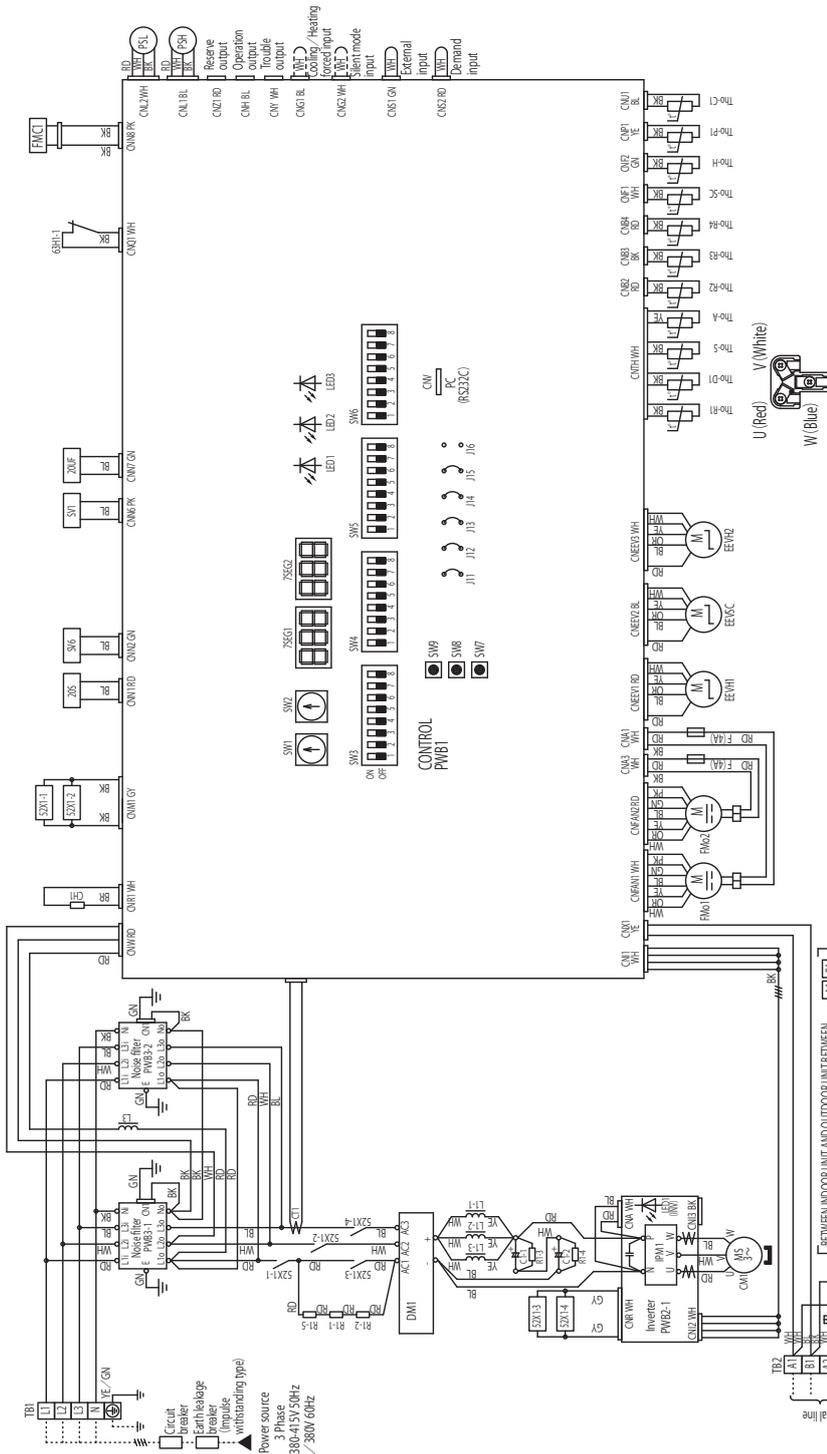
| Mark | Parts name |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| CH1 | Crankcase heater |
| CM1 | Compressor motor |
| CM2 | Compressor |
| CM3 | Compressor |
| C1-1 | Current sensor |
| C1-2 | Electric capacitor |
| DM1 | Diode module |
| EVH1/2 | Expansion valve for Heating |
| EVH3 | Expansion valve for SC |
| F | Fuse |
| FM1 | Fan for IPM |
| FM2 | Blower motor |
| IPM | Intelligent power module |
| J11,12 | Set up model (volt) |
| J13 | Defrost recover temp |
| J14 | Defrost start temp |
| J15 | Spare |
| J16 | Spare |
| LED1 | Inspection (Red) |
| LED1 (INV) | Normal (Yellow / Flashing) |
| LED2 | Normal (Green) |
| LED3 | Service (green for service) |
| L1-1,2 | D.C reactor |
| L3 | D.C reactor |

Meaning of marks

BETWEEN INDOOR UNIT AND OUTDOOR UNIT BETWEEN OUTDOOR UNITS ON THE SAME REFRIGERANT LINE. BETWEEN OUTDOOR UNITS ON THE DIFFERENT REFRIGERANT LINES.

PCB003Z819

Models FDC400KXZE1, 450KXZE1
FDCS400KXZE1, 450KXZE1



Color mark

| Mark | Color |
|------|--------|
| BK | Black |
| BL | Blue |
| BR | Brown |
| GN | Green |
| GY | Gray |
| OR | Orange |
| RD | Red |
| WH | White |
| YE | Yellow |
| PK | Pink |
| YL | Yellow |
| GR | Green |

Compressor Terminal block

| Mark | Parts name |
|----------|---------------------------------------|
| Th1-2 | Terminal block |
| Th1-A | External air thermometer |
| Th1-C1 | Under-dome thermometer |
| Th1-D1 | Discharge pipe thermometer |
| Th1-F | Sub-cooling coil thermometer 2 |
| Th1-P1 | Power transistor thermometer |
| Th1-R1 | Heat exchanger thermometer (exhaust) |
| Th1-R2 | Heat exchanger thermometer (exhaust) |
| Th1-R3 | Heat exchanger thermometer (inlet) |
| Th1-R4 | Heat exchanger thermometer (inlet) |
| Th1-S | Suction pipe thermometer |
| Th1-SC | Sub-cooling coil thermometer 1 |
| Z05 | 4-way valve |
| Z0UF | Capacity control |
| SZ/H1~14 | Solenoid for CM1 |
| 63H1-1 | High pressure switch (for protection) |
| 7SEG1 | 7-segment L.E.D. function indication |
| 7SEG2 | 7-segment L.E.D. data indication |

| Mark | Parts name |
|----------|--|
| SW4-1~4 | Model setting |
| SW4-5 | Spare |
| SW4-6 | Spare |
| SW4-7 | Address settings switch (master-slave) |
| SW4-8 | Address settings switch (master-slave) |
| SW5-1 | ON Trial operation |
| SW5-2 | OFF Regular operation |
| SW5-3 | ON Trial operation mode / cooling |
| SW5-4 | OFF Trial operation mode / heating |
| SW5-5 | ON Pump down operation |
| SW5-6 | OFF Regular operation |
| SW5-7 | ON Super Link communication |
| SW5-8 | OFF Super Link I communication |
| SW5-9~14 | Spare |
| SW6-1~3 | Spare |
| SW6-4 | ON High Head |
| SW6-5 | OFF Standard |
| SW7 | Data clear / insert |
| SW8 | 7-segment indicate (unit's place) |
| SW9 | 7-segment indicate (ten's place) |

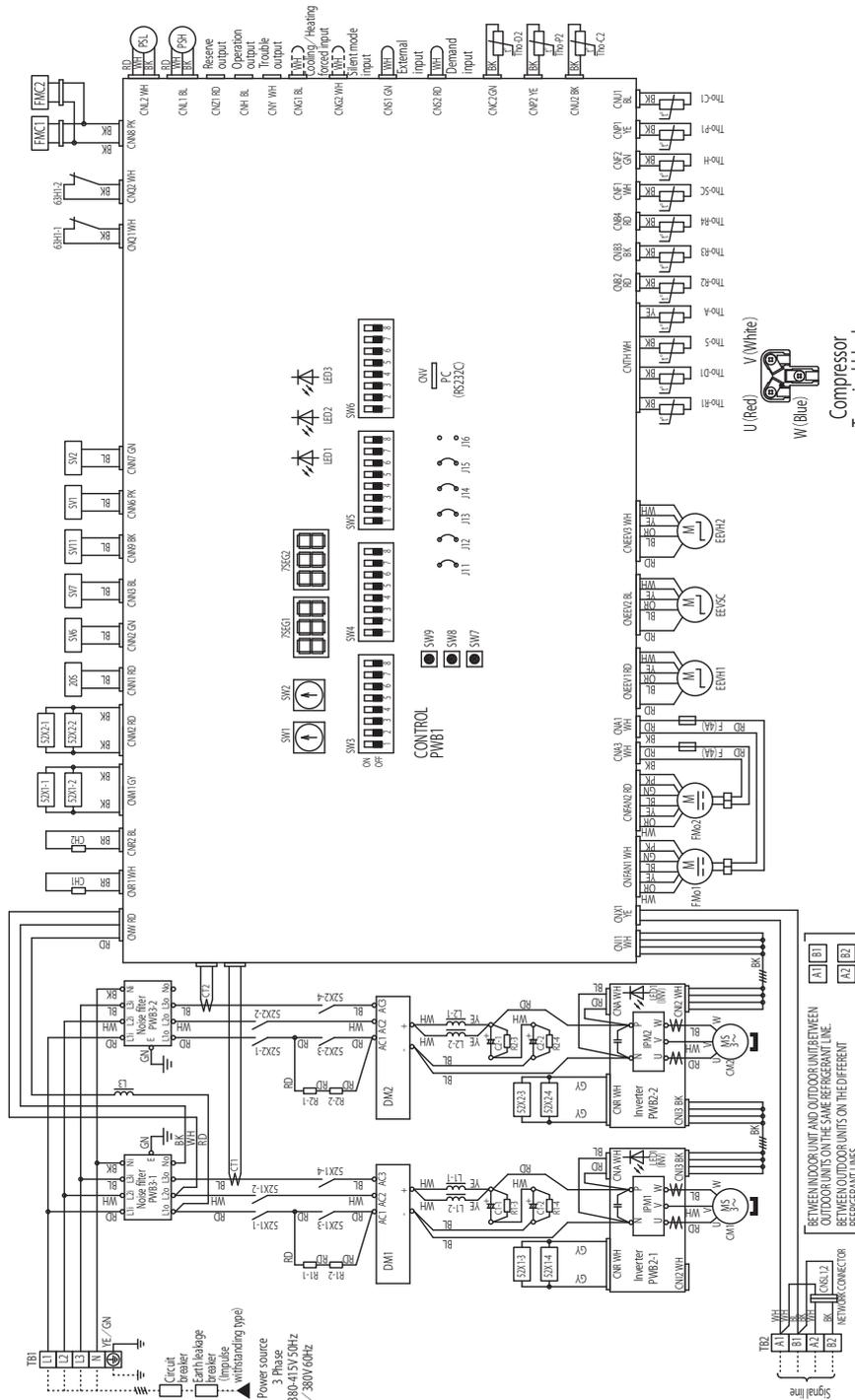
| Mark | Parts name |
|---------|--|
| PSH | High pressure sensor |
| PSI | Low pressure sensor |
| PWB1~3 | Printed wiring board (PCB) |
| RI-1~15 | Rich current suppression resistor |
| SV1 | Solenoid valve (oil bypass) |
| SV2 | Solenoid valve (oil separator CM1) |
| SV3 | Address setting SW (outdoor unit No. 12 digit) |
| SV4 | Address setting SW (outdoor unit No. 11 digit) |
| SV5-1 | Inspection LED reset |
| SV5-2 | ON Auto backup operation |
| SV5-3 | OFF Regular operation |
| SV5-4 | ON Refrigerant quantity check |
| SV5-5 | OFF Regular operation |
| SV5-6 | ON Check operation |
| SV5-7 | OFF Regular operation |
| SV5-8 | Spare |
| SV5-9 | ON Forced cooling / heating |
| SV5-10 | OFF Regular operation |
| SV5-11 | Spare |

Meaning of marks

| Mark | Parts name |
|------------|-------------------------------------|
| CH1 | Crankcase heater |
| CM1 | Compressor motor |
| CNA-Z | Connector |
| CT1 | Current sensor |
| CI-1,2 | Diode module |
| EHV(H),J | Expansion valve for heating |
| EEV(S,C) | Expansion valve for SC |
| FUSE | Fuse |
| FAN1/P1 | Fan motor |
| FAN2 | Blower motor |
| IPM | Intelligent power module |
| J11,12 | Set up model volt |
| J13 | External input select level / pulse |
| J14 | Defrost recover temp |
| J15 | Defrost start temp |
| J16 | Spare |
| LED1 (INV) | Inspection (Red) |
| LED2 (INV) | Normal (Yellow) |
| LED3 (INV) | Normal (Green) |
| LED3 | Service (green for service) |
| LI-1~3 | D.C reactor |
| L3 | D.C reactor |

PCB003Z820

**Models FDC475KXZE1, 500KXZE1, 560KXZE1
FDCS475KXZE1, 500KXZE1, 560KXZE1**



Color mark

| Mark | Color |
|-------|----------------|
| BK | Black |
| BL | Blue |
| BR | Brown |
| GN | Green |
| GY | Gray |
| OR | Orange |
| RD | Red |
| WH | White |
| YL | Yellow |
| PK | Pink |
| YE/GN | Yellow / Green |

Terminal block

| Mark | Parts name |
|-----------|--|
| TB1-2 | Terminal block |
| Tho-A | External air thermometer |
| Tho-C1,2 | Under-dome thermometer |
| Tho-H1,2 | Discharge pipe thermometer |
| Tho-H1,2 | Sub-cooling coil thermometer 2 |
| Tho-P1,2 | Power transistor thermometer |
| Tho-R1 | Heat exchanger thermometer (exhaust) |
| Tho-R2 | Heat exchanger thermometer (inlet) |
| Tho-H4 | Heat exchanger thermometer (inlet) |
| Tho-S | Suction pipe thermometer |
| Tho-SC | Sub-cooling coil thermometer 1 |
| Z05 | 4-way valve |
| SX1-1~2,4 | Solenoid for CM |
| 6SH1-1,2 | High pressure switch (for protection) |
| 7SE1 | 7-segment L.E.D. (function indication) |
| 7SE2 | 7-segment L.E.D. (data indication) |

Compressor Terminal block

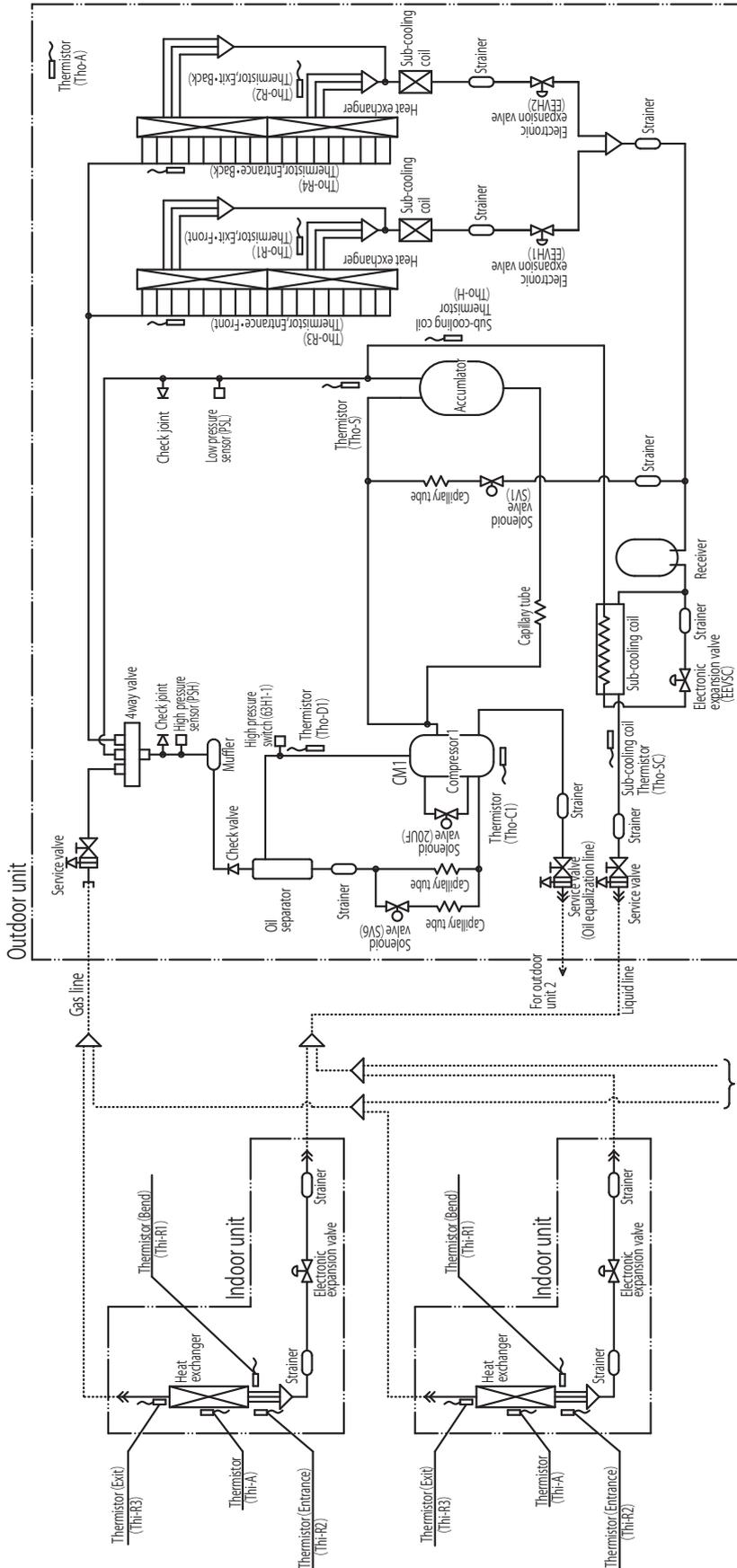
| Mark | Parts name |
|---------|---------------------------------------|
| SW2-3 | Spare |
| SW4-1~4 | Mode setting |
| SW4-5 | Spare |
| SW4-6 | Spare |
| SW4-7 | Address setting switch (master-slave) |
| SW4-8 | Address setting switch (master-slave) |
| SW5-1 | ON/Regular operation |
| SW5-2 | OFF/Regular operation |
| SW5-3 | ON/Initial operation mode / heating |
| SW5-4 | OFF/Initial operation mode / heating |
| SW5-5 | ON/Regular operation |
| SW5-6 | OFF/Regular operation |
| SW5-7 | ON/ Super Link communication |
| SW5-8 | OFF/ Super Link communication |
| SW6-1~3 | Spare |
| SW6-4 | High Head |
| SW7 | Standard |
| SW8 | Data clear / insert |
| SW9 | 7-segment indicate (unit's place) |
| | 7-segment indicate (ten's place) |

Meaning of marks

| Mark | Parts name |
|----------|--|
| PSH | High pressure sensor |
| PSL | Low pressure sensor |
| PM01-1~3 | Primed wiring board (P.F.B) |
| PI-1~2,4 | Rich current suppression resistor |
| SV1 | Solenoid valve (M1 bypass) |
| SV2 | Solenoid valve (M1 bypass) |
| SV6 | Solenoid valve (oil separator CM1) |
| SV7 | Solenoid valve (oil separator CM2) |
| SV11 | Solenoid valve (gas bypass) |
| SW1 | Address setting SW outdoor unit No.1 (digit) |
| SW2 | Address setting SW outdoor unit No.2 (digit) |
| SW3-1 | Inspection LED reset |
| SW3-2 | Auto backup operation |
| SW3-3 | OFF/Regular operation |
| SW3-4 | ON/Regular operation |
| SW3-5 | ON/ Refrigerant quantity check |
| SW3-6 | OFF/Regular operation |
| SW3-7 | ON/ Check operation |
| SW3-8 | OFF/Regular operation |
| SW3-9 | ON/ Forced cooling / heating |
| SW3-10 | OFF/Regular operation |
| D.C | DC reactor |

PCB003Z821

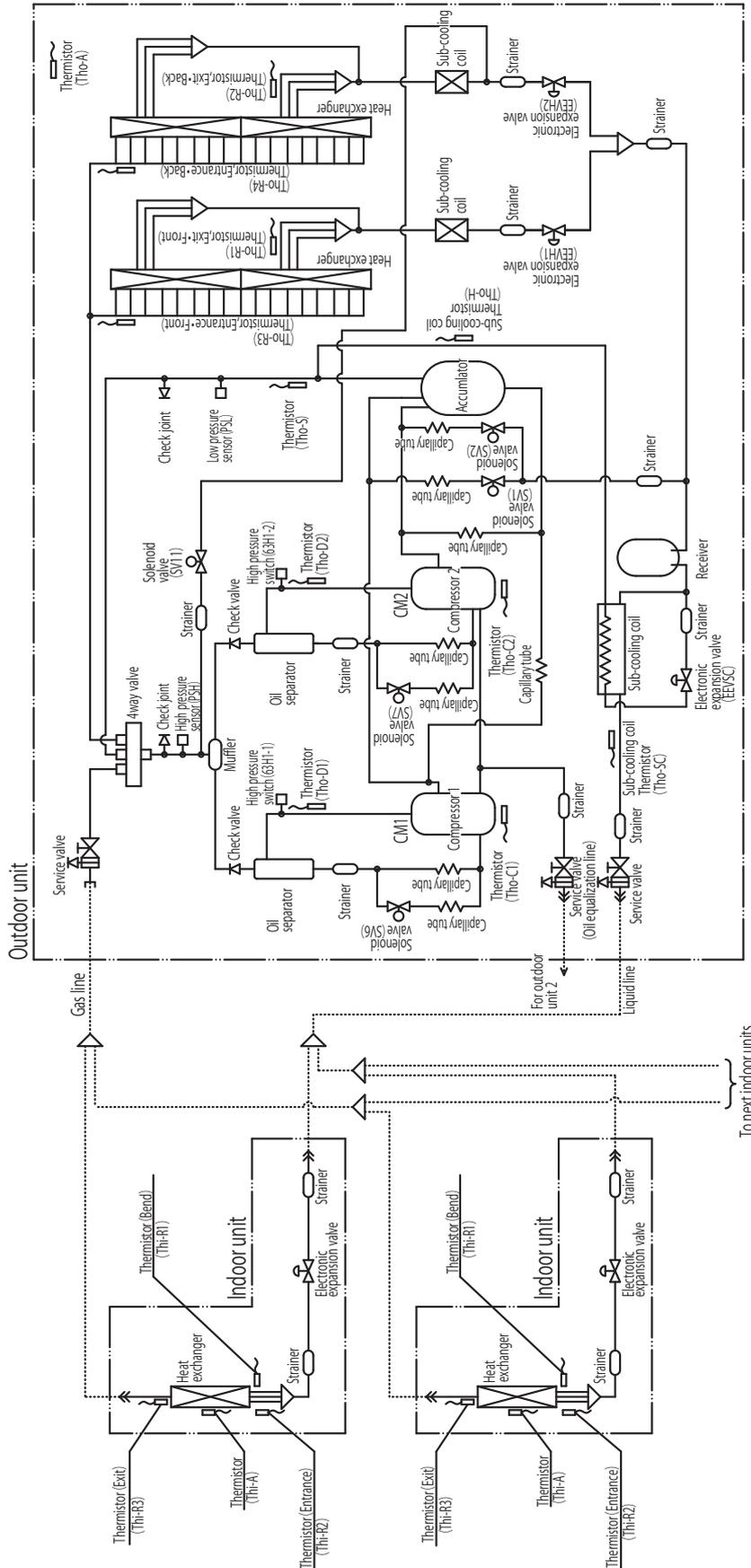
Models FDC400KXE1, 450KXE1
FDCS400KXE1, 450KXE1



- Notes (1) Preset point of protective devices**
 63HI-1 : Open 4.15MPa, Close 3.15MPa
 (For protection)
- (2) Function of thermistor**
 PSH : For compressor control
 3.70 ON (MPa)
 PSL : ON 0.18MPa, OFF 0.20MPa
 (For compressor control)
 ON 0.134MPa, OFF 0.18MPa
 (For protection)
- Thi-R1, R2 : Heating operation : Indoor fan control.**
Thi-R3 : Super heat control.
Tho-D : For super heat control of cooling operation.
Tho-C : For control of discharge pipe temperature.
Tho-S : For control of temperature under the dome.
Tho-R1, R2 : For control of suction pipe temperature.
Tho-A : For control of defrosting.
Tho-R3, R4 : Electronic expansion valve (EEVH1, 2) control of heating operation
Tho-SC : Electronic expansion valve (EEVSC) control of cooling operation.
Tho-H : For super heat control of sub-cooling coil.

PCB003Z823

**Models FDC475KXZE1, 500KXZE1, 560KXZE1
FDSC475KXZE1, 500KXZE1, 560KXZE1**



Notes (1) Preset point of protective devices

63HI-1, 2 : Open 4.15MPa, Close 3.15MPa
(For protection)

(2) Function of thermistor

PSH : For compressor control
3.70 ON (MPa)

PSL : ON 0.18MPa, OFF 0.20MPa
(For compressor control)

ON 0.134MPa, OFF 0.18MPa
(For protection)

Thi-R1, R2 : Heating operation : Indoor fan control.

Cooling operation : Frost prevention control.
Super heat control.

Thi-R3 : For super heat control of cooling operation.

Tho-D1, D2 : For control of discharge pipe temperature.

Tho-C1, C2 : For control of temperature under the dome.

Tho-S : For control of suction pipe temperature.

Tho-R1, R2 : For control of defrosting.

Tho-A : For control of defrosting.

Tho-R3, R4 : Electronic expansion valve (EEVH1, 2) control of heating operation

Tho-SC : Electronic expansion valve (EEVSC) control of cooling operation.

Tho-H : For super heat control of sub-cooling coil.

PCB003Z824

5. APPLICATION DATA

5.1 Installation of outdoor unit

KXZ SERIES INSTALLATION MANUAL

Designed for R410A refrigerant

PSC012D031A

Outdoor unit capacity
FDC280-1680

- ⊙ This installation manual deals with outdoor units and general installation specifications only. For indoor units, please refer to the respective installation manuals supplied with your units.
- ⊙ Please read this manual carefully before you set to installation work and carry it out according to the instructions contained in this manual.

Precautions for safety

- Read these "Precautions for safety" carefully before starting installation work and do it in the proper way.
- Safety instructions listed here are grouped into **⚠ Warnings** and **⚡ Cautions**. If a non-compliant installation method is likely to result in a serious consequence such as death or major injury, the instruction is grouped into **⚠ Warnings** to emphasize its importance. However, a failure to observe a safety instruction listed under **⚡ Cautions** can also result in a serious consequence depending on the circumstances. Please observe all these instructions, because they include important points concerning safety.
- The meanings of "Marks" used here are as shown on the right: **⊘ Never do it under any circumstances.** **⚡ Always do it according to the instruction.**
- When you have completed installation work, perform a test run and make sure that the installation is working properly. Then, explain the customer how to operate and how to take care of the air-conditioner according to the user's manual. Please ask the customer to keep this installation manual together with the user's manual.
- FDC 280 and 335 comply with EN61000-3-3. The other units comply with EN61000-3-11.
- For outdoor unit, EN61000-3-2 and EN61000-3-12 are not applicable as consent by the utility company or notification to the utility company is given before usage.

⚠ WARNING

- ⚠ Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer. If you install the system by yourself, it may cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire and personal injury, as a result of a system malfunction.
- Install the system in full accordance with the instruction manual.
- Incorrect installation may cause bursts, personal injury, water leaks, electric shocks and fire.
- Use the original accessories and the specified components for installation.
- If parts other than those prescribed by us are used, it may cause fall of the unit, water leaks, electric shocks, fire, refrigerant leak, substandard performance, control failure and personal injury.
- When installing in small rooms, take prevention measures not to exceed the density limit of refrigerant in the event of leakage accordance with ISO5149.
- Consult the expert about prevention measures. If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of leakage, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.
- Ventilate the working area well in the event of refrigerant leakage during installation.
- If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gas is produced.
- After completed installation, check that no refrigerant leaks from the system.
- If refrigerant leaks into the room and comes into contact with an oven or other hot surface, poisonous gas is produced.
- Hang up the unit at the specified points with ropes which can support the weight in lifting for portage. And to avoid jolting out of alignment, be sure to hang up the unit at 4-point support.
- An improper manner of portage such as 3-point support can cause death or serious personal injury due to falling of the unit.
- Install the unit in a location with good support.
- Unsuitable installation locations can cause the unit to fall and cause material damage and personal injury.
- Ensure the unit is stable when installed, so that it can withstand earthquakes and strong winds.
- Unsuitable installation locations can cause the unit to fall and cause material damage and personal injury.
- The electrical installation must be carried out by the qualified electrician in accordance with "the norm for electrical work" and "national wiring regulation", and the system must be connected to the dedicated circuit.
- Power supply with insufficient capacity and incorrect function done by improper work can cause electric shocks and fire.
- Be sure to shut off the power before starting electrical work.
- Failure to shut off the power can cause electric shocks, unit failure or incorrect function of equipment.
- Be sure to use the cables conformed to safety standard and cable ampacity for power distribution work.
- Unconformable cables can cause electric leak, anomalous heat production or fire.
- Use the prescribed cables for electrical connection, tighten the cables securely in terminal block and relieve the cables correctly to prevent overloading the terminal blocks.
- Loose connections or cable mountings can cause anomalous heat production or fire.
- Arrange the wiring in the control box so that it cannot be pushed up further into the box. Install the service panel correctly.
- Incorrect installation may result in overheating and fire.
- In connecting the power cable, make sure that no anomalies such as dust deposits, socket clogging or wobble are found and insert the plug securely.
- Accumulation of dust, clogging on the socket, or looseness of plugging can cause electric shocks and fire.
- Be sure not to reuse existing refrigerant pipes
- Conventional refrigerant oil or chlorine contained in the conventional refrigerant which is remaining in the existing refrigerant pipes can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil of new unit. And 1.6 times higher pressure of R410A refrigerant than conventional one can cause burst of existing pipe, personal injury or serious accident.
- Do not perform brazing work in the airtight room
- It can cause lack of oxygen.
- Use the prescribed pipes, flare nuts and tools for R410A.
- Using existing parts (for R22 or R407C) can cause unit failure and serious accidents due to burst of the refrigerant circuit.
- Tighten the flare nut by using double spanners and torque wrench according to prescribed method. Be sure not to tighten the flare nut too much.
- Loose flare connection or damage on the flare part by tightening with excess torque can cause burst or refrigerant leaks which may result in lack of oxygen.
- Do not open the service valves for liquid line and gas line until completed refrigerant piping work, air tightness test and evacuation.
- If the compressor is operated in state of opening service valves before completed connection of refrigerant piping work, you may incur frost bite or injury from an abrupt refrigerant outflow and air can be sucked into refrigerant circuit, which can cause burst or personal injury due to anomalously high pressure in the refrigerant.
- Do not put the drainage pipe directly into drainage channels where poisonous gases such as sulphide gas can occur.
- Poisonous gases will flow into the room through drainage pipe and seriously affect the user's health and safety. It can also cause the corrosion of the indoor unit and resultant unit failure or refrigerant leak.
- Only use prescribed optional parts. The installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.
- If you install the system by yourself, it can cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire.
- Do not perform any change of protective device itself or its setup condition
- The forced operation by short-circuiting protective device of pressure switch and temperature controller or the use of non specified component can cause fire or burst.
- Be sure to switch off the power supply in the event of installation, inspection or servicing.
- If the power supply is not shut off, there is a risk of electric shocks, unit failure or personal injury due to the unexpected start of fan.
- Consult the dealer or an expert regarding removal of the unit.
- Incorrect installation can cause water leaks, electric shocks or fire.
- Stop the compressor before closing valve and disconnecting refrigerant pipes in case of pump down operation.
- If disconnecting refrigerant pipes in state of opening service valves before compressor stopping, you may incur frost bite or injury from an abrupt refrigerant outflow and air can be sucked, which can cause burst or personal injury due to anomalously high pressure in the refrigerant circuit.
- ⊘ Ensure that no air enters in the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed and removed.
- If air enters in the refrigerant circuit, the pressure in the refrigerant circuit becomes too high, which can cause burst and personal injury.
- Do not run the unit with removed panels or protections
- Touching rotating equipments, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric shocks.
- Be sure to fix up the service panels.
- Incorrect fixing can cause electric shocks or fire due to intrusion of dust or water.
- Do not perform any repairs or modifications by yourself. Consult the dealer if the unit requires repair.
- If you repair or modify the unit, it can cause water leaks, electric shocks or fire.

⚡ CAUTION

- ⚠ Use the circuit breaker for all pole with correct capacity. Using the incorrect circuit breaker, it can cause the unit malfunction and fire.
- Take care when carrying the unit by hand.
- If the unit weighs more than 20kg, it must be carried by two or more persons. Do not carry by the plastic straps, always use the carry handle when carrying the unit by hand. Use gloves to minimize the risk of cuts by the aluminum fins.
- Dispose of any packing materials correctly.
- Any remaining packing material can cause personal injury as it contains nails and wood. And to avoid danger of suffocation, be sure to keep the plastic wrapper away from children and to dispose after tear it up.
- Pay attention not to damage the drain pan by weld spatter when welding work is done near the indoor unit.
- If weld spatter entered into the indoor unit during welding work, it can cause pin-hole in drain pan and result in water leakage. To prevent such damage, keep the indoor unit in its packing or cover it.
- Be sure to insulate the refrigerant pipes so as not to condense the ambient air moisture on them.
- Insufficient insulation can cause condensation, which can lead to moisture damage on the ceiling, floor, furniture and any other valuables.
- Be sure to perform air tightness test by pressurizing with nitrogen gas after completed refrigerant piping work.
- If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of refrigerant leakage in the small room, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.
- Perform installation work properly according to this installation manual.
- Improper installation can cause abnormal vibrations or increased noise generation.
- ⚡ Carry out the electrical work for ground lead with care.
- Do not connect the ground lead to the gas line, water line, lightning conductor or telephone line's ground lead. Incorrect grounding can cause unit faults such as electric shocks and fire due to short-circuiting. Never connect the grounding wire to a gas pipe because if gas leaks, it could cause explosion or ignition.
- Earth leakage breaker must be installed
- If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it can cause fire or electric shocks.
- Do not use any materials other than a fuse with the correct rating in the location where fuses are to be used.
- Connecting the circuit with copper wire or other metal thread can cause unit failure and fire.
- Do not install unit near the location where leakage of combustible gases can occur.
- If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can cause fire.
- Do not install the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfuric acid gas etc.) or combustible gas (such as thinner and petroleum gases) can accumulate or collect, or where volatile combustible substances are handled.
- Corrosive gas can cause corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts and etc. And combustible gas can cause fire.
- Secure a space for installation, inspection and maintenance specified in the manual.
- Insufficient space can result in accident such as personal injury due to falling from the installation place.
- When the outdoor unit is installed on a roof or a high place, provide permanent ladders and handrails along the access route and fences and handrails around the outdoor unit.
- If safety facilities are not provided, it can cause personal injury due to falling from the installation place.
- Do not install nor use the system close to the equipment that generates electromagnetic fields or high frequency harmonics
- Equipment such as inverters, standby generators, medical high frequency equipments and telecommunication equipments can affect the system, and cause malfunctions and breakdowns. The system can also affect medical equipment and telecommunication equipment, and obstruct its function or cause jamming.
- Do not install the outdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals can inhabit.
- Insects and small animals can enter the electric parts and cause damage or fire. Instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean.
- Do not use the base frame for outdoor unit which is corroded or damaged due to long periods of operation.
- Using an old and damaged base frame can cause the unit falling down and cause personal injury.
- Do not install the unit in the locations listed below
 - Locations where carbon fiber, metal powder or any powder is floating.
 - Locations where any substances that can affect the unit such as sulphide gas, chloride gas, acid and alkaline can occur.
 - Vehicles and ships
 - Locations where cosmetic or special sprays are often used.
 - Locations with direct exposure of oil mist and steam such as kitchen and machine plant.
 - Locations where any machines which generate high frequency harmonics are used.
 - Locations with salty atmospheres such as coastlines
 - Locations with heavy snow (If installed, be sure to provide base frame and snow hood mentioned in the manual)
 - Locations where the unit is exposed to chimney smoke
 - Locations at high altitude (more than 1000m high)
 - Locations with ammoniac atmospheres (e.g. organic fertilizer).
 - Locations where heat radiation from other heat source can affect the unit
 - Locations without good air circulation.
 - Locations with any obstacles which can prevent inlet and outlet air of the unit
 - Locations where short circuit of air can occur (in case of multiple units installation)
 - Locations where strong air blows against the air outlet of outdoor unit
- It can cause remarkable decrease in performance, corrosion and damage of components, malfunction and fire.
- Do not install the outdoor unit in the locations listed below.
 - Locations where discharged hot air or operating sound of the outdoor unit can bother neighborhood.
 - Locations where outlet air of the outdoor unit blows directly to an animal or plants. The outlet air can affect adversely to the plant etc.
 - Locations where vibration can be amplified and transmitted due to insufficient strength of structure.
 - Locations where vibration and operation sound generated by the outdoor unit can affect seriously.
 - (on the wall or at the place near bed room)
 - Locations where an equipment affected by high harmonics is placed. (TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m)
 - Locations where drainage cannot run off safely.
- It can affect surrounding environment and cause a claim
- Do not use the unit for special purposes such as storing foods, cooling precision instruments and preservation of animals, plants or art. It can cause the damage of the items.
- Do not touch any buttons with wet hands
- It can cause electric shocks
- Do not shut off the power supply immediately after stopping the operation.
- Wait at least 5 minutes, otherwise there is a risk of water leakage or breakdown.
- Do not control the system with main power switch.
- It can cause fire or water leakage. In addition, the fan can start unexpectedly, which can cause personal injury.
- Do not touch any refrigerant pipes with your hands when the system is in operation.
- During operation the refrigerant pipes become extremely hot or extremely cold depending the operating condition, and it can cause burn injury or frost injury.
- Do not operate the outdoor unit with any article placed on it.
- You may incur property damage or personal injury from a fall of the article.
- Do not step onto the outdoor unit.
- You may incur injury from a drop or fall.

Notabilia as a unit designed for R410A

- Do not use any refrigerant other than R410A. R410A will rise to pressure about 1.6 times higher than that of a conventional refrigerant.
A cylinder containing R410A has a pink indication mark on the top.
- A unit designed for R410A has adopted a different size indoor unit operation valve charge port and a different size check joint provided in the unit to prevent the charging of a wrong refrigerant by mistake. The processed dimension of the flared part of a refrigerant pipe and a flare nut's parallel side measurement have also been altered to raise strength against pressure. Accordingly, you are required to arrange dedicated R410A tools listed in the table on the right before installing or servicing this unit.
- Do not use a charge cylinder. The use of a charge cylinder will cause the refrigerant composition to change, which results in performance degradation.
- In charging refrigerant, always take it out from a cylinder in the liquid phase.
- All indoor units must be models designed exclusively for R410A. Please check connectable indoor unit models in a catalog, etc. (A wrong indoor unit, if connected into the system, will impair proper system operation)

| Dedicated R410A tools | |
|-----------------------|---|
| a) | Gauge manifold |
| b) | Charge hose |
| c) | Electronic scale for refrigerant charging |
| d) | Torque wrench |
| e) | Flare tool |
| f) | Protrusion control copper pipe gauge |
| g) | Vacuum pump adapter |
| h) | Gas leak detector |

1. BEFORE BEGINNING INSTALLATION (Check that the models, power supply specifications, piping, wiring are correct.)

CAUTION

- Please read this manual without fail before you set to installation work and carry it out according to this manual.
- For the installation of an indoor unit, please refer to the installation manual of an indoor unit.
- For piping work, optional distribution parts (branching pipe set, header set) are necessary. Please refer to our catalog, etc.
- Never fail to install an earth leakage breaker. (Please use one tolerable to harmonic components)
- Operating the unit with the outlet pipe thermistor, the inlet pipe thermistor, the pressure sensor, etc. removed can result in a compressor burnout. Avoid operation under such conditions in any circumstances.
- With this air-conditioning system, room temperature may rise, depending on installation conditions, while indoor units are stopped, because small quantity of refrigerant flows into the stopped indoor units if heating operation is conducted on the system.

ACCESSORY

| Name | Quantity | Usage location | |
|--|----------|---|---|
| Wiring  | 2 | In operating the unit in the silent mode or the forced cooling/heating mode, insert it to the outdoor unit board's CNG. | It is supplied with the unit. You can find it taped inside the control box. |
| Instruction manual | 1 | When the installation work is completed, give instructions to the customer and ask him/her to keep it. | Attached on the side panel below the operation valve. |

COMBINATION PATTERNS

- The possible outdoor unit combinations and the number and the total capacity of indoor units that can be connected in a system are shown in the table below.
- Please always use indoor units designed exclusively for R410A. For connectable indoor unit model names, please check with our catalog, etc.
- It can be used in combination with the following indoor unit.

| Indoor unit | Remote controller | Connection OK/NO |
|----------------------------|--|------------------|
| FD○△△KXE6 | RC-E3(2 cores), RC-E4(2 cores), RC-E5 (2 cores), RC-EX1A (2 cores) | OK |
| FD○A△△KXE4R, KXE4BR, KXE5R | RC-E1R(3 cores) | NO |
| FD○A△△KXE4, KXE4(A), KXE4A | RC-E1(3 cores) | NO |

Notabilia

The same outdoor unit is used whether it is used alone or in combination with another unit.

- Please note that an installation involving a combination other than those listed below is not operable. (For example, you cannot operate 280 and 400 in combination)

| Outdoor unit | | Indoor unit | |
|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Capacity | Combination patterns | Number of connectable units (units) | Range of the total capacity of indoor units connected in a system |
| 280 | Single | 1~24 | 140~364 |
| 335 | Single | 1~29 | 168~435 |
| 400 | Single | 1~34 | 200~520 |
| 450 | Single | 1~39 | 225~585 |
| 475 | Single | 1~41 | 238~617 |
| 500 | Single | 1~43 | 250~650 |
| 560 | Single | 1~48 | 280~728 |
| 615 | Combination (280+335) | 2~53 | 308~799 |
| 670 | Combination (335+335) | 2~58 | 335~871 |
| 735 | Combination (335+400) | 2~63 | 368~955 |
| 800 | Combination (400+400) | 2~69 | 400~1040 |
| 850 | Combination (400+450) | 2~73 | 425~1105 |
| 900 | Combination (450+450) | 2~78 | 450~1170 |
| 950 | Combination (475+475) | 2~80 | 475~1235 |
| 1000 | Combination (500+500) | 2~80 | 500~1300 |
| 1060 | Combination (500+560) | 2~80 | 530~1378 |
| 1120 | Combination (560+560) | 2~80 | 560~1456 |
| 1200 | Combination (400+400+400) | 3~80 | 600~1560 |
| 1250 | Combination (400+400+450) | 3~80 | 625~1625 |
| 1300 | Combination (400+450+450) | 3~80 | 650~1690 |
| 1350 | Combination (450+450+450) | 3~80 | 675~1755 |
| 1425 | Combination (475+475+475) | 3~80 | 713~1852 |
| 1450 | Combination (475+475+500) | 3~80 | 725~1885 |
| 1500 | Combination (500+500+500) | 3~80 | 750~1950 |
| 1560 | Combination (500+500+560) | 3~80 | 780~2028 |
| 1620 | Combination (500+560+560) | 3~80 | 810~2106 |
| 1680 | Combination (560+560+560) | 3~80 | 840~2184 |

[Optional parts]

Refrigerant distribution piping components supplied as optional parts will become necessary in installing the unit.

As refrigerant distribution piping components, branching pipe sets (model type: DOS) for the outdoor unit side piping, branching pipe sets (model type: DIS) and header sets (model type: HEAD) for the outdoor unit side piping are available.

Select according to the application. Please refer to "4. Refrigerant piping work" in selecting.

If you are uncertain, please do not hesitate to consult with your distributor or the manufacturer.

Please use refrigerant branching sets and header sets designed exclusively for R410A without fail.

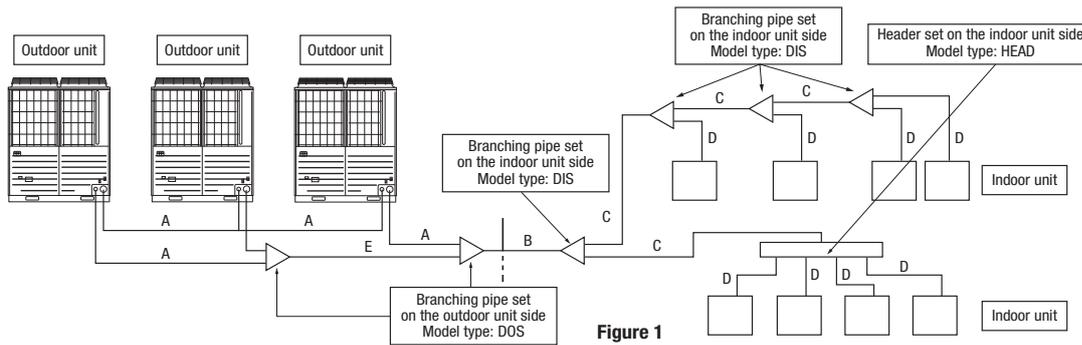


Figure 1

2. INSTALLATION LOCATION (Obtain approval from the customer when selecting the installation area.)

2-1. Selecting the installation location

- Where air is not trapped.
- Where the installation fittings can be firmly installed.
- Where wind does not hinder the intake and outlet pipes.
- Out of the heat range of other heat sources.
- Where strong winds will not blow against the outlet pipe.
- A place where stringent regulation of electric noises is not applicable.
- Where it is safe for the drain water to be discharged.
- Where noise and hot air will not bother neighboring residents.
- Where snow will not accumulate.
- A place where no TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m. (If electrical interference is caused, seek a place less likely to cause the problem)
- Do not install the unit in places which exposed to sea breeze (e.g. coastal area) or calcium chloride (e.g. snow melting agent), exposed to ammonia substance (e.g. organic fertilizer).

Please note

- a) A four-sided enclosure cannot be used. Leave a space of at least 1m above the unit.
 - b) If there is a danger of a short-circuit, then install a wind direction variable adapter.
 - c) When installing multiple units, provide sufficient intake space so that a short-circuit does not occur.
 - d) In areas where there is snowfall, install the unit in a frame or under a snow hood to prevent snow from accumulating on it. (Inhibition of collective drain discharge in a snowy country)
 - e) Do not install the equipment in areas where there is a danger for potential explosive atmosphere.
- * Please ask your distributor about optional parts such as wind vane adapters, snow guard hoods, etc.

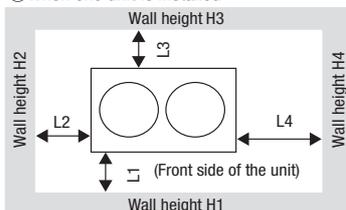
CAUTION

Please leave sufficient clearance around the unit without fail. Otherwise, a risk of compressor and/or electric component failure may arise.

2-2. Installation space (service space) example

Please secure sufficient clearance (room for maintenance work, passage, draft and piping). (If your installation site does not fulfill the installation condition requirements set out on this drawing, please consult with your distributor or the manufacturer)

① When one unit is installed



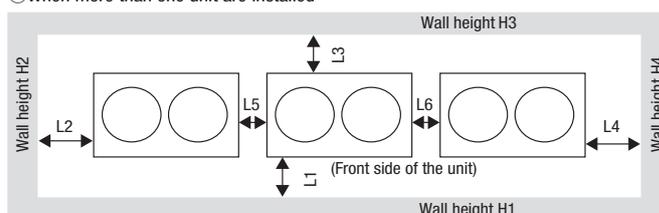
| Example installation | I | II | III |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Dimensions | | | |
| L1 | 500 | 500 | Open |
| L2 | 10 (30) | 50 | 10 (30) |
| L3 | 100 | 50 | 100 |
| L4 | 10 (30) | 50 | Open |
| H1 | 1500 | 1500 | Open |
| H2 | No limit | No limit | No limit |
| H3 | 1000 | 1000 | No limit |
| H4 | No limit | No limit | Open |

(): In case it is the promised installation location that the outdoor unit is used on conditions with the ambient temperature of 43°C or more.

For a normal installation, leave a 10 mm or wider space on both sides of the unit (L5 and L6) as workspace. It is also possible to install at a 0mm interval (continuous installation) with future renewal, etc. in mind.

For your information: the footprint of an outdoor unit is 1350x720 for all models throughout the series (280-560).

② When more than one unit are installed



| Example installation | I | II |
|----------------------|----------|----------|
| Dimensions | | |
| L1 | 500 | Open |
| L2 | 10 (30) | 200 |
| L3 | 100 | 300 |
| L4 | 10 (30) | Open |
| L5 | 10 (30) | 400 |
| L6 | 10 (30) | 400 |
| H1 | 1500 | Open |
| H2 | No limit | No limit |
| H3 | 1000 | No limit |
| H4 | No limit | Open |

(): In case it is the promised installation location that the outdoor unit is used on conditions with the ambient temperature of 43°C or more.

3. Unit delivery and installation

CAUTION When a unit is hoisted with slings for haulage, please take into consideration the offset of its gravity center position. If not properly balanced, the unit can be thrown off-balance and fall.

3-1. Delivery

- By defining a cartage path, carry in the entire package containing a unit to its installation point.
- In slinging a unit, use two canvas belts with plates, cloth pads or other protections applied to the unit to prevent damage.

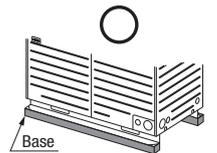
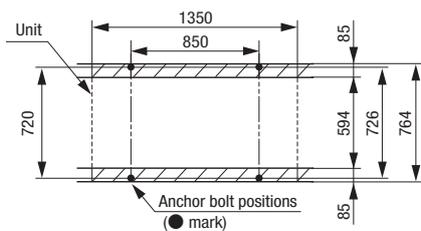
Please note

- a) Please do not fail to put belts through the rectangular holes of a unit's anchoring legs.
- b) Apply cloth pads between a canvas belt and a unit to prevent damage.

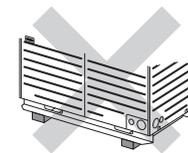
3-2. Notabilia for installation

- (1) Anchor bolt positions
 - Use four anchor bolts (M10) to fix an outdoor unit's anchoring legs at all times. Ideally, an anchor bolt should protrude 20mm.

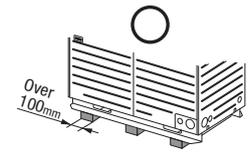




Normally, it is desirable that a base as specified in the drawing above is provided.



A base used for a former model is wrongly oriented and not acceptable.



Please use it for renewal installation. (Please add a base on the center) It is necessary to prevent sagging.

(2) Base

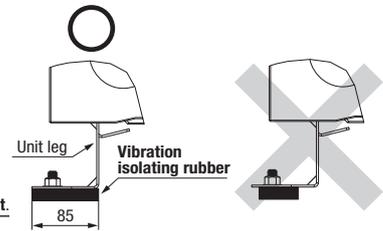
- Please install a unit after ascertaining that the bases have been made to sufficient strength and level to ensure the unit against vibration or noise generation.
- Please construct a base to the size of a shadowed area (the entire bottom area of an outdoor unit's anchoring leg) shown on the above drawing or larger.
- Please orient a base in the traversal direction (direction of W1350mm) of an outdoor unit as illustrated in the drawing above.

(3) Vibration isolating rubber

- A vibration isolating rubber must support an outdoor unit's anchoring leg by its entire bottom area.

Please note

- 1) Install a vibration isolating rubber in such a manner that the entire bottom area of an outdoor unit's anchoring leg will rest on it.
- 2) Do not install an outdoor unit in such a manner that a part of the bottom area of its anchoring leg is off a vibration isolating rubber.



4. REFRIGERANT PIPING

4-1. Restrictions on the use of pipes

(1) Limitation on use of pipes

• In installing pipes, always observe the restrictions on the use of pipes specified in this Section (1) including Maximum length, Total pipe length, Allowable pipe length from the first branching, and Allowable elevation difference (head difference).

- Please avoid forming any trap () or bump () in piping as they can cause fluid stagnation.
- Maximum length (from an outdoor unit to the farthest indoor unit) 160 m or less as actual pipe length (185 m or less as equivalent pipe length)
(When an actual pipe length exceeds 90m, however, it is necessary to change the pipe size. Please determine the main pipe size by consulting with the Main Selection Reference Table set out in Section (3) (b).

- Total pipe length 1000 m or less
- Main pipe length 130 m or less
- Allowable pipe length from the first branching 90 m or less
(However, difference between the longest and shortest piping 40 m or less (Max 85 m or less*1))

*1 When it is required to install in a range of 40 to 85 m, limitation of use, etc. are different from those described here. Refer to technical documents.

• Allowable elevation difference (head difference)

- (a) When an outdoor unit is installed above 50 m or less (Max 70 m or less)*2
*2 When it is required to install in a range of 50 to 70 m, limitation of use, etc. are different from those described here. Refer to technical documents.

- (b) When an outdoor unit is installed below 40 m or less*3
*3 It must be less than 30 m when conducting the cooling operation with the outdoor air temperature lower than 10°C.

- (c) Difference in the elevation of indoor units in a system 18 m or less
- (d) Elevation difference between the first branching point and the indoor unit 18 m or less

• Restrictions on piping applicable to the section between an outdoor unit and an outdoor unit side branching pipe (combination unit)

- (a) Difference in the elevation 0.4 m or less
- (b) Distance between an outdoor unit and an outdoor unit side branching pipe 5 m or less
- (c) Length of oil equalization piping 10 m or less

CAUTION

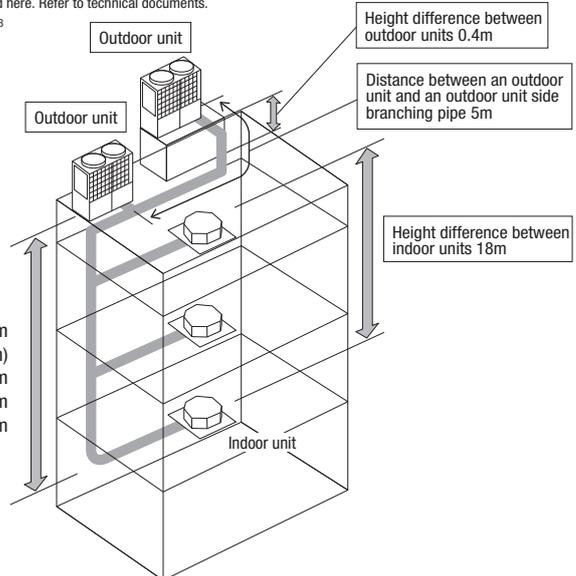
An installation not conforming to these restrictions can induce a compressor failure, which shall be excluded from the scope of warranty. Always observe the restrictions on the use of pipes in developing a system.

Important

When the Additional refrigerant quantity (P+I) is over the following table, please separate the refrigerant line.

| Outdoor unit | P+I (kg) |
|--------------|----------|
| 280-670 | 40 |
| 735-1350 | 80 |
| 1425-1680 | 100 |

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Difference in the elevation | 50m (Max 70m) |
| Actual length | 160m |
| Equivalent length | 185m |
| Total length | 1000m |



(2) Piping material selection

- Please use pipes clean on both the inside and outside and free from contaminants harmful to operation such as sulfur, oxides, dust, chips, oil, fat and water.
- Use the following material for refrigerant piping.
Material: phosphorus deoxidized seamless copper pipe (C1120T-0, 1/2H, JIS H 3300)
Use C1220T-1/2H for ϕ 19.05 or larger, or C1220T-0 for ϕ 15.88 or smaller
- Do not use ϕ 28.58 x t1.0, ϕ 31.8 x t1.1, ϕ 34.92 x t1.2 and ϕ 38.1 x t1.35 as a bent pipe.
- Thickness and size: Please select proper pipes according to the pipe size selection guideline.
(Since this unit uses R410A, always use 1/2H pipes of a specified minimum thickness or thicker for all pipes of ϕ 19.05 or larger, because the pressure resistance requirement is not satisfied with O-type pipes).
- For branching pipes, use a genuine branching pipe set or header set at all times. (optional parts)
- For the handling of operation valves, please refer to P.9 4-3(4) Method of operating service valves.
- In installing pipes, observe the restrictions on the use of pipes set out in Section 1 (Maximum length, total pipe length, allowable pipe length from the first branching, allowable elevation difference (head difference)) without fail.
- Install a branching pipe set, paying attention to the direction of attachment, after you have perused through the installation manual supplied with it.

(3) Pipe size selection

(a) Outdoor unit – Outdoor unit side branching pipe: Section A in Figure 1

Please use a pipe conforming to the pipe size specified for outdoor unit connection.
Indoor unit connecting pipe size table

| Outdoor unit | Outdoor unit outlet pipe specifications | | | | | |
|--------------|---|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Gas pipe | Connection method | Liquid pipe | Connection method | Oil equalizing pipe | Connection method |
| 280 | $\phi 22.22 \times t 1.0$ | Blazed | $\phi 9.52 \times t 0.8$ | Flare | $\phi 9.52 \times t 0.8$ ※1 | Flare |
| 335 | $\phi 25.4 (\phi 22.22) \times t 1.0$ | | | | | |
| 400 | $\phi 25.4 (\phi 28.58) \times t 1.0$ | | | | | |
| 450 | $\phi 28.58 \times t 1.0$ | | | | | |
| 475 | | | | | | |
| 500 | | | | | | |
| 560 | | | | | | |

Pipe sizes applicable to European installations are shown in parentheses.

Please use C1220T-1/2H for $\phi 19.05$ or larger pipes.

※1: Please connect the master and slave units with an oil equalization pipe, when they are used in a combined installation.

(It is not required, when a unit is used as a standalone installation)

When three outdoor units combination, please connect using a tee joint. (If contains in a branching pipe set for three units.)

(b) Main (Outdoor unit side branching pipe – Indoor unit side first branching pipe): Section B in Figure 1

If the longest distance (measured between the outdoor unit and the farthest indoor unit) is 90m or longer (actual length), please change the main pipe size according to the table below.

| Outdoor unit | Main pipe size (normal) | | Pipe size for an actual length of 90m or longer | |
|--------------|--|---|---|--------------------------|
| | Gas pipe | Liquid pipe | Gas pipe | Liquid pipe |
| 280 | $\phi 22.22 \times t 1.0$ | $\phi 9.52 \times t 0.8$ | $\phi 25.4 (\phi 22.22) \times t 1.0$ | $\phi 12.7 \times t 0.8$ |
| 335 | $\phi 25.4 (\phi 22.22) \times t 1.0$ | $\phi 12.7 \times t 0.8$ | | |
| 400 | $\phi 25.4 (\phi 28.58) \times t 1.0$ | | | |
| 450 | $\phi 28.58 \times t 1.0$ | | | |
| 475 | | | | |
| 500 | | $\phi 31.8 \times t 1.1$ ($\phi 28.58 \times t 1.0$) | | |
| 560 | | | $\phi 15.88 \times t 1.0$ | |
| 615 | $\phi 31.8 \times t 1.1$ ($\phi 34.92 \times t 1.2$) | $\phi 15.88 \times t 1.0$ | $\phi 19.05 \times t 1.0$ | |
| 670 | | | | |
| 735 | | | | |
| 800 | | | | |
| 850 | | | | |
| 900 | | | | |
| 950 | | | | |
| 1000 | $\phi 38.1 \times t 1.35$ ($\phi 34.92 \times t 1.2$) | $\phi 19.05 \times t 1.0$ | $\phi 22.22 \times t 1.0$ | |
| 1060 | | | | |
| 1120 | | | | |
| 1200 | | | | |
| 1250 | | | | |
| 1300 | | | | |
| 1350 | | | | |
| 1425 | | | | |
| 1450 | | | | |
| 1500 | | | | |
| 1560 | | | | |
| 1620 | | | | |
| 1680 | | | | |

Please use C1220T-1/2H for $\phi 19.05$ or larger pipes.

Pipe sizes applicable to European installations are shown in parentheses.

(c) Indoor unit side first branching pipe – Indoor unit side branching pipe: Section C in Figure 1

Please choose from the table below an appropriate pipe size as determined by the total capacity of indoor units connected downstream, provided, however, that the pipe size for this section should not exceed the main size (Section B in Figure 1).

| Total capacity of indoor units | Gas pipe | Liquid pipe |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Less than 70 | $\phi 12.7 \times t 1.0$ | $\phi 9.52 \times t 0.8$ |
| 70 or more but less than 180 | $\phi 15.88 \times t 1.0$ | |
| 180 or more but less than 371 | $\phi 19.05 \times t 1.0$ *1 | $\phi 12.7 \times t 0.8$ |
| 371 or more but less than 540 | $\phi 25.4 \times t 1.0$ ($\phi 28.58$) | $\phi 15.88 \times t 1.0$ |
| 540 or more but less than 700 | $\phi 28.58 \times t 1.0$ | |
| 700 or more but less than 1100 | $\phi 31.8 \times t 1.1$ ($\phi 34.92 \times t 1.2$) | |
| 1100 or more | $\phi 38.1 \times t 1.35$ ($\phi 34.92 \times t 1.2$) | $\phi 19.05 \times t 1.0$ |

Please use C1220T-1/2H for $\phi 19.05$ or larger pipes.

Pipe sizes applicable to European installations are shown in parentheses.

*1: When connecting indoor units of 280 at the downstream and the main gas pipe is of $\phi 22.22$ or larger, use the pipe of $\phi 22.22 \times t 1.0$.

(d) Indoor unit side branching pipe – Indoor unit: Section D in Figure 1

Indoor unit connection pipe size table

| Indoor unit | Capacity | Gas pipe | Liquid pipe |
|-----------------------|----------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | 15, 22, 28 | $\phi 9.52 \times t 0.8$ |
| 36, 45, 56 | | $\phi 12.7 \times t 0.8$ | |
| 71, 90, 112, 140, 160 | | $\phi 15.88 \times t 1.0$ | $\phi 9.52 \times t 0.8$ |
| 224 | | $\phi 19.05 \times t 1.0$ | |
| 280 | | $\phi 22.22 \times t 1.0$ | |

Please use C1220T-1/2H for $\phi 19.05$ or larger pipes.

(e) Selection of pipe between outdoor branch pipes for 3-unit combination: Section E in Figure 1

Size of pipe between outdoor branch pipes varies depending on the capacity of outdoor unit which is connected to second branch pipe in the outdoors. Select it from the following table.

| Total capacity of outdoor units connected to second branch pipe in the outdoors | Size of pipe between branch pipes | |
|---|--|---------------------------|
| | Gas pipe | Liquid pipe |
| 800 | $\phi 31.8 \times t 1.1$ ($\phi 34.92 \times t 1.2$) | $\phi 15.88 \times t 1.0$ |
| 850 | | |
| 900 | | |
| 950 | | |
| 1000 | $\phi 38.1 \times t 1.34$ ($\phi 34.92 \times t 1.2$) | $\phi 19.05 \times t 1.0$ |
| 1060 | | |
| 1120 | | |

Use C1220T-1/2H material for $\phi 19.05$ or larger.

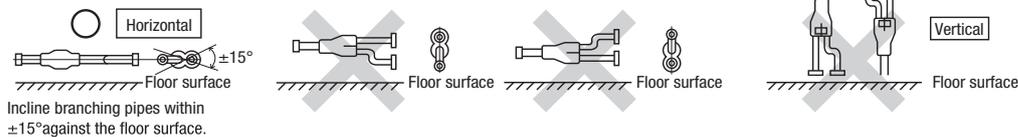
(4) Selection of an outdoor unit side branching pipe set

This branching pipe set will always become necessary when units are used in combination. (When a unit is used as a standalone installation, it is not required)

Please note

- a) In connecting an outdoor unit, please use a pipe conforming to the pipe size specified for outdoor unit connection.
- b) Choose a different-diameter pipe joint matching a main pipe size specified in the above section in installing pipes (= main pipes) on the outdoor unit side.
- c) Always install branching pipe (for both gas and liquid) in such a manner that they form correct horizontal branch.

| Outdoor unit | Branching pipe set |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| For two units (for 615 – 1120) | DOS-2A-3 |
| For three units (for 1200 – 1680) | DOS-3A-3 |



(5) Selection of an indoor unit side branching pipe set

(a) Method of selecting a branching pipe set

- As an appropriate branching pipe size varies with the connected capacity (total capacity connected downstream), determine a size from the following table.

Please note

- In connecting an indoor unit with the indoor unit side branching pipe set, please use a pipe conforming to the pipe size specified for indoor unit connection.
- Always install branching pipes (both gas and liquid pipe) **either horizontally or vertically**.

| Total capacity downstream | Branching pipe set |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Less than 180 | DIS-22-1G |
| 180 or more but less than 371 | DIS-180-1G |
| 371 or more but less than 540 | DIS-371-1G |
| 540 or more | DIS-540-3 |



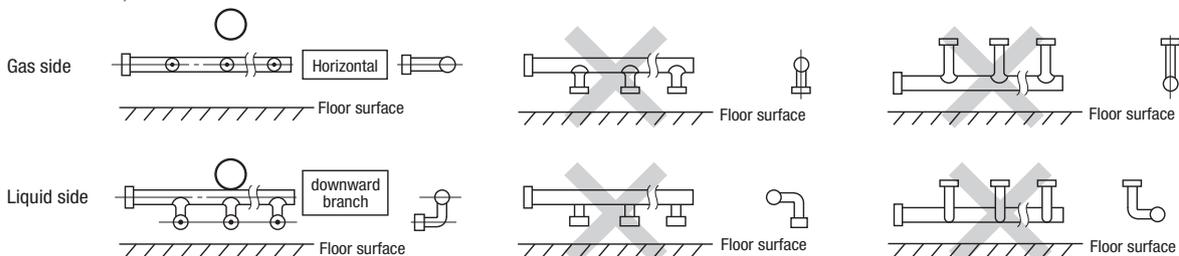
(b) Header Method

- Depending on the number of units connected, connect plugged pipes (to be procured on the installer's part) at a branching point (on the indoor unit connection side).
- For the size of a plugged pipe, please refer to the documentation for a header set (optional part).

| Total capacity downstream | Header set model type | Number of branches |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Less than 180 | HEAD4-22-1G | 4 branches at the most |
| 180 or more but less than 371 | HEAD6-180-1G | 6 branches at the most |
| 371 or more but less than 540 | HEAD8-371-2 | 8 branches at the most |
| 540 or more | HEAD8-540-3 | 8 branches at the most |

Please note

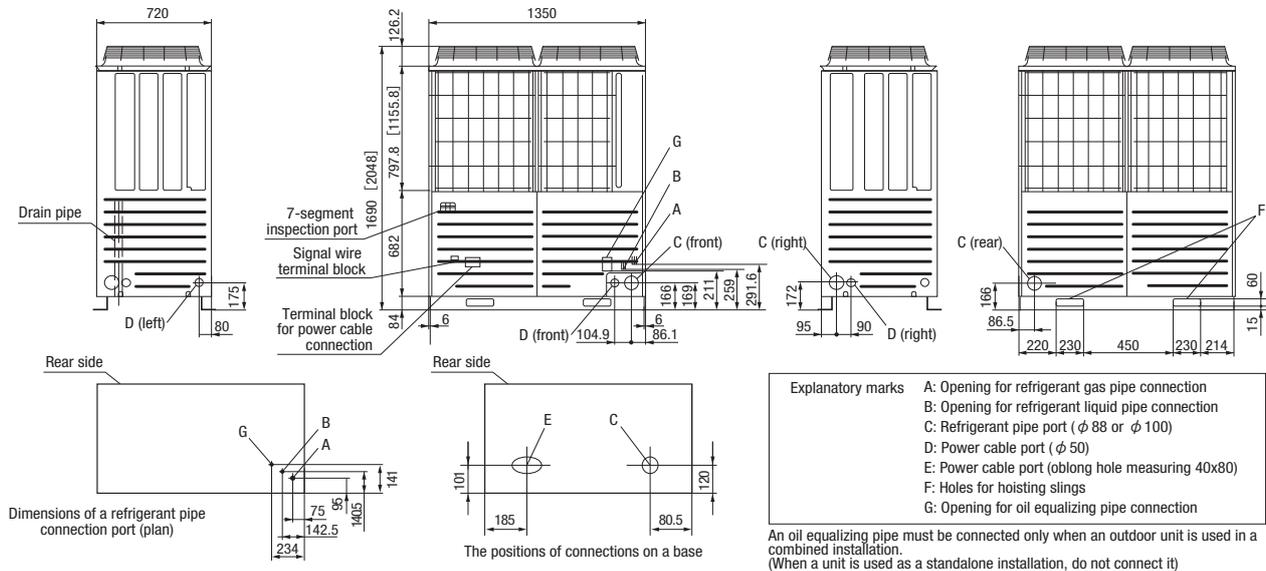
- a) In connecting a header with an indoor unit, please use a pipe conforming to the pipe size specified for indoor unit connection.
- b) **In installing a header, always arrange a gas-side header to branch horizontally and a liquid-side header to branch downward.**
- c) Indoor units 224 and 280 can not be connected to the header.



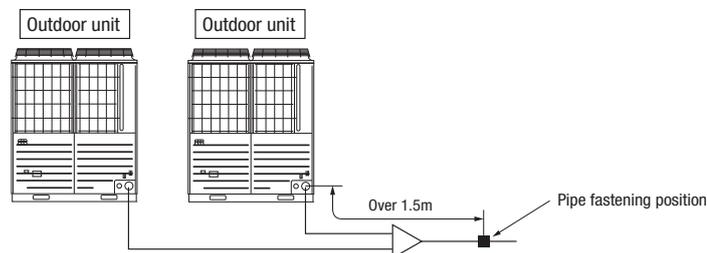
4-2. Pipe connection position and pipe direction

(1) Pipe connecting position and pipe outgoing direction

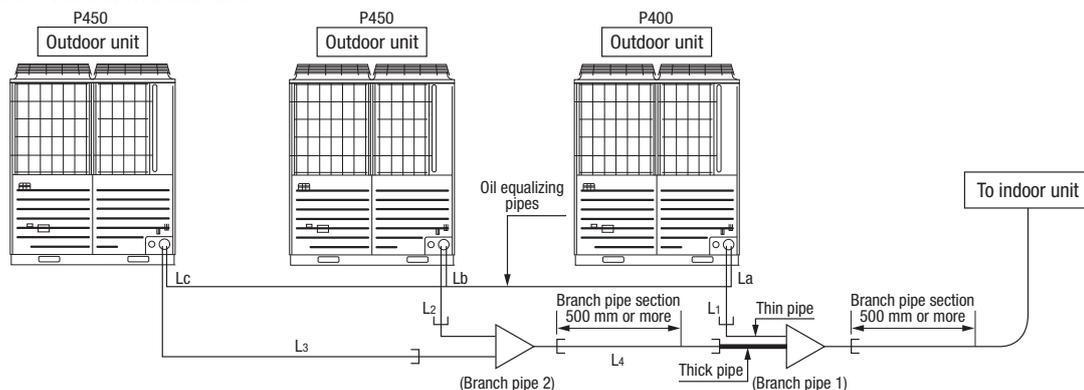
Although this drawing illustrates an installation involving a 335 or smaller capacity unit, an installation involving a 400 or a larger capacity unit should be arranged in the same manner as long as pipe connection points and directions are concerned, except that the height of a unit is different. Measurements in [] indicate those of a 400 or larger capacity unit.



- A pipe can be laid through the front, right, bottom or rear of a unit as illustrated on the above drawings.
- In laying pipes on the installation site, cut off the casing's half blank (φ 88 or φ 100) that covers a hole for pipe penetration with nippers.
- When there is a danger that a small animal enters from the pipe port, cover the port with appropriate blocking materials (to be arranged on the user's part).
- Use an elbow (to be arranged on the user's part) to connect control valves to the piping.
- In anchoring piping on the installation site, give 1.5m or a longer distance between an outdoor unit and an anchoring point where the piping is secured as illustrated below. (A failure to observe this instruction may result in a pipe fracture depending on a method of isolating vibrations employed.)
- The pipe should be anchored every 1.5m or less to isolate the vibration.



- Connect pipes between combined units, with care for the followings.
 - On combination units, it must be secured a straight pipe section of 500 mm or more before a branch pipe (Type DOS) for both gas pipe and liquid pipe as shown below.
 - On the pipe connection system of combination units, place the outdoor unit of which the capacity is the smallest among combined outdoor units, closer to the indoor unit, and place the outdoor unit of which the capacity is the largest among combined outdoor units, far from the indoor unit. (Connecting positions are not specified when the capacities are same.)
(Example) As shown below, in case of P1300 (P400 + P450 + P450), place the outdoor unit P400 closer to the indoor unit and place the outdoor unit P450 far from the indoor unit in the pipe connection system.
 - On the pipe connection system for combination of 3 units, use a branch pipe of which the pipe diameter is different after the pipe branching, for the branch pipe (branch pipe 1) located the closest to the indoor unit. It is necessary also to connect a thin pipe to the outdoor unit and to connect a thick pipe to next branch pipe.
 - It must be no longer than 5m the length of pipe from the branching pipe 1 to the outdoor unit. ($L_1 \leq 5$ m, $L_2 + L_4 \leq 5$ m, $L_3 + L_4 \leq 5$ m) It must be no longer than 10 m the length of oil equalizing pipes between outdoor units. ($L_a + L_b \leq 10$ m, $L_b + L_c \leq 10$ m, $L_a + L_c \leq 10$ m)
- In case of P1300 three combination unit:



(2) Piping work

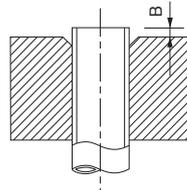
Important

- Please take care so that installed pipes may not touch components within a unit.
- **In laying pipes on the installation site, keep the service valves shut all the time.**
- Give **sufficient protections** (compressed and brazed or by an adhesive tape) **to pipe ends so that any water or foreign matters may not enter the pipes.**
- In bending a pipe, bend it **to the largest possible radius (at least four times the pipe diameter)**. Do not bend a pipe repeatedly to correct its form.
- An outdoor unit's liquid pipe and liquid refrigerant piping are to be flare connected. Flare a pipe after engaging a flare nut onto it. A flare size for R410A is different from that for conventional R407C. Although we recommend the use of flaring tools developed specifically for R410A, conventional flaring tools can also be used by adjusting the measurement of protrusion B with a protrusion control gauge.
- Tighten a flare joint securely **with two spanners**. Observe flare nut tightening torque specified in the table below.

CAUTION

If you tighten it without using double spanners, you may deform the service valve, which can cause an inflow of nitrogen gas into the outdoor unit.

| Flared pipe end: A (mm) | |
|----------------------------|------|
| Copper pipe outer diameter | A |
| φ 6.35 | 9.1 |
| φ 9.52 | 13.2 |
| φ 12.7 | 16.6 |
| φ 15.88 | 19.7 |



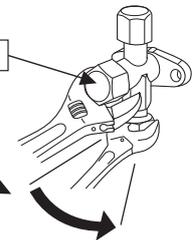
| Copper pipe outer diameter | Copper pipe protrusion for flaring: B (mm) | |
|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| | In the case of a rigid (clutch) type | |
| | With an R410A tool | With a conventional tool |
| φ 6.35 | 0~0.5 | 0.7~1.3 |
| φ 9.52 | | |
| φ 12.7 | | |
| φ 15.88 | | |

Tightening torque (N·m)

| Service valve size (mm) | Tightening torque (N·m) | Tightening angle (°) | Recommended length of tool handle (mm) |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| φ 6.35 (1/4") | 14-18 | 45-60 | 150 |
| φ 9.52 (3/8") | 34-42 | 30-45 | 200 |
| φ 12.7 (1/2") | 49-61 | 30-45 | 250 |
| φ 15.88 (5/8") | 68-82 | 15-20 | 300 |
| φ 19.05 (3/4") | 100-120 | 15-20 | 450 |

Do not hold the valve cap area with a spanner.

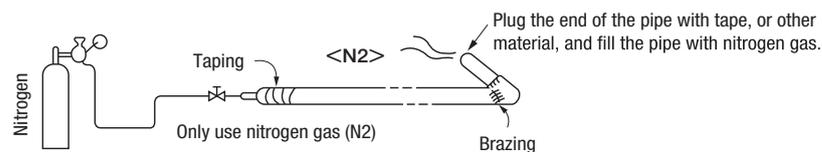
Use a torque wrench. If a torque wrench is not available, fasten the flare nut manually first and then tighten it further, using the left table as a guide.



- Do not apply any oil on a flare joint.
- Pipes are to be brazed to connect an outdoor unit's gas pipe with refrigerant piping or refrigerant piping with a branching pipe set.
- **Brazing must be performed under a nitrogen gas flow.** Without nitrogen gas, a large quantity of foreign matters (oxidized film) are created, causing a critical failure from capillary tube or expansion valve clogging.
- Brazing of the service valve and the pipes should be performed while cooling the valve body with a wet towel.
- Perform flushing. To flush the piping, charge nitrogen gas at about 0.02MPa with a pipe end closed with a hand. When pressure inside builds up to a sufficient level, remove the hand to flush. (in flushing a pipe, close the other end of the pipe with a plug).

Operation procedure

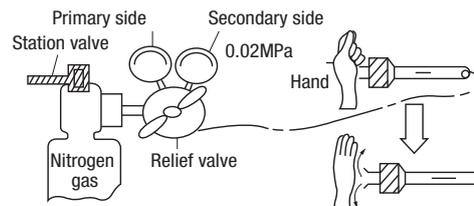
- 1 **In laying pipes on the installation site, keep the service valves shut all the time.**
- 2 **Brazing must be performed under a nitrogen gas flow.** Without nitrogen gas, a large quantity of foreign matters (oxidized film) are created, causing a critical failure from capillary tube or expansion valve clogging.



- 3 Give **sufficient protections** (compressed and brazed or with an adhesive tape) **so that water or foreign matters may not enter the piping.**



- 4 Perform flushing. To flush the piping, charge nitrogen gas at about 0.02MPa with a pipe end closed with a hand. When pressure inside builds up to a sufficient level, remove the hand to flush. (in flushing a pipe, close the other end of the pipe with a plug).



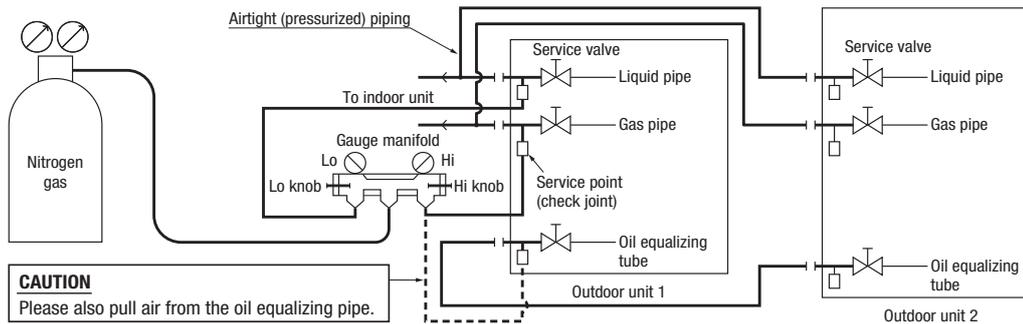
- 5 In brazing an operation valve and a pipe, **brazing them with the valve main body cooled with a wet towel or the like.**

4-3. Air tightness test and air purge

(1) Air tightness test

- ① Although an outdoor unit itself has been tested for air tightness at the factory, please check the connected pipes and indoor units for air tightness from the check joint of the service valve on the outdoor unit side. While conducting a test, **keep the service valve shut all the time.**
- ② Since refrigerant piping is pressurized to the design pressure of a unit with nitrogen gas for testing air tightness, please connect instruments according to the drawing below. Under no circumstances should chlorine-based refrigerant, oxygen or any other combustible gas be used to pressurize a system. **Keep the service valve shut all the time.** Do not open it under any circumstances.
Be sure to pressurize all of the liquid, gas and oil equalizing pipes.
- ③ In pressurizing the piping, do not apply the specified level of pressure all at once, but gradually raise pressure.
 - a) **Raise the pressure to 0.5 MPa, and then stop. Leave it for five minutes or more** to see if the pressure drops.
 - b) **Then raise the pressure to 1.5 MPa, and stop. Leave it for five more minutes** to see if the pressure drops.
 - c) Then raise the pressure to the specified level (4.15 MPa), and record the ambient temperature and the pressure.
 - d) **If no pressure drop is observed with an installation pressurized to the specified level and left for about one day, it is acceptable.** When the ambient temperature changes 1°C, the pressure also changes approximately 0.01 MPa. The pressure, if changed, should be compensated for.
 - e) If a pressure drop is observed in checking a) – d), a leak exists somewhere. Find a leak by applying bubble test liquid to welded parts and flare joints and repair it. After repair, conduct an air-tightness test again.
- ④ Always pull air from the pipes after the airtightness test.

CAUTION
Applying excessive pressure can cause an inflow of nitrogen gas into an outdoor unit.



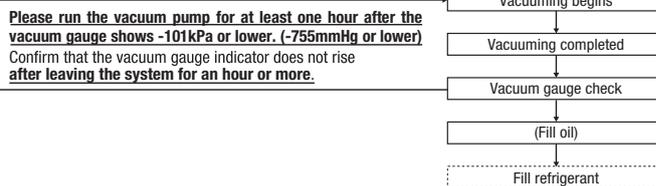
CAUTION
Please also pull air from the oil equalizing pipe.

(2) Vacuuming

Please pull air **from the check joints of the service valves on both liquid and gas sides.**
Please also **pull air from the oil equalizing pipe.** (Please pull air separately from the rest of the piping by using the oil equalizing valve check joint)

< Work flow >

When the system has remaining moisture inside or a leaky point, the vacuum gauge indicator will rise. Check the system for a leaky point and then draw air to create a vacuum again.

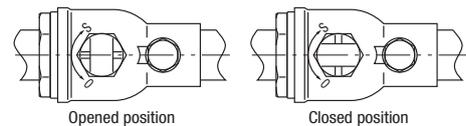


Please run the vacuum pump for at least one hour after the vacuum gauge shows -101kPa or lower. (-755mmHg or lower)
Confirm that the vacuum gauge indicator does not rise **after leaving the system for an hour or more.**

CAUTION
Insufficient vacuuming may result in poor performance falling short of the design capacity, pipe clogging due to residue moisture and/or a compressor failure.

Pay attention to the following points in addition to the above for the R410A and compatible machines.

- To prevent a different oil from entering, please assign dedicated tools, etc. to each refrigerant type. Under no circumstances must a gauge manifold and a charge hose in particular be shared with other refrigerant types (R22, R407C, etc.).
- Use a counterflow prevention adapter to prevent vacuum pump oil from entering the refrigerant system.



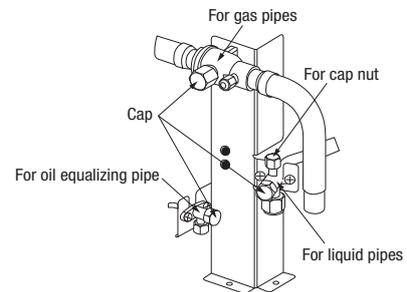
(3) Additional oil charge

When the total pipe length is longer than 510 m, charge 1,000 cc of M-MA32R refrigeration machine oil from the check joint of gas pipe service valve after the vacuuming.

(4) Method of operating service valves

Method of opening/closing a valve

- Remove the cap, turn the gas pipe side until it comes to the "Open" position as indicated in the drawing on the right.
 - For the liquid side pipe and oil equalizing pipe side, turn with a hexagonal wrench until the shaft stops. If excessive force is applied, the valve main body can be damaged. Always use a dedicated special tool.
 - Tighten the cap securely.
- For tightening torque, refer to the table below.



| | | Tightening torque N · m | | |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Shaft (valve main body) | Cap (lid) | Cap nut (check joint section) |
| For gas pipes | | 7 or less | 30 or less | 13 |
| For liquid pipes | φ 9.52 | 6~8 | 20~30 | 10~12 |
| | φ 12.7 | 14~16 | 25~35 | |
| For oil equalizing pipe | | 6~8 | 20~30 | 10~12 |

For fastening torque of a flare nut, please refer to Section 4-2 (2) Piping work on site.

4-4. Additional refrigerant charge

Charge additional refrigerant **in the liquid state**.

Be sure to measure the quantity **with a scale in adding refrigerant**.

If you cannot charge all refrigerant with the outdoor unit lying idle, charge it with the unit running in the test run mode. (For the test run method, please refer to Section 8) If operated for a long time with insufficient refrigerant the compressor will be damaged. (In particular, when adding refrigerant during operation, complete the job within 30min.)

This unit contains **<280,335 : 11.0 kg, 400-560 : 11.5kg, 615,670 : 22.0 kg, 735 : 22.5 kg, 800-1120 : 23.0 kg, 1200-1680 : 34.5 kg> of refrigerant**.

Determine the amount of refrigerant to be charged additionally using the following formula and put down the amount of refrigerant added on the refrigerant charge volume recording plate provided on the back the front panel.

● Adding additional refrigerant

Charge additional refrigerant according to the size and length of the liquid piping and unit capacity.

Determine additional charge volume by rounding to the nearest 0.1 kg.

Additional fill quantity (kg) = S + P + I

S: standard additional refrigerant quantity (kg)

| Outdoor unit | S (kg) |
|--------------|--------|
| 280 | 0 |
| 335 | 0 |
| 400 | 2.1 |
| 450 | 2.1 |
| 475 | 6.2 |
| 500 | 6.2 |
| 560 | 6.2 |
| 615 | 0 |
| 670 | 0 |
| 735 | 2.1 |

| Outdoor unit | S (kg) |
|--------------|--------|
| 800 | 4.2 |
| 850 | 4.2 |
| 900 | 4.2 |
| 950 | 12.4 |
| 1000 | 12.4 |
| 1060 | 12.4 |
| 1120 | 12.4 |
| 1200 | 6.3 |
| 1250 | 6.3 |

| Outdoor unit | S (kg) |
|--------------|--------|
| 1300 | 6.3 |
| 1350 | 6.3 |
| 1425 | 18.6 |
| 1450 | 18.6 |
| 1500 | 18.6 |
| 1560 | 18.6 |
| 1620 | 18.6 |
| 1680 | 18.6 |

P: Additional refrigerant quantity for piping (kg)

$P = (L1 \times 0.37) + (L2 \times 0.26) + (L3 \times 0.18) + (L4 \times 0.12) + (L5 \times 0.059) + (L6 \times 0.022)$

L1 : ϕ 22.22 total length (m) L2 : ϕ 19.05 total length (m) L3 : ϕ 15.88 total length (m)

L4 : ϕ 12.7 total length (m) L5 : ϕ 9.52 total length (m) L6 : ϕ 6.35 total length (m)

| Refrigerant liquid pipe size | ϕ 22.22 | ϕ 19.05 | ϕ 15.88 | ϕ 12.7 | ϕ 9.52 | ϕ 6.35 |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Additional fill quantity (kg/m) | 0.37 | 0.26 | 0.18 | 0.12 | 0.059 | 0.022 |

I: Additional refrigerant quantity for indoor units (kg)

If the total indoor units capacity is larger than outdoor unit capacity, then calculate the additional refrigerant quantity for indoor units.

$D = \{(Total\ indoor\ units\ capacity) - (outdoor\ unit\ capacity)\}$

$I = D \times 0.01$

When $D > 0$, calculate I using the above equation;

When $D \leq 0$, take it as $I = 0$.

<Example>

When you connect FDC400 to FDT140 x 3 units:

$D = 140 \times 3 - 400 = 20 (> 0)$

$I = 20 \times 0.01 = 0.2 (kg)$

| Important | Outdoor unit | S + P + I (kg) |
|--|--------------|----------------|
| When the Additional refrigerant quantity (S + P + I) is over the following table, please separate the refrigerant line. | 280-670 | 40 |
| | 735-1350 | 80 |
| | 1425-1680 | 100 |

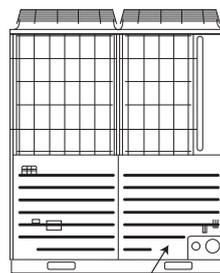
- In case when the outdoor unit capacity is 475-560 and the pipe length (X,Y) is in the following conditions, please calculate the reduction refrigerant quantity (E). (See page P161)
 * $X < 20m$ and $Y < 10m$. (X : The length from the outdoor unit to the furthest indoor unit. Y : Main pipe length.)

Pay attention to the following points in addition to the above for the R410A and compatible machines.

- To prevent a different oil from entering, please assign dedicated tools, etc. to each refrigerant type. Under no circumstances must a gauge manifold and a charge hose in particular be shared with other refrigerant types (R22, R407C, etc.).
- Refrigerant types are indicated by color at the top of the cylinder 5. (Pink for R410A). Always confirm this.
- Do not use a charge cylinder under any circumstances. There is a danger that the composition of the refrigerant will change when R410A is transferred to a cylinder.
- When charging refrigerant, use liquid refrigerant from a cylinder. If refrigerant is charged in a gas form, the composition may change considerably.

Please note

Put down on the refrigerant charge volume recording plate provided on the back of the front panel the amount of refrigerant calculated from the pipe length.



It is located in back of this front panel.

CAUTION

Be sure to record the refrigerant volume, because the information is necessary to perform the installation's maintenance service.

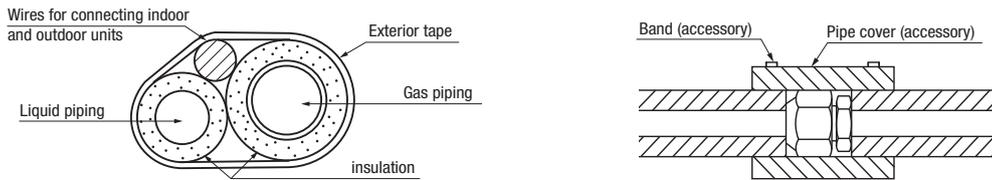
4-5. Heating and condensation prevention

① Dress refrigerant pipes (both gas and liquid pipes) for heat insulation and prevention of dew condensation.

Improper heat insulation/anti-dew dressing can result in a water leak or dripping causing damage to household effects, etc.

② Use a heat insulating material that can withstand 120°C or a higher temperature. Poor heat insulating capacity can cause heat insulation problems or cable deterioration.

- The gas pipe can cause during a cooling operation dew condensation, which will become drain water causing a possible water-leak accident, or reach during a heating operation as high a temperature as 60°C to 110°C, posing a risk of burns, when touched accidentally. So, do not fail to dress it with a heat insulation material.
- Wrap indoor units' flare joints with heat insulating parts (pipe cover) for heat insulation (both gas and liquid pipes).
- Give heat insulation to both gas and liquid side pipes. Bundle a heat insulating material and a pipe tightly together so that no gaps may be left between them and wrap them together with a connecting cable by a dressing tape.
- Although this air conditioning unit has been tested under the JIS condensation test conditions, the dripping of water may occur when it is operated in a high-humidity atmosphere (23°C or a higher dew point temperature). In such a case, apply an additional heat insulation material of 10 to 20 mm thick to dress an indoor unit body, piping and drain pipes. When the ambient dew point temperature becomes 28°C or higher, or the relative humidity becomes 80% or higher, add further 10 to 20 mm thick heat insulation material.



5. Drainage

- Where water drained from the outdoor unit may freeze, connect the drain pipe using optional drain elbow and drain grommet.

6. ELECTRICAL WIRING WORK

Electrical installation work must be performed by an electrical installation service provider qualified by a power provider of the country.

Electrical installation work must be executed according to the technical standards and other regulations applicable to electrical installations in the country.

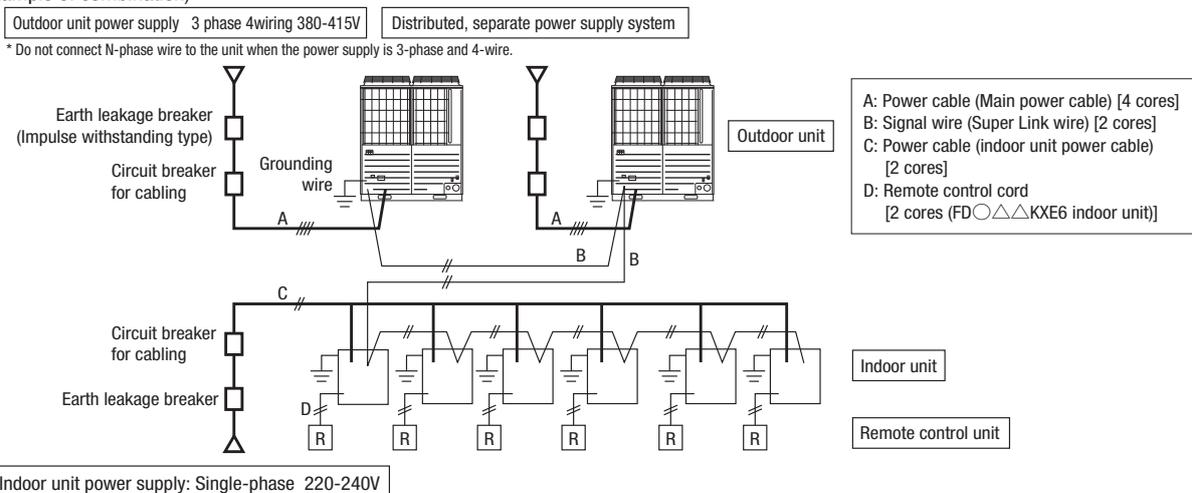
⚠ Please install an earth leakage breaker without fail. The installation of an earth leakage breaker is compulsory in order to prevent electric shocks or fire accidents. (Since this unit employs inverter control, please **use an impulse withstanding type** to prevent an earth leakage breaker's false actuation.)

Please note

- Use only copper wires.
Do not use any supply cord lighter than one specified in parentheses for each type below.
 - braided cord (code designation 60245 IEC 51), if allowed in the relevant part 2;
 - ordinary tough rubber sheathed cord (code designation 60245 IEC 53);
 - flat twin tinsel cord (code designation 60227 IEC 41)
 - ordinary polyvinyl chloride sheathed cord (code designation 60227 IEC 53).
 Please do not use anything lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (cord designation 60245 IEC57) for supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use.
- Use separate power supplies for the indoor and outdoor units.**
- A grounding wire must be connected before connecting the power cable. Provide a grounding wire longer than the power cable.
- The power supplies for indoor units in the same system should turn on and off simultaneously.**
- Ground the unit. Do not connect the grounding wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod or telephone grounding wire.
If improperly grounded, an electric shock or malfunction may result.
Never connect the grounding wire to a gas pipe because if gas leaks, it could cause explosion or ignition.
- The installation of an impulse withstanding type earth leakage breaker is necessary.** A failure to install an earth leakage breaker can result in an accident such as an electric shock or a fire. Do not turn on the power until the electrical work is completed. Be sure to turn off the power when servicing.
- Please do not use a condensive capacitor for power factor improvement under any circumstances. (It does not improve power factor, while it can cause an abnormal overheat accident)
- For power supply cables, use conduits.
- Please **do not lay electronic control cables (remote control and signaling wires) and other high current cables together outside the unit**. Laying them together can result in malfunctioning or a failure of the unit due to electric noises.
- Power cables and signaling wires must always be connected to the power cable terminal block and secured by cable fastening clamps provided in the unit.
- Fasten cables so that they may not touch the piping, etc.
- When cables are connected, please make sure that all electrical components within the electrical component box are free of loose connector coupling or terminal connection** and then attach the cover securely. (Improper cover attachment can result in malfunctioning or a failure of the unit, if water penetrates into the box.)
- Make sure to use circuit breakers (earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker) of proper capacity. Use of breakers of larger capacity could result in trouble on components or fire accident. The circuit breaker should isolate all poles under over current.
- Install isolator or disconnect switch on the power supply wiring in accordance with the local codes and regulations. The isolator should be locked in OFF state in accordance with EN60204-1.
- After maintenance, all wiring, wiring ties and the like, should be returned to their original state and wiring route, and the necessary clearance from all metal parts should be secured.

6-1. Wiring system diagrams

(Example of combination)



CAUTION

If the earth leakage breaker is exclusively for ground fault protection, then you will need to install a circuit breaker for wiring work.

6-2. Method of connecting power cables

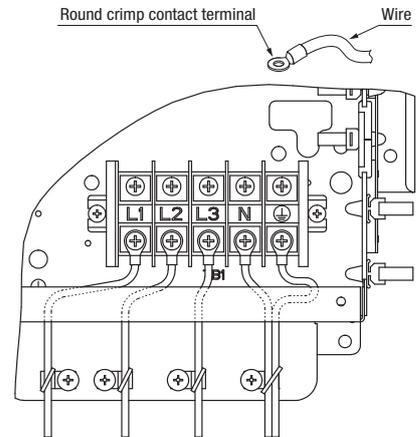
(1) Method of leading out cables

- As shown on the drawing in Section 4-2 (1), cables can be laid through the front, right, left or bottom casing.
- In wiring on the installation site, cut off a half-blank (ϕ 50 or oblong hole measuring 40x80) covering a penetration of the casing with nippers.

(2) Notabilia in connecting power cables

Power cables must always be connected to the power cable terminal block and clamped outside the electrical component box. In connecting to the power cable terminal block, use round solderless terminals.

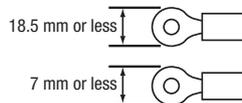
- Connect the ground wire before you connect the power cable. When you connect a grounding wire to a terminal block, use a grounding wire longer than the power cable so that it may not be subject to tension.
- Do not turn on power until installation work is completed. Turn off power to the unit before you service the unit.
- Ensure that the unit is properly grounded.
- Always connect power cables to the power terminal block.
- To connect a cable to the power terminal block, use a round crimp contact terminal.
- Use specified wires in wiring, and fasten them securely in such a manner that the terminal blocks are not subject to external force.
- In fastening a screw of a terminal block, use a correct-size driver. Fastening a screw of a terminal block with excessive force can break the screw.
- For the tightening torque of terminals, refer to the list shown at right.
- When electrical installation work is completed, make sure that all electrical components within the electrical component box are free of loose connector coupling or terminal connection.



| Tightening torque (N · m) | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------|
| M3.5 | Outdoor signal line terminal block | 0.9~1.2 |
| M6 | Power cable terminal block, Earth wire | 2.5~2.8 |

Request

- When connecting to the power supply terminal block, use the crimp terminals for M6 as shown at right.
- When connecting to the signal terminal block, use the crimp terminals for M3.5 as shown at right.



(3) Outdoor unit power supply specifications

| Model | Power source | Cable size for power source (mm ²) | Wire length (m) | Moulded-case circuit breaker (A) | | Earth leakage breaker | Earth wire | |
|-------|--|--|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | | Rated current | Switch capacity | | Size (mm ²) | Screw type |
| 280 | 3 phase 4 wire 380-415V 50Hz/ 380V60Hz | 8 | 74 | 30 | 30 | 30A30mA less than 0.1 sec | 3.5 | M6 |
| 335 | | 8 | 74 | 30 | 30 | 30A30mA less than 0.1 sec | 3.5 | M6 |
| 400 | | 14 | 86 | 50 | 50 | 50A100mA less than 0.1 sec | 5.5 | M6 |
| 450 | | 14 | 86 | 50 | 50 | 50A100mA less than 0.1 sec | 5.5 | M6 |
| 475 | | 22 | 102 | 60 | 60 | 60A100mA less than 0.1 sec | 5.5 | M6 |
| 500 | | 22 | 102 | 60 | 60 | 60A100mA less than 0.1 sec | 5.5 | M6 |
| 560 | | 22 | 102 | 60 | 60 | 60A100mA less than 0.1 sec | 5.5 | M6 |

Please note

- The method of laying cables has been determined pursuant to the Japanese indoor wiring regulations (JEC8001). (Please adapt it to the regulations in effect in each country)
- In the case of distributed, separate power supply system, the listed data represent those of an outdoor unit.
- For details, please refer to the installation manual supplied with the indoor unit.

(4) Indoor unit power supply specifications : Single phase 220-240V

| Combined total capacity of indoor units | Cable size for power source (mm ²) | Wire length (m) | Moulded-case circuit breaker (For ground fault, overload and short circuit protection) | Signal wire size (mm ²) |
|---|--|-----------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Less than 7A | 2 | 21 | 20A 100mA less than 0.1 sec | 2cores x 0.75-2.0 * |
| Less than 11A | 3.5 | 21 | 20A 100mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| Less than 12A | 5.5 | 33 | 20A 100mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| Less than 16A | 5.5 | 24 | 30A 100mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| Less than 19A | 5.5 | 20 | 40A 100mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| Less than 22A | 8 | 27 | 40A 100mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| Less than 28A | 8 | 21 | 50A 100mA less than 0.1 sec | |

* Please use a shielded cable.

Please note

- The method of laying cables has been determined pursuant to the Japanese indoor wiring regulations (JEC8001). (Please adapt it to the regulations in effect in each country)
- Wire length in the table above is the value for when the indoor unit is connect to the power cable in series also the wire size and minimum length when the power drop is less than 2% are shown. If the current exceeds the value in the table above, change the wire size according to the indoor wiring regulations. (Please adapt it to the regulations in effect in each country)
- For details, please refer to the installation manual supplied with the indoor unit.
- Wires connected to indoor units are allowed up to 5.5 mm². For 8 mm² or more, use a dedicated pull box and branch to indoor units with 5.5 mm² or less.

6-3. Method of connecting signaling wires

The communication protocol can be chosen from following two types. One of them is the conventional Superlink (hereinafter previous SL) and the other is the new Superlink II (hereinafter new SL). These two communication protocols have the following advantages and restrictions, so please choose a desirable one meeting your installation conditions such as connected indoor units and centralized controller. When signal cables are connected into a network involving outdoor units, indoor units or centralized control equipment that do not support new SL, please select communications in the previous SL mode, even if the refrigerant system is separated from theirs.

| Communication protocol | Conventional communication protocol (previous SL) | New communication protocol (new SL) |
|---|---|--|
| Outdoor unit setting (SW5-5) | ON | OFF (Factory default) |
| No. of connectable indoor units | Max. 48 | Max. 128 |
| No. of connectable outdoor units in a network | Max. 48 | Max. 32 |
| Signal cable (total length) | Up to 1000m | Up to 1,500 m for 0.75 mm ² shielding wire (MVVS) Up to 1,000 m for 1.25 mm ² shielding wire (MVVS) |
| Signal cable (furthest length) | Up to 1000m | Up to 1000m |
| Connectable units to a network | Units not supporting new SL (FD○A△△KXE4-5 series) Units supporting new SL (FD○△△△KXE6 series, FD○△△△KXZ series) Can be used together. | Units supporting new SL (FD○△△△KXE6 series, FD○△△△KXZ series) |

Note: For FDT224 and 280 models, calculate the number of units taking 1 indoor unit as 2 units for the sake of communication.

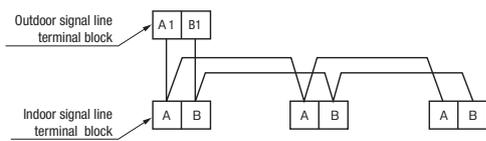
- **Signal cables are for DC 5 V. Never connect wires for 220/240 V or 380/415 V.** Protective fuse on the PCB will trip.
 - ① Confirm that signal cables are prevented from applying 220/240 V or 380/415 V.
 - ② Before turning the power on, check the resistance on the signal cable terminal block. If it is less than 100Ω, power supply cables may be connected to the signal cable terminal block.
 - When units of FD○△△△KXE6 Series, FD○△△△KXZE1 series are connected:
Standard resistance value=5,100/Number of connected units.
 - When units of FD○A△△KXE4 and 5 Series only are connected:
Standard resistance value=9,200/Number of connected units.
 - When units of FD○△△△KXE6 Series, FD○△△△KXZE1 series and units of FD○A△△KXE4 and 5 Series are connected in a mixture:
Standard resistance value=46,000/[(Number of connected FD○A△△KXE4 and 5 Series units x 5) + (Number of connected FD○△△△KXE6 and KXZ Series units x 9)]

The number of connected units includes those of indoor units, outdoor units and SL devices.
If the resistance value is less than 100Ω, disconnect the signal cables temporarily to divide to more than one network, to reduce the number of indoor units on the same network, and check each network.

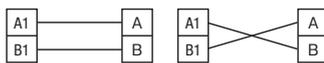
Indoor and outdoor units signal cables

- Connect the signal cable between indoor and outdoor units and the signal cable between outdoor units belonging to the same refrigerant line to A1 and B1.
- Connect the signal line between outdoor units on different refrigerant lines to A2 and B2.
- Please use a shielded cable for a signal line and connect a shielding earth at all the indoor units and outdoor units.

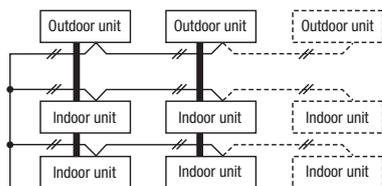
(1) When one outdoor unit is used.



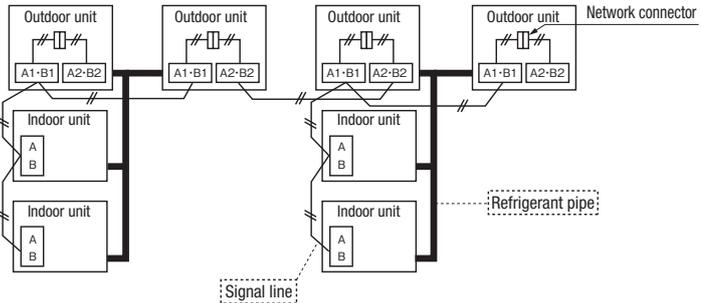
○ Indoor and outdoor signal lines do not have a polarity. Any of the connections in the following illustration can be made.



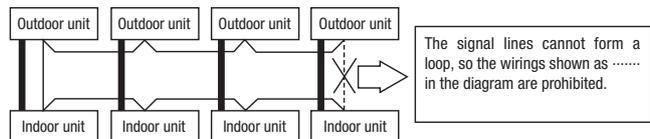
(3) The signal lines can also be connected using the method shown below.



(2) When plural outdoor units are used



Important ○ Loop wiring prohibited.



Remote control wiring specifications

(1) **A standard remote control wire is 0.3mm² x 2 cores (FD○△△△KXE6 indoor unit), 0.3mm² x 3 cores (FD○A△△KXE4-5 indoor unit).** It can be extended up to 600m. For a remote control wire exceeding 100m, please upgrade wire size as specified in the table below.

| Length (m) | Wire size |
|------------|-------------------------------|
| | FD○△△△KXE6 indoor unit |
| 100 to 200 | 0.5mm ² × 2 cores |
| To 300 | 0.75mm ² × 2 cores |
| To 400 | 1.25mm ² × 2 cores |
| To 600 | 2 mm ² × 2 cores |

(2) When the remote control wire runs parallel to another power supply wire or when it is subject to outside noise, such as from a high-frequency device, use shielded wire. (Be sure to ground only one end of the shielded wire.)

CAUTION In addition to a possible wiring error between indoor and outdoor units, there are other possibilities of erroneous wiring as illustrated below.

① Wrong wiring between signaling wires and remote control wires.

② Connecting power cables to the signaling wire terminal block.

It will result in a blown signal line fuse (CNK).

7. CONTROLLER SETTINGS

7-1. Unit address setting

This control system controls the controllers of more than one air conditioner's outdoor unit, indoor unit and remote control unit through communication control, using the microcomputers built in the respective controllers. Address setting needs to be done for both outdoor and indoor units. Turn on power in the order of the outdoor units and then the indoor units.

Use 1 minute as the rule of thumb for an interval between them.

The communication protocol can be chosen from following two types. One of them is the conventional communication protocol (previous SL) and the other is the new communication protocol (new SL). These two communication protocols have their own features and restrictions as shown by Table 6-3. Select them according to the indoor units and the centralized control to be connected.

When signal cables are connected into a network involving outdoor units, indoor units or centralized control equipment that do not support new SL, please select communications in the previous SL mode, even if the refrigerant system is separated from theirs.

When communication is established after setting addresses, check the communication protocol with the 7-segment display panel of the outdoor unit.

●Address setting methods

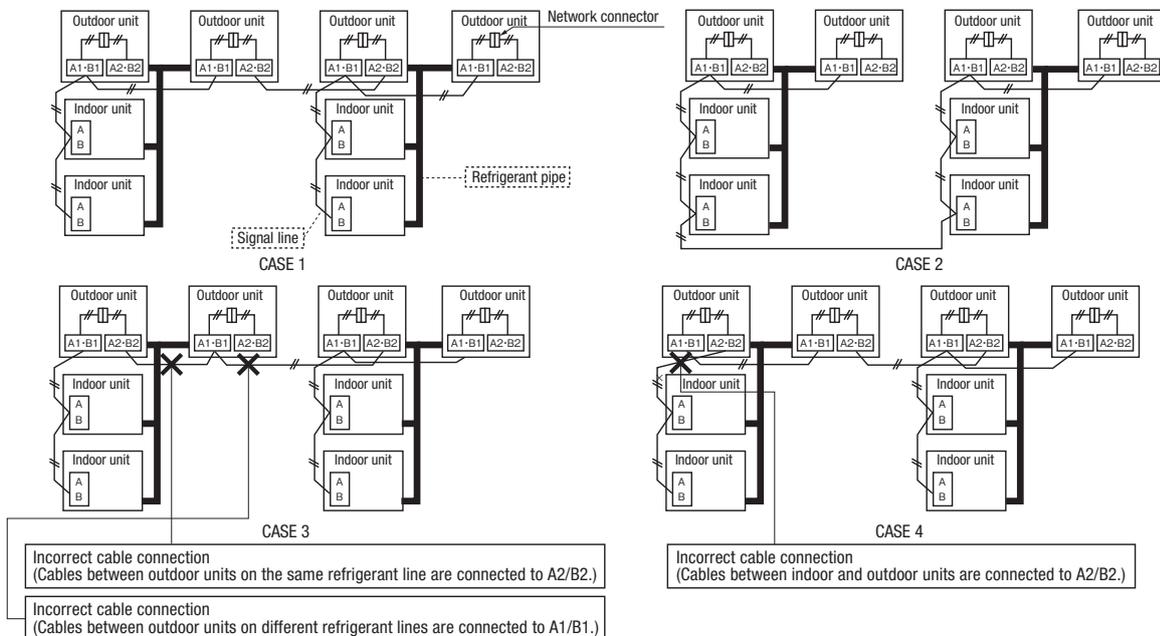
The following address setting methods can be used. The procedure for automatic address setting is different from the conventional one. Please use the automatic address setting function after reading this manual carefully.

| Communication protocol Address setting method | new SL | | previous SL | | |
|---|--|--------|-------------|--------|----|
| | Automatic | Manual | Automatic | Manual | |
| When plural refrigerant systems are linked with signal lines (e.g., to implement centralized control) | Case 1 When signal lines linking plural refrigerant systems are provided between outdoor units. (When the network connector is disconnected, refrigerant systems are separated each other) | OK*1 | OK | × | OK |
| | Case 2 When signal lines linking plural refrigerant systems are provided between indoor units. | ×*2 | OK | × | OK |
| When only one refrigerant system is involved (signal lines do not link plural refrigerant systems) | OK | OK | OK | OK | |

*1 Do not connect the signal line between outdoor units on the different refrigerant lines to A1 and B1. Do not connect the signal line between outdoor units on the same refrigerant line to A2 and B2. This may interrupt proper address setting. (Case 3)

Do not connect the signal line between indoor unit and outdoor unit to A2 and B2. This may interrupt proper address setting. (Case 4)

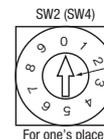
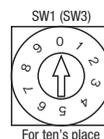
*2 In Case 2, automatic address setting is not available. Set addresses manually.



●Address No. setting

Set SW1 through 4 and SW5-2 provided on the PCB and SW1 & 2 provided on the outdoor unit PCB as shown in the drawings below.

| | | |
|-------------|----------------|---|
| Indoor PCB | SW1, 2 (blue) | For setting indoor No. (The ten's and one's) |
| | SW3, 4 (green) | For setting outdoor No. (The ten's and one's) |
| Outdoor PCB | SW5-2 | Indoor No. switch (The hundred's Place) [OFF : 0, ON : 1] |
| | SW1, 2 (green) | For setting outdoor No. (The ten's and one's) |



By inserting a flat driver (precision screw driver) into this groove and turn the arrow to point a desired number.

●Summary of address setting methods (figures in [] should be used with previous SL)

| | Units supporting new SL | | | Units NOT supporting new SL | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| | Indoor unit address setting | | Outdoor unit address setting | Indoor unit address setting | | Outdoor unit address setting |
| | Indoor No. switch | Outdoor No. switch | Outdoor No. switch | Indoor No. switch | Outdoor No. switch | Outdoor No. switch |
| Manual address setting (previous SL/new SL) | 000~127[47] | 00~31[47] | 00~31[47] | 00~47 | 00~47 | 00~47 |
| Automatic address setting for single refrigerant system installation (previous SL/new SL) | 000 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| Automatic address setting for multiple refrigerant systems installation (with new SL only) | 000 | 49 | 00~31 | × | × | × |

Do not set numbers other than those shown in the table, or an error may be generated.

Note: When units supporting new SL are added to a network using previous SL such as one involving FD△A△KXE4-5 series units, choose previous SL for the communication protocol and set addresses manually.

Since the models FDT224 and 280 have 2 PCBs per unit, set different indoor unit No. and SW on each PCB.

- An outdoor unit No., which is used to identify which outdoor unit and indoor units are connected in a refrigerant system, is set on outdoor unit PCB and indoor unit PCB. Give the same outdoor unit No. to all outdoor unit and indoor units connected in same refrigerant system.
- An indoor unit No. is used to identify individual indoor units. Assign a unique number that is not assigned to any other indoor units on the network.

Unless stated otherwise, the following procedures apply, when new SL is chosen for the communication protocol.

When previous SL is chosen, use figures shown in [] in carrying out these procedures.

Manual address setting Generally applicable to new SL/previous SL, use figures in [] with previous SL.

- ① Address setting of outdoor unit Before turning on the power, set as follows. The outdoor address is registered when the power is turned on.

Set **the outdoor No. switches** in a range of **00 – 31 [or 00 – 47 for old SL]**.

Take care not to duplicate with other outdoor unit No. on the network.

In the same way also on the master unit of combination, set the rotary switch for outdoor No. **in a range of 00 - 31 [or 00 – 47 for old SL]**

For slave units of combination, set the rotary switches for outdoor No. at **the same outdoor No. as the master unit of combination**.

When 2 units are combined, set the dip switch SW4-7 of slave unit to ON. When 3 units are combined, set the dip switch SW4-7 of slave unit 1 to ON and the dip switch SW4-8 of slave unit 2 to ON. (Use same setting for outdoor No. of master unit and slave unit.)

- ② Address setting of indoor unit Before turning on the power, set as follows. Indoor address is registered when the power is turned on.

Set **the indoor No. switch** in a range of **000 – 127 [or 00 – 47 for old SL]**.

For **the outdoor No switches**, set corresponding outdoor No. in a range of **00 – 31 [or 00 – 47 for old SL]**.

Set with care not to duplicate with other indoor No. on the network.

| Refrigerant system | Outdoor unit | SW1 | SW2 | SW4-7 | Address on network |
|--------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|--------------------|
| A | Master | 2 | 2 | OFF | 22 |
| | Slave | 2 | 2 | ON | 23 |
| B | Master | 2 | 4 | OFF | 24 |
| | Slave | 2 | 4 | ON | 25 |
| C | Master | 3 | 1 | OFF | 31 |
| | Slave | 3 | 1 | ON | 00 |

Above list is an example. **The address on the network is master unit +1 for the slave unit.**

If the slave unit address is larger than 31 [or 47 for old SL], the address is assigned sequentially starting from 00.

When setting sequential addresses, take care not to duplicate the master unit address in the refrigerant system B with addresses of slave units in the refrigerant system A.

| Refrigerant system | Outdoor unit | SW1 | SW2 | SW4-7 | SW4-8 | Address on network |
|--------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|--------------------|
| A | Master | 2 | 2 | OFF | OFF | 22 |
| | Slave 1 | 2 | 2 | ON | OFF | 23 |
| | Slave 2 | 2 | 2 | OFF | ON | 24 |
| B | Master | 2 | 5 | OFF | OFF | 25 |
| | Slave 1 | 2 | 5 | ON | OFF | 26 |
| | Slave 2 | 2 | 5 | OFF | ON | 27 |
| C | Master | 3 | 1 | OFF | OFF | 31 |
| | Slave 1 | 3 | 1 | ON | OFF | 00 |
| | Slave 2 | 3 | 1 | OFF | ON | 01 |

Note:

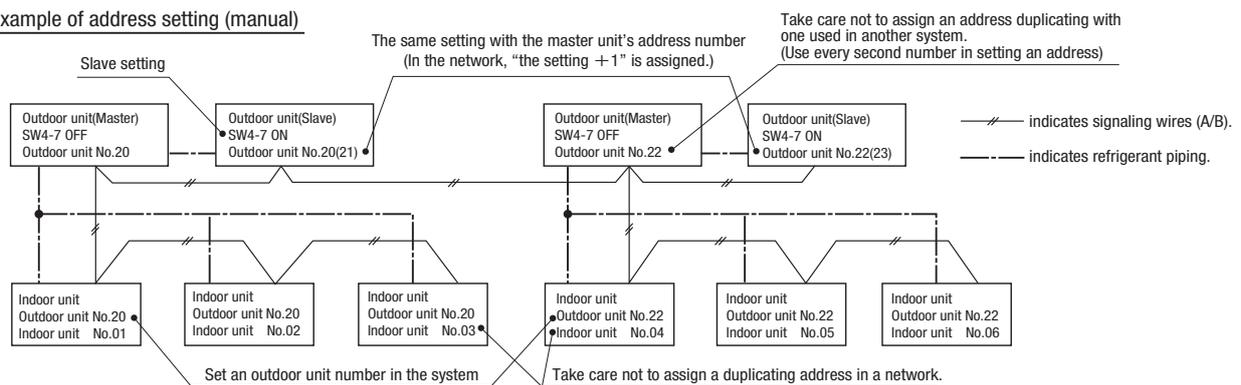
Slave unit address is master unit +1. Address of second slave unit is master unit +2. When setting the address for master unit, take care to avoid duplication with other systems. Otherwise, it cannot operate. (Error: E-31)

- ③ Turn on power in order from the outdoor unit to indoor units. Give a one-minute or longer interval for them.

* When there are some units not supporting new SL connected in the network, set SW5-5 to ON to choose the previous SL communication mode.

In the case of previous SL, the maximum number of indoor units connectable in a network is 48.

Example of address setting (manual)



Automatic address setting Generally applicable to new SL/previous SL, use figures in [] with previous SL.

With new SL, you can set indoor unit addresses automatically even for an installation involving multiple refrigerant systems connected with same network, in addition to the conventional automatic address setting of a single refrigerant system installation.

However, an installation must satisfy some additional requirements such as for wiring methods, so please read this manual carefully before you carry out automatic address setting.

(1) In the case of a single refrigerant system installation (Generally applicable to new SL/previous SL, use figures in [] with previous SL.)

- ① Address setting of outdoor unit Before turning on the power, set as follows.
 Confirm that the **outdoor No. switch** is set at **49 by the default**.
 • **In the same way also on the master unit of combination**, confirm that the rotary switch for outdoor No. is set at **49 by the default**.
 • **In the same way also on the slave unit of combination**, confirm that the rotary switch for outdoor No. is set at **49 by the default**.
When 2 units are combined, set the dip switch SW4-7 of slave unit to ON. When 3 units are combined, set the dip switch 4-7 of slave unit 1 to ON and the dip switch SW4-8 of slave unit 2 to ON.

| Outdoor unit | SW1 | SW2 | SW4-7 | Address on network |
|--------------|-----|-----|-------|--------------------|
| Master | 4 | 9 | OFF | 49 |
| Slave | 4 | 9 | ON | 00 |

| Outdoor unit | SW1 | SW2 | SW4-7 | SW4-8 | Address on network |
|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|--------------------|
| Master | 4 | 9 | OFF | OFF | 49 |
| Slave 1 | 4 | 9 | ON | OFF | 00 |
| Slave 2 | 4 | 9 | OFF | ON | 01 |

CAUTION
 If the slave unit is not specified, a compressor failure may result.

- ② Indoor unit address setting
 Set as follows before you turn on power.
 Make sure that the **Indoor Unit No. switch** is set to **000 [in the case of previous SL: 49] (factory setting)**.
 Make sure that the **Outdoor Unit No. switch** is set to **49 (factory setting)**.
 ③ Turn on power in order from the outdoor unit to indoor units. Give a one-minute or longer interval for them. Unlike the procedure set out in (2) below, you need not change settings from the 7-segment display panel.
 ④ Make sure that the number of indoor units indicated on the 7-segment display panel agrees with the number of the indoor units that are actually connected to the refrigerant system.

(2) In the case of a multiple refrigerant systems installation (Applicable to new SL only. In the case of previous SL, set addresses with some other method.)

(This option is available when the interconnection wiring among refrigerant systems is on the outdoor side and new SL is chosen as the communication protocol.)

Address setting procedure (perform these steps for each outdoor unit)

[STEP1] (Items set before turning on power)

- ① Address setting of outdoor unit Before turning on the power, set as follows.
 Set the **outdoor No. switches** in a range of **00 – 31**.
 Take care not to duplicate with other outdoor unit No. on the network.
In the same way also on the master unit of combination, set the rotary switch for outdoor No. **in a range of 00 - 31**.
For slave units of combination, set the rotary switches for outdoor No. at **the same outdoor No. as the master unit of combination**.
When 2 units are combined, set the dip switch SW4-7 of slave unit to ON. When 3 units are combined, set the dip switch SW4-7 of slave unit 1 to ON and the dip switch SW4-8 of slave unit 2 to ON. (Use same setting for outdoor No. of master unit and slave unit.)
 ② Address setting of indoor unit Before turning on the power, set as follows.
 Make sure that the **Indoor Unit No. switch** is set to **000 (factory setting)**.
 Make sure that the **Outdoor Unit No. switch** is set to **49 (factory setting)**.
 ③ Isolate the present refrigerant system from the network.
 Disengage the **network connectors (white 2P)** of the outdoor units. (Turning on power without isolating each refrigerant system will result in erroneous address setting.)

[STEP2] (Power on and automatic address setting)

- ④ Turn on power to the outdoor unit
 Turn on power in order from the outdoor unit to indoor units. Give a one-minute or longer interval for them.
 ⑤ Select and enter "1" in P31 on the 7-segment display panel of each outdoor unit (master unit in case of combination) to input "Automatic address start."
 ⑥ Input a starting address and the number of connected indoor units.
 Input a starting address in P32 on the 7-segment display panel of each outdoor unit (master unit in case of combination).
 ⑦ When a starting address is entered, the display indication will switch back to the "Number of Connected Indoor Units Input" screen.
 Input the number of connected indoor units from the 7-segment display panel of each outdoor unit (master unit in case of combination). Please input the number of connected indoor units (on the same refrigerant line in case of combination) for each outdoor unit. (You can input it from P33 on the 7-segment display panel.) When the number of connected indoor units is entered, the 7-segment display panel indication will switch to "AUX" and start flickering.

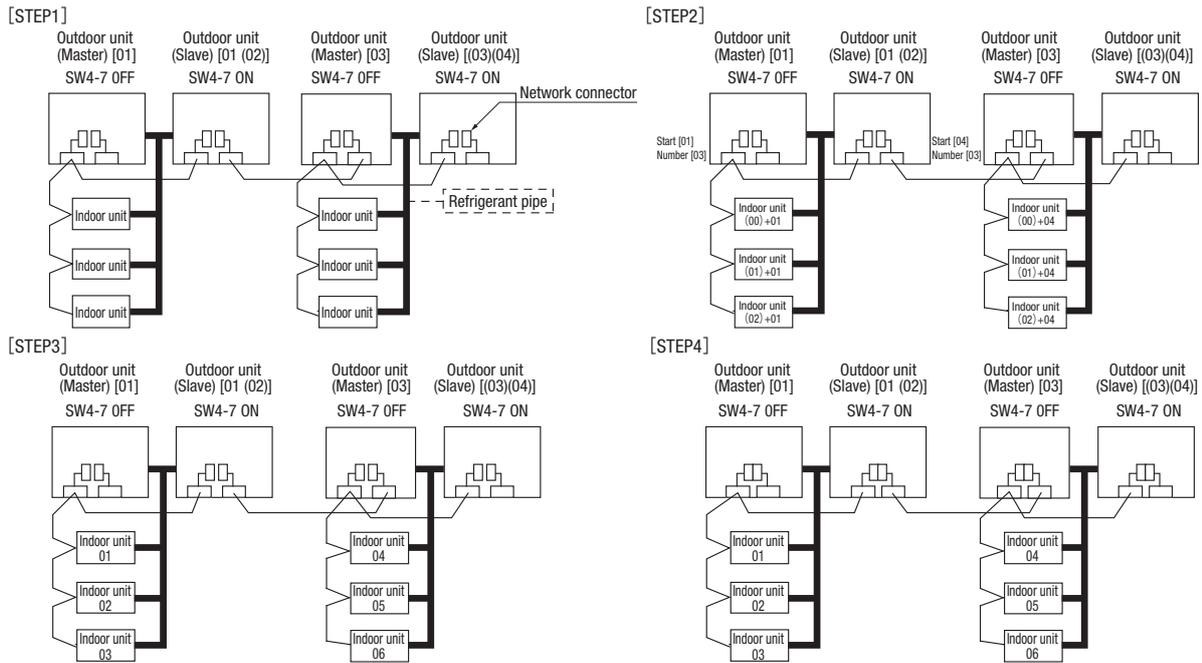
[STEP3] (Automatic address setting completion check)

- ⑧ Indoor unit address determination
 When the indoor unit addresses are all set, the 7-segment display panel indication will switch to "AUE" and start flickering.
 If an error is detected in this process, the display will show "A○○."
 Check the 7-segment display panel of each outdoor unit (master unit in case of combination).
 Depending on the number of connected indoor units, it may take **about 10 minutes** before the indoor unit addresses are all set.

[STEP4] (Network definition setting)

- ⑨ Network connection
 When you have confirmed an "AUE" indication on the display of each outdoor unit, **engage the network connectors** again.
 ⑩ Network polarity setting
After you have made sure that the network connectors are engaged, select and enter "1" in P34 on the 7-segment display panel of **any outdoor unit (on only 1 unit : master unit in case of combination)** to specify network polarity.
 ⑪ Network setting completion check
 When the network is defined, "End" will appear on the 7-segment display panel. An "End" indication will go off, when some operation is made from the 7-segment display panel or 3 minutes after.

| | STEP1 | STEP2 | STEP3 | STEP4 |
|------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Indoor unit power source | ② OFF | ④ ON | — | — |
| Outdoor unit power source | ① OFF | ④ ON | — | — |
| Indoor unit (indoor/outdoor No.SW) | ② indoor000/outdoor 49 (factory setting) | — | — | — |
| Outdoor unit (outdoor No.SW) | ① 01,03(Ex) | — | — | — |
| Network connectors | ③ Disconnect(each outdoor unit) | — | — | ⑨ Connect(each outdoor unit) |
| Start automatic address setting | | ⑤ Select "Automatic Address Start" on each outdoor unit. | | |
| Set starting address | | ⑥ outdoor 01: [01] (Ex) outdoor 03: [04] (Ex) | — | — |
| Set the number of indoor unit | | ⑦ outdoor 01: [03] (Ex) outdoor 03: [03] (Ex) | — | — |
| Polarity setting | | — | — | ⑩ Set in P34 on the 7-segment display panel of any outdoor unit. |
| 7-segment display | | ⑦ [AUX] (Blink) | ⑧ "AUE"(blink), or "A○○" in error events. | ⑪ [End] |



- Within a refrigerant system, indoor units are assigned addresses in the order they are recognized by the outdoor unit. Therefore, they are not necessarily assigned addresses in order from the nearest to the outdoor unit first as depicted in drawings above.
- Make sure that power has been turned on to all indoor units.
- When addresses are set, you can have the registered indoor unit address No. and the outdoor unit address No. displayed on the remote control unit by pressing its CHECK button.
- Automatic address setting can be used for an installation in which plural indoor units are controlled from one remote control unit.
- Once they are registered, addresses are stored in microcomputers, even if power is turned off.
- If you want to change an address after automatic address setting, you can change it from the remote control unit with its "Address Change" function or by means of manual setting. Set a unique address by avoiding the address assigned to other indoor unit on the network when the address is changed.
- Do not turn on power to centralized control equipment until automatic address setting is completed.
- When addresses are set, be sure to perform a test run and ensure that you can operate all indoor and outdoor units normally. Also check the addresses assigned to the indoor units.

Address change (available only with new SL)

"Address Change" is used, **when you want to change an indoor unit address assigned with the "Automatic Address Setting" function from a remote control unit.** Accordingly, the conditions that permit an address change from a remote control unit are as follows.

| | Indoor unit address setting | | Outdoor unit address setting |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| | Indoor No.SW | Outdoor No.SW | Outdoor No.SW |
| Automatic address setting for single refrigerant system installation | 000 | 49 | 49 |
| Automatic address setting for multiple refrigerant systems installation | 000 | 49 | 00~31 |

If "CHANGE ADD. ▼" is selected with some addresses falling outside these conditions, the following indication will appear for 3 seconds on the remote control "INVALID OPER".

Operating procedure

When the eco touch remote control is connected, refer to the installation setting in the installation manual which is packed along with the remote control.

(1) When single indoor unit is connected to the remote control.

| Item | Operation | Display |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 Address change mode | ① Press the AIR-CONDITIONER No. switch for 3 seconds or longer. | [CHANGE ADD. ▼] |
| | ② Each time when you press the \blacklozenge switch, the display indication will be switched. | [CHANGE ADD. ▼] ⇔ [MASTER I/U ▲] |
| | ③ Press the SET switch when the display shows "CHANGE ADD. ▼" and then start the address change mode, changing the display indication to the "Indoor Unit No. Setting" screen from the currently assigned address. | [I/U 001 O/U 01] (1sec) → [\blacklozenge SET I/U ADD.] (1sec) → [I/U 001 \blacklozenge] (Blink) |
| 2 To set a new indoor unit No. | ④ Set a new indoor unit No. with the \blacklozenge switch. A number indicated on the display will increase or decrease by 1 upon pressing the ▲ or ▼ switch respectively. | [I/U 000 ▲] ⇔ [I/U 001 \blacklozenge] ⇔ [I/U 002 \blacklozenge] ⇔ . . . ⇔ [I/U 127 ▼] |
| | ⑤ After selecting an address, press the SET switch, and then the indoor unit address No. is defined. | [I/U 002] (2sec) |
| 3 To set a new outdoor unit No. | ⑥ After showing the defined indoor address No. for 2 seconds, the display will change to the "Outdoor Address No. Setting" screen. The currently assigned address is shown as a default value. | [I/U 002] (2sec Lighting) → [\blacklozenge SET O/U ADD.] (1sec) → [O/U 01 \blacklozenge] (Blink) |
| | ⑦ Set a new outdoor unit No. with the \blacklozenge switch. A number indicated on the display will increase or decrease by 1 upon pressing the ▲ or ▼ switch respectively. | [O/U 00 ▲] ⇔ [O/U 01 \blacklozenge] ⇔ [O/U 02 \blacklozenge] ⇔ . . . ⇔ [O/U 31 ▼] |
| | ⑧ After selecting an address, press the SET switch, and then the outdoor unit No. and the indoor unit No. are defined. | [I/U 002 O/U 02] (2sec Lighting) → [SET COMPLETE] (2sec Lighting) → Returns to normal condition. |

(2) When plural indoor units are connected to the remote control.
 When plural indoor units are connected, you can change their addresses without altering their cable connection.

| Item | Operation | Display |
|--|---|---|
| 1 Address change mode | ① Press the AIR-CONDITIONE Unit No. switch for 3 seconds or longer. | [CHANGE ADD▼] |
| | ② Each time when you press the ◀ switch, the display indication will be switched. | [CHANGE ADD▼] ⇔ [MASTER I/U▲] |
| | ③ Press the SET switch when the display shows "CHANGE ADD. ▼" The lowest indoor unit No. among the indoor units connected to the remote control unit will be shown. | [◀ SELECT I/U] (1sec) → [I/U 001 O/U 01▲] (Blink) |
| 2 Selecting an indoor unit to be changed address | ④ Pressing the ◀ switch will change the display indication cyclically to show the unit No.'s of the indoor units connected to the remote control and the unit No.'s of the outdoor units connected with them. | [I/U 001 O/U 01▲] ⇔ [I/U 002 O/U 01◀] ⇔ [I/U 003 O/U 01◀] ⇔ . . . ⇔ [I/U 016 O/U 01▼] |
| | ⑤ Then the address No. of the indoor unit to be changed is determined and the screen switches to the display "◀ SET I/U ADD." | [◀ SET I/U ADD.] (1sec) → [I/U 001◀] (Blink) |
| 3 Setting a new indoor unit No. | ⑥ Set a new indoor unit No. with the ◀ switch. A number indicated on the display will increase or decrease by 1 upon pressing the ▲ or ▼ switch respectively. | [I/U 000▲] ⇔ [I/U 001◀] ⇔ [I/U 002◀] ⇔ . . . ⇔ [I/U 127▼] |
| | ⑦ After selecting an address, press the SET switch. Then the address No. of the indoor unit is determined. | [I/U 002] (2sec) |
| 4 Setting a new outdoor unit No. | ⑧ The display will indicate the determined indoor address No. for 2 seconds and then switch to the "◀ SET O/U ADD." screen. A default value shown on the display is the current address. | [I/U 002] (2sec lighting) ⇔ [◀ SET O/U ADD.] (1sec) ⇔ [O/U 01◀] (Blink) |
| | ⑨ Set a new outdoor unit No. with the ◀ switch. A number indicated on the display will increase or decrease by 1 upon pressing the ▲ or ▼ switch respectively. | [O/U 00▲] ⇔ [O/U 01◀] ⇔ [O/U 02◀] ⇔ . . . ⇔ [O/U 31▼] |
| | ⑩ After selecting an address, press the SET switch. Then the address of the indoor unit and outdoor unit are determined. | [I/U 002 O/U 02] (2sec lighting) → [◀ SELECT] (1sec lighting) → [I/U SELECTION▼] (lighting) |
| | ⑪ If you want to continue to change addresses, return to step ④. | [Press the ◀ switch] (1sec) → [SET COMPLETE] (2~10sec lighting) |
| 5 Ending the session | ⑫ If you want to end the session (and reflect new address settings) In Step ⑩, press the ▼ switch to select "END ▲." If you have finished changing addresses, press the SET switch while "END ▲" is shown. While new settings are being transmitted, "SET COMPLETE" will be indicated. Then the remote control display will change to the normal state. | [END▲] → [SET COMPLETE] (2~10sec lighting) → Normal state |
| | ⑬ If you want to end the session (without reflecting new address settings) Before you complete the present address setting session, press the "ON/OFF" switch. Then the display is change to exit from this mode and switch the display to the normal state. All address settings changed in the session will be aborted and not reflected. | [ON/OFF] → Forced termination |

The ◀ switch will continuously change the display indication to the next one in every 0.25 seconds when it is pressed for 0.75 seconds or longer.

If the Reset switch is pressed during an operation, the display indication returns to the one that was shown before the last Set switch operation.

Even if an indoor unit No. is changed in this mode, the registered indoor unit No. before address change mode is displayed when [I/U SELECTION▼] is shown.

When "SET COMPLETE" is shown, indoor unit No. is registered.

NOTICE Turn on power to centralized control equipment after the addresses are determined.
 Turning on power in wrong order may result in a failure to recognize addresses.

● 7-segment display indication in automatic address setting

Items that are to be set by the customer

| Code | Contents of a display |
|------|---|
| P30 | Communication protocol 0: Previous SL mode (The communication plotocol is displayed ; display only) 1: New SL mode |
| P31 | Automatic address start |
| P32 | Input starting address Specify a starting indoor unit address in automatic address setting. |
| P33 | Input number of connected indoor units Specify the number of indoor units connected in the refrigerant system in automatic address setting. |
| P34 | Polarity difinition 0: Network polarity not defined. 1: Network polarity defined. |

7-segment display indication in automatic address setting.

| Code | Contents of a display |
|------|--|
| AUX | During automatic address setting. X: The number of indoor units recognized by the outdoor unit. |
| AUE | Indoor unit address setting is completed normally. |
| End | Polarity is defined. (Automatic address) Completed normally. |

Address setting failure indication

| Code | Contents of a display | Please check |
|------|--|---|
| A01 | The number of the indoor units that can be actually communicated with is less than the number specified in P33 on the 7-segment display panel. | Are signal lines connected properly without any loose connections? Input the number of connected indoor units again. |
| A02 | The number of the indoor units that can be actually communicated with is more than the number specified in P33 on the 7-segment display panel. | Are signal lines connected properly without any loose connections? Are the network connectors coupled properly? Input the number of connected indoor units again. |
| A03 | Starting address (P32) + Number of connected indoor units (P33) > 128 | Input the starting address again. Input the number of connected indoor units again. |
| A04 | While some units are operating in the previous SL mode on the network, the automatic address setting on multiple refrigerant systems is attempted. | Perform manual address setting. Separate previous SL setting unit from the network Arrange all units to operate in the new SL. |

Error indication

| Code | Contents of a display | Cause |
|------|-----------------------------------|---|
| E31 | Duplicating outdoor unit address. | • Plural outdoor units are exist as same address in same network. |
| E46 | Incorrect setting. | • Automatic address setting and manual address setting are mixed. |

7-2. Change of control

Contents of control for outdoor unit can be changed with dipswitches on PCB and P○○ on 7-segment indicator.

When changing P○○ on 7-segment indicator, it can be set by holding down SW8 (7-segment indicator UP: Ones digit), SW9 (7-segment indicator UP: Tens digit) and SW7 (Data write/Enter)

| Method to change control | | Contents of control change |
|---|---|---|
| SW setting on PCB | P○○ setting on 7-segment | |
| SW3-7 to ON*1 | Set external input function allocation to "2". *1 | Forced cooling/heating mode (It can be fixed at cooling with external input terminals open, or at heating with them closed.) |
| SW5-1 to ON + SW5-2 to ON | — | Cooling test run |
| SW5-1 to ON + SW5-2 to OFF | — | Heating test run |
| Close the fluid operation valve on outdoor unit and set as follows: (1) SW5-2 of PCB to ON (2) SW5-3 of PCB to ON (3) SW5-1 of PCB to ON | — | Pump-down operation |
| SW5-5 | — | Communication method select ON: Previous SL communication, OFF: New SL communication (SLII) |
| J13: Shorted (Factory default), J13: Open | — | External input switing (CnS1, CnS2 only) shorted: Level input, open: Pulse input |
| J15: Shorted (Factory default), J15: Open | — | Defrost start temperature shorted : normal, open: Cold weather district. |
| — | P01 | Operation priority select 0: First push preferred (Factory default) 1: Last push preferred |
| — | P02 | Outdoor fan snow protection control 0: Control invalid (Factory default) 1: Control valid |
| — | P03 | Outdoor fan snow protection ON time setting 30 sec (Factory default) 10, 30 to 600 sec |
| — | P04 | Demand ratio change value OFF: Invalid (Factory default) 000, 040, 060, 080 [%] |
| — | P05 | Silent mode setting 0: at shipping-3: Larger values for larger effect |
| — | P06 | Allocation of external output (CnZ1) |
| — | P07 | Allocation of external input (CnS1) |
| — | P08 | Allocation of external input (CnS2) |
| — | P09 | Allocation of external input (CnG1) |
| — | P10 | Allocation of external input (CnG2) |
| — | P11~ | Spare |
| — | P14 | 2-step demand OFF: Invalid (Factory default) 000, 040, 060, 080 [%] |
| — | P15 | 3-step demand OFF: Invalid (Factory default) 000, 040, 060, 080 [%] |

*1 When both of external input function assignment (P07 – 10) and SW are changed, the control is changed.

(Ex: When CnS1 is used for the input of forced cooling/cooling mode, set P07 at 2 and SW3-7 to ON. When CnS2 is used for the input of forced cooling/cooling mode, set P08 at 2 and SW3-7 to ON)

*2 Under the energy save control, the capacity control becomes valid even if no signal is input to the external input terminal.

By changing the allocation of external input function (P07-10) on the 7-segment, functions of external input terminal may be selected. Inputting signals to external input terminals enable the following functions.

| Setting value for external input function assignment | External input terminal shorted | External input terminal open |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| "0" : External operation input | Permitted | Prohibited |
| "1" : Demand input | *3 | *3 |
| "2" : Cooling / heating force input | Heating | Cooling |
| "3" : Silent mode 1 *1 | Valid | Invalid |
| "4" : Spare | | |
| "5" : Outdoor fan snow control input | Valid | Invalid |
| "6" : Test run external input 1 (SW5-1 equivalent) | Test run start | Normal |
| "7" : Test run external input (SW5-2 equivalent) | Cooling | Heating |
| "8" : Silent mode 2 *2 | Valid | Invalid |
| "9" : Demand input | *3 | *3 |
| "10" : AF periodic inspection display | Valid | Invalid |
| "11" : AF error display | Valid | Invalid |
| "12" : Building multi energy save control | Valid | Invalid |

*1 Valid/invalid is changed depending on outdoor temperatures.

*2 It is always Valid, regardless of outdoor temperature.

*3 According to the demand setting table.

External output function of CnZ1 can be changed by changing P06 on 7-segment indicator.

| |
|----------------------------|
| "0" : Operation output |
| "1" : Error output |
| "2" : Compressor ON output |
| "3" : Fan ON output |
| "4 - 9" : Spare |

*3 Demand setting table

| Demand control | Function assignment 1 | Function assignment 9 |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| None (Normal) | Shorted | Shorted |
| 1-step | Open | Shorted |
| 2-step | Open | Open |
| 3-step | Shorted | Open |

7-3. External input and output terminals specifications

| Name | Purpose (Factory default) | Specification | Operating side connector |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| External input CnS1 | External operation input (Closed at shipping) | Non-voltage contactor (DC12V) | J. S. T (NICHATSU) B02B-XAMK-1 (LF) (SN) |
| External input CnS2 | Demand input (Short-circuited at shipping) | Non-voltage contactor (DC12V) | J. S. T (NICHATSU) B02B-XARK-1 (LF) (SN) |
| External input CnG1 | Cooling / Heating forced input (Open at shipping) | Non-voltage contactor (DC12V) | J. S. T (NICHATSU) B02B-XAEK-1 (LF) (SN) |
| External input CnG2 | Silencing mode input (Open at shipping) | Non-voltage contactor (DC12V) | J. S. T (NICHATSU) B02B-XASK-1 (LF) (SN) |
| External output CnH | Operation output | DC12V output | MOLEX 5286-02A-BU |
| External output CnY | Error output | DC12V output | MOLEX 5266-02A |

8. TEST OPERATION AND TRANSFER

8-1. Before starting operation

- (1) **Make sure that a measurement between the power supply terminal block and ground, when measured with a 500V megger, is greater than 1 M Ω .**
When the unit is left for a long time with power OFF or just after the installation, there is possibility that the refrigerant is accumulated in the compressor and the insulation resistance between the contact terminals for power supply and grounding decreases to 1M Ω or around.
When the insulation resistance is 1M Ω or more, the insulation resistance will rise with crank case heater power ON for 6 hours or more because the refrigerant in the compressor is evaporated.
- (2) Please check the resistance of the signaling wire terminal block before power is turned on. If a resistance measurement is 100 Ω or less, it suggests a possibility that power cables are connected to the signaling wire terminal block. (Please refer to 6-3. Standard resistance value.)
- (3) **Be sure to turn on the crank case heater 6 hours before operation.**
- (4) **Make sure that the bottom of the compressor casing is warm.** (higher than outdoor temperature +5°C)
- (5) Be sure to fully open the service valves (liquid, gas and Equalizer oil piping (for a combined installation only)) for the outdoor unit.
Operating the outdoor unit with the valves closed may damage the compressor.
- (6) **Check that the power to all indoor units has been turned on. If not, water leakage may occur.**

CAUTION

Please make sure that the service valves (gas, liquid, oil equalizing pipe (for a combined installation only)) are full open before a test run. Conducting a test run with any of them in a closed position can result in a compressor failure.

8-2. Check operation

It is recommended to practice the check operation in precedent to the test run.

[Even if the check operation is not practiced, the test run and normal operations can be performed.]

For further details regarding the check operation refer to the technical data.

Important

- Practice the check operation after completing the address setting for the indoor and outdoor units and also after charging the refrigerant.
- To assure accurate checking, proper amount of refrigerant must be retained.
- Check operation cannot be done when the system is stopped by an error.
- Check operation cannot be done when the total capacity of connected indoor units is less than 80% of the outdoor unit capacity.
- Check operation cannot be done when the system communication method is previous SL.
- Don't perform the check operation simultaneously on more than one refrigerant line. Accurate checking cannot be obtained.
- Practice the check operation within the operation temperature ranges (Outdoor temperature: 0 – 43°C, room temperature: 10 – 32°C). Check operation will not start out of these ranges.
- Outdoor air processing unit cannot be checked. (It is possible to check indoor units other than the outdoor air processing unit of the same refrigerant line.)

(1) Check items

Check operation allows proving the following points.

- Whether or not the service valve is left open (Service valve open/close check). (In case of combination, however, all service valves need to be closed on master and slave units to obtain accurate judgment.)
- Whether or not the refrigerant pipes and signal cables are connected properly between indoor and outdoor units. (Mismatch check)
- Whether or not the indoor expansion valve operates properly. (Expansion valve failure check)

(2) Method of check operation

(a) Starting the check operation

- Confirm that all of the following switches are turned OFF: SW3-2 (Auto backup operation), SW3-6 (Pipe wash mode), SW3-7 (Forced cooling/heating mode), SW5-1 (Test run), SW5-2 (Test run cooling setting), SW5-3 (Pump-down operation) and SW5-6, -7, -8 (Capacity measurement mode). (In case of combination, on both main and slave units)
- At the next, turn the SW3-5 (Check operation) OFF → ON (only on master unit in case of combination) so that the check operation will start.
- It takes 15 – 30 minutes normally (max. 80 min) from the start to the end of check operation.

(b) End the check operation and the result display

- When the check operation is over, the system stops automatically. The 7-segment indicator shows the result (only on master unit in case of combination).

<Normal ending>

- 7-segment indicator shows "CHO End".
- Return the SW3-5 to OFF. The 7-segment indicator returns to normal display.

<Abnormal ending>

- 7-segment indicator shows an error alarm.
- Referring to the section [Inspect here], repair the faulty section and return the SW3-5 to OFF.
- At the next, repeat the check operation from the Step (2) above.

Display on 7-segment indicator during check operation

| Code indicator | Data indicator | Display contents |
|----------------|---------------------|---|
| H1 | Max. remaining time | Check operation preparation on. Indicates max. remaining time (min). (In case of combination, indicated on master unit only.) |
| H2 | Max. remaining time | Check operation on. Indicates max. remaining time (min). (In case of combination, indicated on master unit only.) |
| CHO | End | Normal ending of check operation. (In case of combination, indicated on master unit only.) |

Error display on 7-segment indicator after ending the check operation

| Code indicato | Data indicator | Display contents | Check following points |
|---------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| CHL | --- | Operation valve is closed. (Refrigerant circuit is shut off partially.) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isn't the service valve of outdoor unit left open? Is the low pressure sensor normal? (Detected pressure can be seen on the 7-segment indicator.) Is the connector of indoor unit expansion valve coil connected? Isn't the indoor unit expansion valve coil disconnected from the expansion valve body? Is the indoor unit heat exchanger sensor normal? (Check if the sensor is disconnected.) |
| CHU | Abnormal indoor unit No. | Mismatch between refrigerant pipes and signal cables. Refrigerant is not circulated to the indoor unit of which No. is displayed. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Are the refrigerant pipes and signal cables connected properly between the indoor and outdoor units? Is the connector of indoor unit expansion valve coil connected? Isn't the indoor unit expansion valve coil disconnected from the expansion valve body? Is the indoor unit heat exchanger sensor normal? (Check if the sensor is disconnected.) |
| CHJ | Abnormal indoor unit No. | Expansion valve on the indoor unit of which No. is displayed is not operating properly. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is the connector of indoor unit expansion valve coil connected? Isn't the indoor unit expansion valve coil disconnected from the expansion valve body? Is the indoor unit heat exchanger sensor normal? (Check if the sensor is disconnected.) |
| CHE | --- | Abnormal ending of check operation. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isn't any error displayed (E??) on the indoor unit or outdoor unit? Are signal cables connected without play? Hasn't the SW setting been changed during the check operation? |

※ When any error is detected, errors other than those listed above may be displayed. In such occasion, refer to the separate technical data.

8-3. Refrigerant quantity check

Refrigerant quantity check tells you whether the refrigerant quantity is excessive (over) or insufficient (low).

(Even if the check operation is not practiced, the test run and normal operation can be performed.)

For further details regarding the check operation refer to the technical data.

It must be noted that, during the check operation, the outdoor units and the indoor units are operated automatically.

Important

- Practice the refrigerant quantity check operation only after charging the measured quantity of additional refrigerant.
- It is necessary to add or reduce the refrigerant depending on the result of refrigerant quantity check. Even when it has been judged that proper quantity of refrigerant is retained, the result could become inadequate if the operating conditions are changed.
- It should be noted, therefore, that a result under particular conditions cannot cover all operating conditions.

(1) Guideline of accuracy

Guidelines of judgment on the refrigerant quantity are as shown below.

It should be noted that the result of judgment could vary depending on the conditions of judgment.

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Refrigerant quantity over | +10 kg (Single machine) +20 kg (Combination machine) |
| Low refrigerant quantity | 20% of the additional refrigerant quantity for piping (P) |

(2) Confirmation before implementing the refrigerant quantity check

Confirm on all of the followings before starting the refrigerant quantity check.

- Confirm that it has been completed all works up to "8-1 Before starting operation".
- Check operation cannot be done when the total capacity of connected indoor units is less than 80% of the outdoor unit capacity.
- Check operation cannot be done when the system communication method is that of previous SL.
- Check operation cannot be done when the system is stopped by an error.
- Practice the check operation within applicable operation temperature range (Outdoor temperature: 10 - 43°C, room temperature: 15 - 32°C). Check operation will not start out of these ranges.
- Start the check operation only at 5 minutes after stopping all indoor units.

(3) Method of refrigerant quantity check operation**(a) Starting the refrigerant quantity check operation**

- Confirm that all of the following switches are turned OFF; SW3-2 (Auto backup operation), SW3-6 (Pipe wash mode), SW3-7 (Forced cooling/heating mode), SW5-1 (Test run), SW5-2 (Test run cooling setting), SW5-3 (Pump-down operation) and SW5-6, 7, 8 (Capacity measurement mode). (In case of combination, on both master/slave units)
- At the next, turn the SW3-4 (Refrigerant quantity check operation) OFF → ON (only on master unit in case of combination) so that the check operation will start.
- It takes 60 ~ 75 minutes normally from the start to the end of check operation.

(b) End of refrigerant quantity check operation and result display

- When the check operation is over, the system stops automatically, and the result is displayed on the 7-segment indicator. (Only on master unit in case of combination)

< Normal ending >

- 7-segment indicator shows "Co End".
- Return the SW3-4 to OFF. 7-segment indicator returns to normal display.

< Abnormal ending >

- 7-segment indicator shows an error alarm.
- Repair the faulty section referring to the guidance, and return the SW3-4 to OFF.
- At the next, repeat the check operation from the Step (2) above.

(4) After the refrigerant quantity check operation

Following codes may be displayed at the end of check operation, other than "Co End".

Check and take action according to the contents of remedy. And then, repeat the check operation.

Display on 7-segment indicator after the check operation (Displayed on master unit only in case of combination.)

| Code indicator | Data indicator | Meaning | Remedy |
|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Co | Hi | Refrigerant quantity over | ① Too much refrigerant is charged. Reduce the quantity. < Guidelines of reduction > • Single machine:10 kg • Combination machine:20 kg Make sure to recover the refrigerant from the check joint of liquid pipe service valve using the refrigerant recovery device. |
| Co | Lo | Low refrigerant quantity | ① Refrigerant quantity is insufficient. Recharge the refrigerant. < Guideline of recharge > • 20% of the additional refrigerant quantity for piping* (Upper limit: 5 kg) Recharge the refrigerant in the liquid state from the check joint of low pressure line. Make sure to measure the quantity before recharging. |
| Co | H_L | Couldn't judge. | It cannot judge (a state that it cannot judge properly). State of refrigerant might have been unstable during the check operation due to influence of wind, temperature change, etc. ① Check the expansion valve of indoor unit (disconnected coil, disconnected connector or faulty expansion valve). ② Implement at a later date by changing the conditions. |
| Co | --- | Judgment was interrupted. | Check the following points. ① Haven't you changed the setting of dip switches after the start? Return them to original setting. ② Is any error code (E??) displayed? If Yes, refer to the troubleshooting section in the technical data. |
| Co | HE | Starting conditions are not met. | Starting conditions are not met so that it cannot start the check operation. Refer to "(2) Confirmation before implementing the refrigerant quantity check". |

※ "Additional refrigerant quantity for piping" means the value of "Additional refrigerant quantity for piping (P)+(I)" in the Section 4-4 Additional refrigerant charge.

Other errors than above may also be displayed if errors are detected. In such occasion, inspect by referring to the separate technical data.

8-4. Test operation

(1) Test run from an outdoor unit.

Whether external inputs are set to ON or OFF, you can start a test run by using the SW5-1 and SW5-2 switches provided on the outdoor unit board.

Select the test run mode first.

Please set SW5-2 to ON for a cooling test run or OFF for a heating test run. (It is set to OFF at the factory for shipment)

Turning SW5-1 from OFF to ON next will cause all connected indoor units to start.

When a test run is completed, please set SW5-1 to OFF.

Note: During a test run, an indoor unit cannot be operated from the remote control unit (to change settings). ("Under centralized control" is indicated)

(2) Method of starting a test run for a cooling operation from an outdoor unit: please operate a remote control unit according to the following steps.

(a) Start of a cooling test run

○ Operate the unit by pressing the **[START/STOP]** button.

○ Select the "COOLING" mode with the **[MODE]** button.

○ Press the **[TEST RUN]** button for 3 seconds or longer.

The screen display will be switched from "Select with ITEM◆" → "Determine with **[SET]**" → "Cooling test run▼."

○ When the **[SET]** button is pressed while "Cooling test run▼" is displayed, a cooling test run will start. The screen display will be switched to "COOLING TEST RUN."

(b) Termination of a cooling test run

○ When the **[START/STOP]** button or the "TEMP SET **[▽]****[△]**" button is pressed, a cooling test run will be terminated.

Notes : for engineers undertaking piping or electrical installation work

When a test run is completed, please make sure again that the electrical component box cover and the main body panel have been attached before you turn the unit over to the customer.

8-5. TRANSFER

○ Use the instruction manual that came with the outdoor unit to explain the operation method to the customer.

Please ask the customer to keep this installation manual together with the operation manual of his indoor units.

○ Instruct the customer that the power should not be turned off even if the unit is not to be used for a long time. This will enable operation of the air conditioner any time. (Since the compressor bottom is warmed by the crank case heater, seasonal compressor trouble can be prevented.)

9. CAUTIONS FOR SERVICING (for R410A and compatible machines)

(1) To avoid mixing of different types of oil, use separate tools for each type of refrigerant.

(2) To avoid moisture from being absorbed by the refrigerant oil, the time for when the refrigerant circuit is open should be kept as short as possible. (Within 10 min. is ideal.)

(3) For other piping work, airtightness testing, vacuuming, and refrigerant charging, refer to section 3, Refrigerant piping.

(4) Diagnostic Inspection Procedures

For the meanings of failure diagnosis messages, please refer to the nameplate provided on the unit (on the back of the control lid)

(5) 7-segment LED indication

Data are indicated when so chosen with the indication selector switch. For the details of indication, please refer to the cable name plate attached on the unit. (On the face of the control lid)

(6) Internal wiring

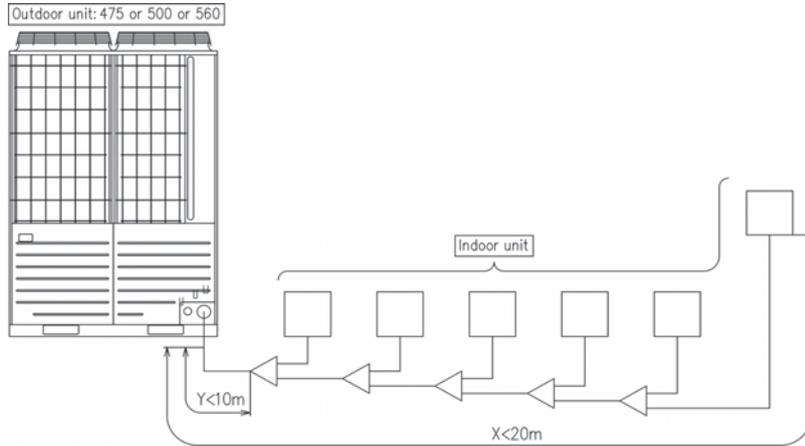
After maintenance, all wiring, wiring ties and the like, should be returned to their original state and wiring route, and the necessary clearance from all metal parts should be secured.

■ Refrigerant charge quantity calculation notes in case outdoor unit capacity is 475,500 and 560*.

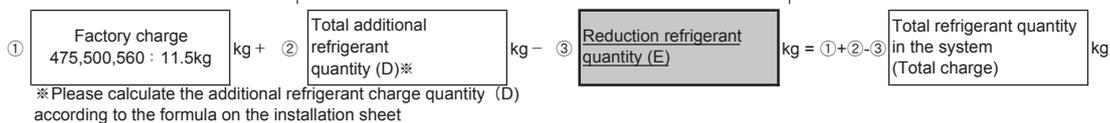
※The combination unit is not applicable

● In case when the outdoor unit capacity is 475~560 and the pipe length (X,Y) is in the following conditions, please calculate the reduction refrigerant quantity (E).

- X < 20m and Y < 10m. (X : The length from the outdoor unit to the furthest indoor unit. Y : Main pipe length.)



(2)-(3) : Additional charge in this case



● The calculation of Reduction refrigerant quantity (E)

• If total indoor units capacity is less than outdoor unit capacity, reduction refrigerant quantity (E) is 2kg.

Outdoor unit capacity > Total indoor units capacity (E)=2kg

• If total indoor units capacity is same or larger than outdoor unit capacity, reduction refrigerant quantity (E) is the connecting number of indoor units of refrigerant reduction × 0.5 (kg).

Outdoor unit capacity ≤ Total indoor units capacity (E)=Connecting number of indoor units of refrigerant reduction × 0.5 (kg)

• Indoor units list of the refrigerant reduction

- FDT140 , FDTW140 , FDU140 , FDUM140 , FDT160 , FDU160 , FDUM160 , FDU90

< Example >

X = 19m (< 20m)

Y = 9m (< 10m)

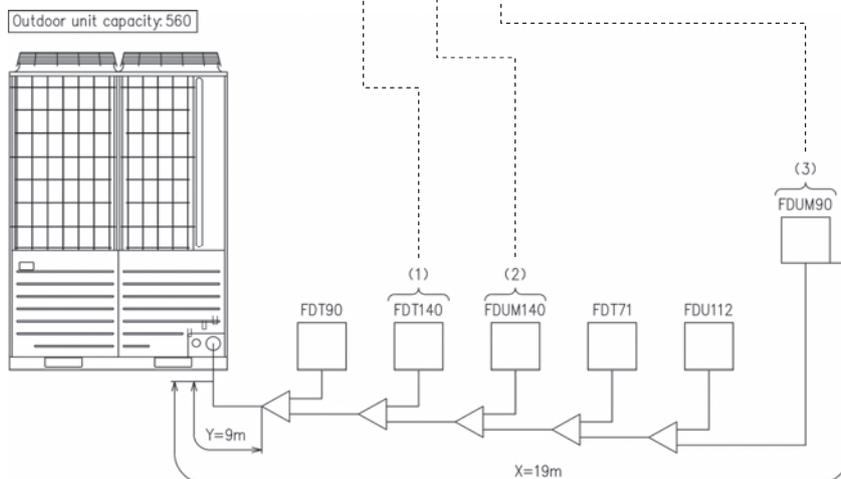
Outdoor unit capacity = 560

Total indoor units capacity = 643 (= FDT90 + FDT140 + FDUM140 + FDT71 + FDU112 + FDUM90)

The number of indoor units of the refrigerant reduction = 3 units (FDT140, FDUM140, FDUM90 : 3 units)

(E) = 3 × 0.5 = 1.5(kg)

Outdoor unit capacity: 560 ≤ Total indoor units capacity: 643



PCB011H021

5.2 Instructions for installing the branch pipe set

PSB012D855D

- ⊙ This manual describes the specifications of branching pipe set and header set installation. For outdoor unit installation and indoor unit installation, please refer to the respective installation manuals supplied with your outdoor unit and indoor unit.
- ⊙ Before you set about installation work, please read this manual carefully so that you can carry out installation work according to the instructions contained herein.
- Please read the safety instructions contained in the installation manual supplied with your outdoor unit carefully and carry out installation work unerringly.
- When installation work is completed, conduct a test run to check the installation for any anomaly. Please also give the customer necessary instructions as to the operation and maintenance of the unit pursuant to the instruction manual (supplied with the indoor unit).
- Please ask the customer to keep the installation manual on the customer's part together with the instruction manual.

PARTS LIST

| Branching pipe set type | | Gas side | Liquid side | Different diameter pipe joint |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---|---|-------------------------------|
| Branching pipe set | DIS-22-1G | | | None |
| | DIS-180-1G | | | |
| | DIS-371-1G | | | |
| | DIS-540-3 | | | |
| Outdoor unit's branching pipe set | DOS-2A-3 | | | |
| | DOS-3A-3 | <p>Branch pipe 1</p> <p>Branch pipe 2</p> | <p>Branch pipe 1</p> <p>Branch pipe 2</p> | |

| Branching pipe set type | Gas side | Liquid side | Different diameter pipe joint |
|-------------------------|----------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| HEAD4-22-1G | | | None |
| HEAD6-180-1G | | | |
| HEAD8-371-2 | | | |
| HEAD8-540-3 | | | |

INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

1. Please select an appropriate branching pipe set model and a pipe size by consulting with the installation manual of the indoor unit or other relevant technical documents.

Attention

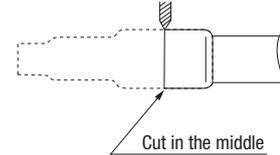
- Use a pipe conforming to a pipe size specified for indoor unit connection for the section between an indoor unit and a branching pipe.
- Use a pipe conforming to a pipe size specified for outdoor unit connection for the section between an outdoor branching pipe and an outdoor unit.

2. Cut a branching pipe set or a different diameter joint with a pipe cutter to make it fit for a selected pipe size before application.

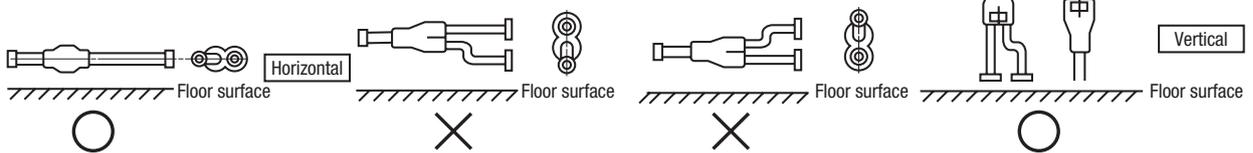
Attention

- In cutting pipes, always use a pipe cutter. Remove burrs from a cut end when you cut a pipe. In doing so, keep a cut end downward so that no chips or burrs may enter the pipe.
- Take utmost care so that no foreign matter such as dust or water may enter piping during installation work.
 - Please cover all the open ends of piping until installation work is completed. Particularly, any openings in the section of piping laid outdoors should be sealed stringently.
 - As long as possible, avoid open ends left facing upward. Make them face either horizontally or downward.
- A branching joint (for both gas and liquid) must always be positioned in such a way that it branches either horizontally or vertically.

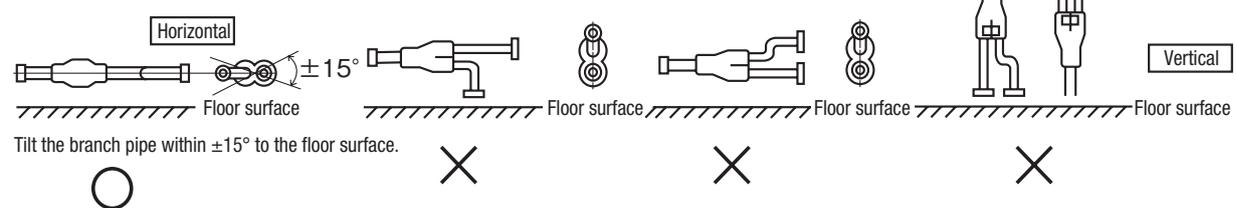
Use pipe cutter to cut pipes.



• In the case of a branching pipe set (model type DIS)

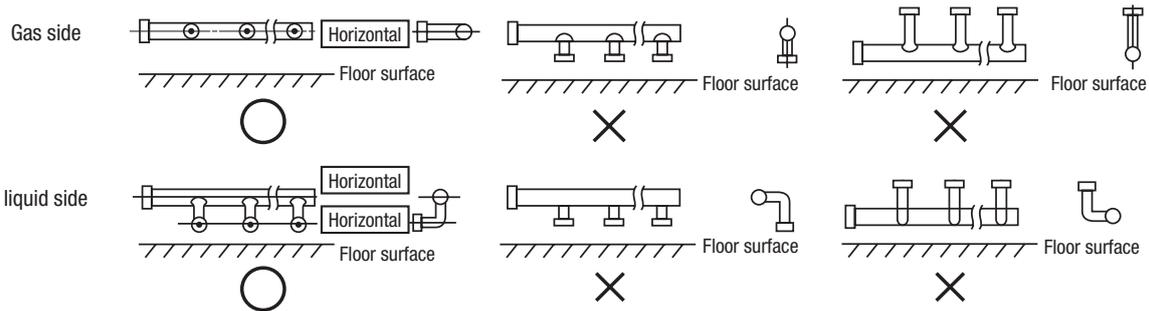


• In the case of an outdoor unit's branching pipe set (model type DOS)

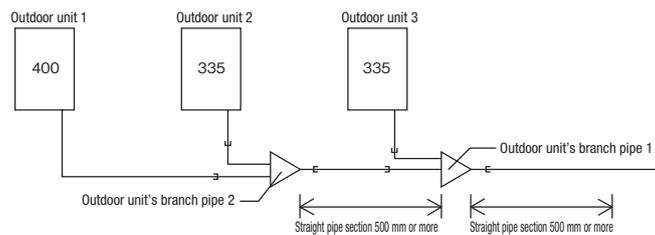


Tilt the branch pipe within $\pm 15^\circ$ to the floor surface.

• In the case of a header set (model type HEAD)



④ When using the outdoor unit's branch pipe set, make sure to secure a straight section of 500 mm or more for both the gas and liquid pipes before branching them.



⑤ Always apply nitrogen gas when soldering joints. If nitrogen gas is not applied, a large amount of film oxide will be formed which could lead to a critical failure in the unit. Use caution to prevent moisture or any foreign matters from entering the pipe when connecting pipe ends.

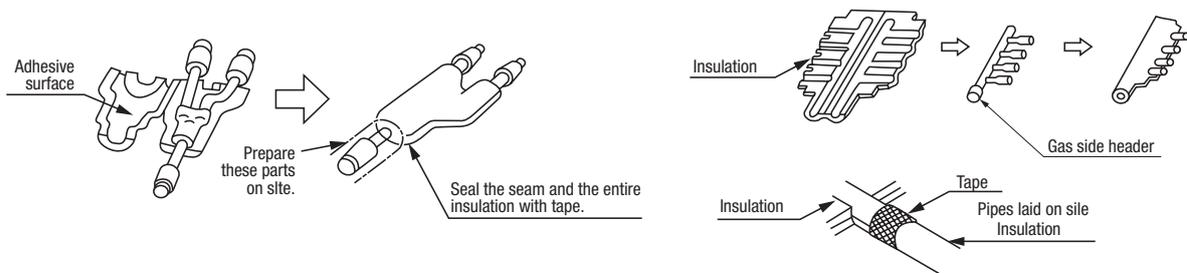
For the method of air tightness testing and pulling air, please refer to the installation manual of the outdoor unit.

⑥ Do not leave piping with any open ends uncovered to prevent water or foreign matters from entering inside.

3. Please dress it with an attached insulation sheet for heat insulation. (Please dress both liquid and gas sides)

Attention

- ① Apply an attached insulation sheet along a pipe, tape the joining line with a joint tape (to be procured on the installer's part) for complete sealing, and wrap the pipe and insulation sheet entirely with a tape.
- ② Dress both liquid and gas pipes with attached insulation sheets for heat insulation.
- ③ Ensure that the liquid pipe is given the heat insulation as good as that of the gas pipe. The absence of heat insulation can cause dripping water from dew condensing on the pipe or performance degradation.



4. How to select a branching pipe

(1) Method to select a branch pipe set (Type DIS)

- An appropriate branching pipe size varies depending on the capacity of connected indoor units (combined total capacity connected downstream), so please choose from the table below.
- In the case of a 140/160 (5/6HP) outdoor unit, however, select DIS-22-1G. (Even if the capacity of connected indoor units reaches 180 or higher, select DIS-22-1G.)

| Total capacity downstream | Branching pipe set model type |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| less than 180 | DIS-22-1G |
| 180 or higher – less than 371 | DIS-180-1G |
| 371 or higher – less than 540 | DIS-371-1G |
| 540 or more | DIS-540-3 |

Attention

- ① Use a pipe conforming to a pipe size specified for indoor unit connection for the section between an indoor unit and an indoor unit side branching pipe.
- ② A branching joint (for both gas and liquid) must always be positioned in such a way that it branches either horizontally or vertically.

(2) How to select a header set

- Depending on the number of units connected, connect plugged pipes (to be procured on the installer's part) at a branching point (on the indoor unit connection side).
- For the size of a plugged pipe, please refer to the documentation for a header set (optional part).
- In the case of a 140/160 (5/6HP) outdoor unit, however, select HEAD4-22-1G. (Even if the capacity of connected indoor units reaches 180 or higher, select HEAD4-22-1G.)

| Total capacity downstream | Header set model type | Number of branches |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| less than 180 | HEAD4-22-1G | Up to 4 branches |
| 180 or higher – less than 371 | HEAD6-180-1G | Up to 6 branches |
| 371 or higher – less than 540 | HEAD8-371-2 | Up to 8 branches |
| 540 or more | HEAD8-540-3 | Up to 8 branches |

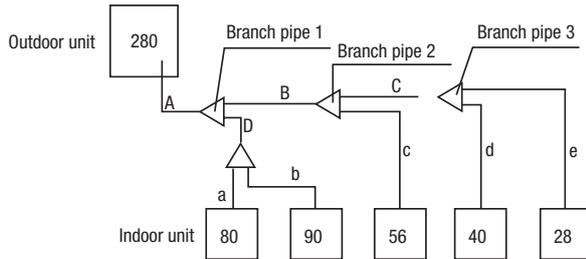
Attention

- ① Use a pipe conforming to a pipe size specified for indoor unit connection for the section between a header and an indoor unit.
- ② Always position a header (both gas and liquid headers) in such a way that it branches horizontally.
- ③ No 224 or 280 indoor unit is connectable to a header.

5. Example of piping

Example 1: Branching type configuration

Connected capacity: 294

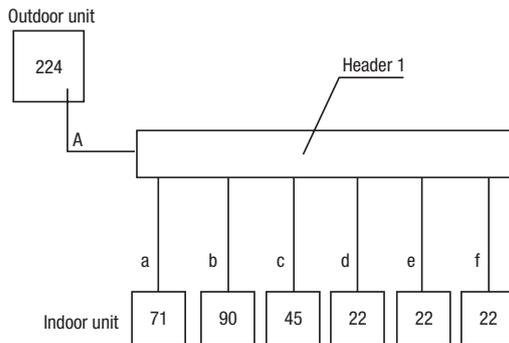


Selection of a branching pipe set

| Mark | Selection procedure | Branching pipe set |
|---------------|--|--------------------|
| Branch pipe 1 | Combined total capacity of indoor units connected downstream (80+90+56+40+28)=294 | DIS-180-1G |
| Branch pipe 2 | Combined total capacity of indoor units connected downstream (56+40+28)=124 | DIS-22-1G |
| Branch pipe 3 | Combined total capacity of indoor units connected downstream (40+28)=68 | DIS-22-1G |

Example 2: Header type configuration

Connected capacity: 272

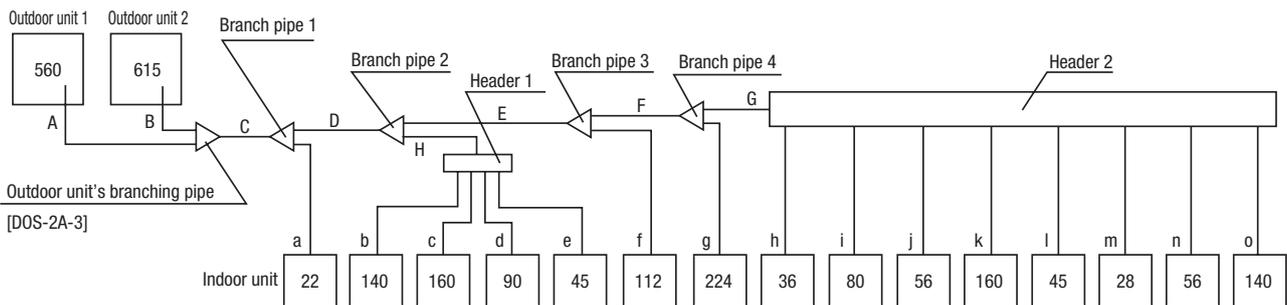


Selection of a header set

| Mark | Selection procedure | Header set |
|----------|---|--------------|
| Header 1 | Combined total capacity of indoor units connected downstream (71+90+45+22+22+22)=272 | HEAD6-180-1G |

Example 3: Branching + Header mixed type configuration

Connected capacity: 1394



Selection of a branching pipe set

| Mark | Selection procedure | Branching pipe set |
|---------------|---|--------------------|
| Branch pipe 1 | Combined total capacity of indoor units connected downstream (22+140+160+90+45+112+224+36+80+56+160+45+28+56+140)=1394 | DIS-540-3 |
| Branch pipe 2 | Combined total capacity of indoor units connected downstream (140+160+90+45+112+224+36+80+56+160+45+28+56+140)=1372 | DIS-540-3 |
| Branch pipe 3 | Combined total capacity of indoor units connected downstream (112+224+36+80+56+160+45+28+56+140)=937 | DIS-540-3 |
| Branch pipe 4 | Combined total capacity of indoor units connected downstream (224+36+80+56+160+45+28+56+140)=825 | DIS-540-3 |

Selection of a header set

| Mark | Selection procedure | Header set |
|----------|---|-------------|
| Header 1 | Combined total capacity of indoor units connected downstream (140+160+90+45)=435 | HEAD8-371-2 |
| Header 2 | Combined total capacity of indoor units connected downstream (36+80+56+160+45+28+56+140)=601 | HEAD8-540-3 |

5.3 Procedure to attach or remove the front panel

(1) Purpose

- Easier to find the holes to fit the screws
- Improves serviceability

(2) Point of change

- Holes of the pancele are bigger ($\phi 7$ (KX6) \rightarrow $\phi 8$ (KXZ))
- Hooks have been added

(3) Assembly and removal of front panel

- Removal

(a) Left front panel:

- ① Slide the front panel upward by approx. 10 mm to release claws.
- ② When the claws are released, pull the front panel to this side to remove.

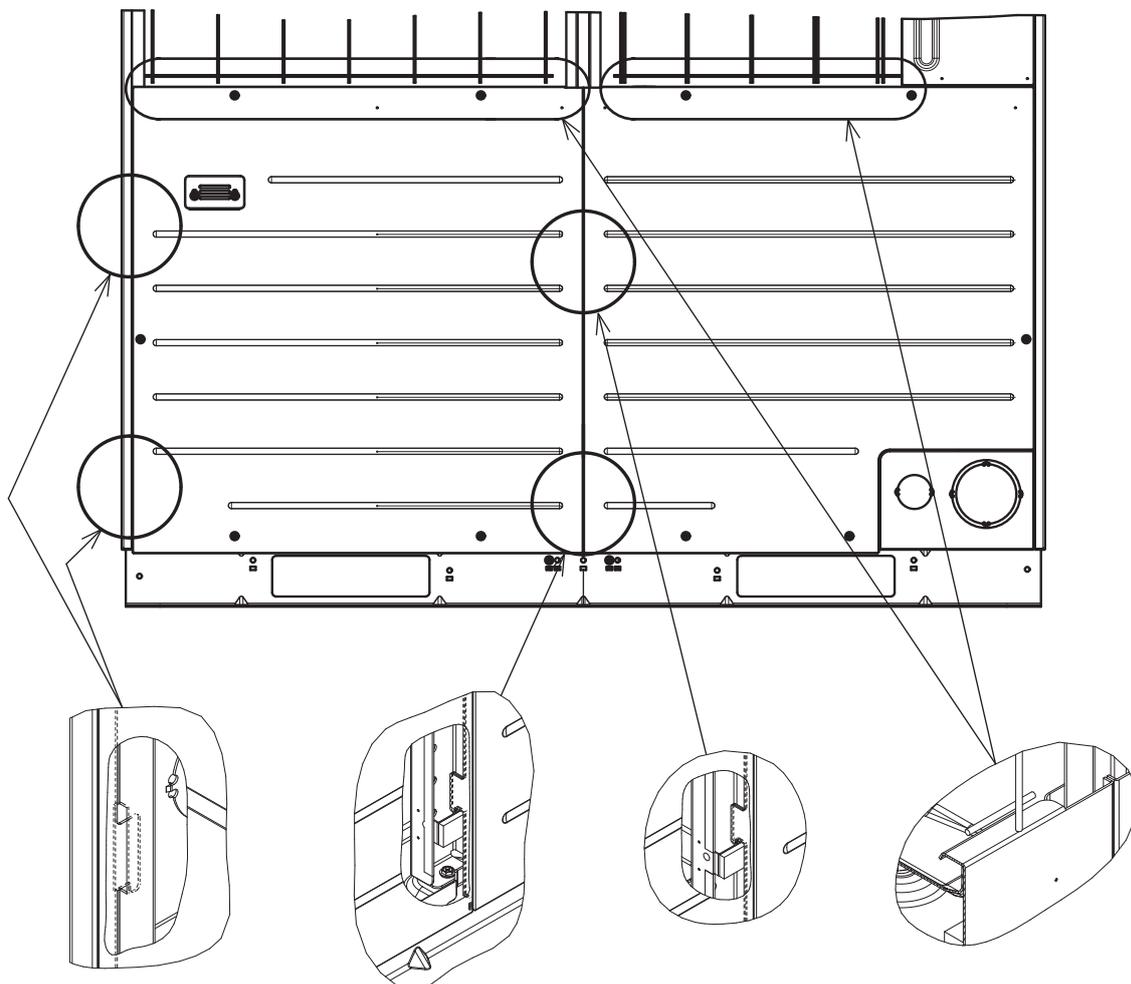
(b) Right front panel:

- ① Tilt at first the top of right front panel to this side in order to avoid interference with the front panel (Upper) which is installed at the top.
- ② In this condition, slide the front panel upward by approx. 10 mm to release claws.
- ③ When the claws are released, pull the front panel to this side to remove.

- Assembly

Assemble in the reverse order of removal.

(4) Location of claws on front panel



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